THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXIX. NO. 59. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

WORKING GIRLS

To Be Provided in a New Home

ON LAND PURCHASED BY ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.

Fine Buildings to Replace a Hideous Rookery.

A movement has been started by the priests of St. Patrick's parish and zealously taken up by the parishioners which will stand for all time as a monument to their charity and philanthropy, and it is the establishment of a home for working girls and old ladies.

Lowell has no working girls' home though the need for one has been apparent for years.

In textile cities young girls arrive in search of work in the mills and in a majority of cases are unchaperoned and without friends. Work cannot be obtained in a day and at night fall they have no place to go except to a hotel. Oftimes they are led to bad company and subsequently to an evil life. To prevent any such deplorable results, the priests of St. Patrick's have purchased land for a home for such women and for the many poor old women of this city who are left in their declining years without a friend to turn for a home.

The land purchased includes the well known Moran's yard on Cross street and the buildings in it which will make ample space for the erection of a fine, commodious building.

As Fr. Burke truly said, the very fact that the place had been purchased and the buildings are to be removed ought to be gratifying to the parishioners, for the people of the parish often on their way to and from church have seen and heard sights and sounds in that yard that were anything but edifying. Work on the building will be begun in the near future and no time will be lost in getting it completed.

But this is not the only remarkable improvement to be made at St. Patrick's for another and almost equally important has been started by the purchase of land and buildings on Fenwick street in the rear of St. Patrick's Boy's school for a playground for the pupils of the school. The school has grown rapidly under the careful supervision of the Xaverian brothers and the present yard is much too small for the boys who use it. The buildings on Fenwick street will be razed to the ground and the land put in condition for the best kind of a playground.

A PECULIAR CHARGE.

A Man Arrested For Bringing Liquor to a Prisoner in Police Station.

John Foley pleaded not guilty to the charge of having in his possession a half pint of whiskey within the precincts of the police station for the purpose of giving it to a prisoner, one Timothy Foley without the order of a physician.

It was the first case of its kind to be remembered in the police court and the penalty attached to it is severe. It is punishable by a fine not more than $50 or a sentence of not more than two months.

Foley bought the liquor yesterday from a man in Market street and took it down in his brother's coat sending it into the cell.

He said he has only been in the country since Christmas and was in ignorance of the law.

The court informed Foley that ignorance of the law is no excuse but under the circumstances a light fine, $6 was imposed.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Ellen Henry of Fulton street, has been suffering from a severe cold.

DEATHS.

PHILIPS—Agnes J. Phelps, aged 43 years, died Saturday evening at her home, 78 West Sixth street.

GRANT—Alexander Grant, aged 78 years, died Saturday at his home, 150 West Sixth street.

Big Money.

We save you big money on sugar, we can save you bigger money on tea and coffee. Patronize us and see. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 88 Merrimack street.

J. F. O'DONNELL,
Practical Undertaker

Always on time. Out-of-Town Orders promptly attended to. Telephone 439-3.
324 Market Street, cor. Worthen

FOR FLOWERS
GO TO
PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS
293 CENTRAL STREET.

WOOD TO BURN. Get in your stock of Wood for the Winter. We have all kinds. Hard wood, soft wood, mill kindling and slabs Edward Cogger & Co., 155 Church and 23 Concord streets.

FIRST C. CHURCH

Rev. Mr. Kenngott Holds the Fort.

THE LESSEES' PULPIT SUPPLY ALSO PRESENT.

Forcible Sermon Touching on the Trouble.

Under the existing circumstances Rev. Mr. Kenngott the sincere, capable, but apparently unappreciated pastor of the First Congregational church could not have selected a more appropriate theme for a Sunday discourse than that which he was pleased to term lessons from the life of Paul, Saul of Tarous, which could not be mistaken; in fact he furnished food for reflection for not only the twelve apostles but the entire church.

Rev. Mr. Kenngott preached and the twelve apostles were again thwarted.

It was a significant defeat for the lessees and their preacher, the Rev. Mr. Ross, of Cambridge, "announced" it gracefully though to the more sanguine of the anti-Kenngott faction, the announcement, perhaps, was not received as meaning such.

As was expected the interest in the affair and the sensational circumstances attending attracted a large congregation to the pretty church, many ladies being there, notwithstanding the storm.

As each arrived the information was heard that Rev. Mr. Kenngott was going to preach after all, and many not religiously inclined, consequently did not go inside.

At the usual hour the sermon began with scripture reading by Rev. Mr. Ross, followed by the usual services.

When the time to make the announcements arrived, there was an impressive silence and Rev. Mr. Kenngott arose and gave out the customary announcements. His conclusion was decidedly interesting, for he said:

"Rev. Mr. Ross will preach this evening and he has an announcement to make."

Then Rev. Mr. Ross addressed the congregation saying that he had been invited to be present by the lessees of the church and in accordance with that invitation he was present.

The lessees had done as much as they had agreed to with him and when he would speak had been determined after his arrival. He wanted it understood that he was not a partisan and were he invited as such he would not have accepted the invitation.

He was recognized by the officials and treated with christian kindness and was thankful to the members of the church for their treatment of him.

Rev. Mr. Ross having finished Rev. Mr. Kenngott took the rostrum and the victory was won.

He announced that he would draw lessons from Paul and he did so with a significance which was highly appreciated by his friends. If irreverence be pardoned, the lessons "knocked" the anti-Kenngott faction, for some of them fitted their case astonishingly well.

The speaker represented Saul as having persecuted Christians while believing that he was carrying out the work of God; afterward having heard the Word in Damascus he preached the true faith. Then Rev. Mr. Kenngott lead his hearers through the review of Paul's great work and drew the first lesson in which he exhorted his auditors to work for the greater power of the church and not against it. Continuing in a similar strain he drew lessons from Paul's epistles to the Colossians.

After the morning services Rev. Mr. Kenngott attended his Sunday school class and was warmly received by his friends.

Rev. Mr. Ross preached in the evening as per agreement.

It is said that papers in an action for trespass will be served on Mr. Kenngott this week. This will test the legality of the lease.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

CARPENTER—The funeral of Captain William L. Carpenter late of the navy yard watch in Charlestown, took place Saturday at his residence, 40 Monument avenue. The body was brought to this city for interment.

HARRIGAN—The funeral of the late Thomas Harrigan took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence, 10 Linden street, and was very largely attended.

The remains were removed to St. Peter's church where service was held, Rev. Fr. McManus officiating. The singing was by a male quartet. At the conclusion of the service the funeral cortege was formed and proceeded to the Catholic cemetery where the interment took place.

The pall bearers were Messrs. James P. Sheridan, John Harrigan, Edward O'Connell, James O'Donnell, John E. Sullivan and John J. Green.

The ushers at the house and the church were John F. Conners, John H. Riordan and Thomas H. Murphy.

SWIFT—The funeral of Mary A. Swift took place Saturday afternoon from her home in the Dracut Navy Yard. It was very largely attended and interment was in the Catholic cemetery. Rev. Fr. Scannell officiated at the grave.

MURRAY—The funeral of Mary A. Murray occurred Saturday afternoon from her late home on Salem street. There was a very large attendance of relatives and friends of the deceased. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery where Rev. Fr. Gleason conducted service.

McEVOY—The funeral of John McEvoy was held yesterday afternoon from his late home on Jewett street.

The pall bearers were Messrs. Patrick O'Brien, Thomas Fox, Edward Mitchell and Patrick Brown. At the grave in the Catholic cemetery, Rev. Fr. Scannell officiated.

HYDE—Charles Hall Hyde was buried this afternoon from Undertaker Molloy's warerooms. Rev. Dr. Chambre officiated and burial was in the Edson cemetery.

POLICE COURT.

Hadley, J.

There were 27 drunks in this morning and only one was sentenced, she was the redoubtable Mary Stuart of the "Bowery" of Centralville, and she got 6 months at the state farm.

IRISH NATIONAL ALLIANCE

HELD ITS INITIAL BUSINESS MEETING YESTERDAY.

Addition of Membership and Remarks by Talented Speakers.

The local branch of the Irish National Alliance held its second meeting in Hibernian hall and proved that the movement which it has undertaken has many sympathizers in this city.

The attendance was not as great as at the first meeting but still there were many present and a number of new members were admitted.

President Lyons called to order at three o'clock and routine business was taken up after Pres. Lyons had made opening remarks referring to the meeting held in Lawrence last evening. He suggested the election of a vice president and financial secretary and the adoption of by-laws.

A committee consisting of Messrs. A. F. Roach, J. Ryan and Michael J. Finnegan was appointed to negotiate with the Central council of the Hibernians for the hall and later in the meeting reported that they could engage it for the first Friday and third Sunday in each month. Henceforth these will be the regular meeting days.

The committee appointed to draw up by-laws consisted of the chairman and Messrs. Stephen, Doyle, P. J. O'Brien, James Greeley and Mr. Hannafin. They will meet this evening.

An invitation to send seven delegates to the St. Patrick's day convention was accepted and the committee appointed as follows: The chairman, Messrs. Crowley, Cryan, Hannon, Balfrey, Brassell and Roche.

Remarks were then called for and Mr. Flynn of Boston was introduced. He urged all to exert individual influence towards increasing the membership roll. Let there be no Irish partisan, for partisanship and sectarianism are not tolerated in our order. Respect every man's opinion though it differs from yours. It is necessary that we have a united organization for the spirit of West Britainism has spread across the ocean and its evil influence is being exerted in an insidious attempt to proscribe us. Having been in Ireland I think an opportunity is near at hand and we should be ready when it comes.

Remarks were also made by President Lyons, Michael Bruin, P. J. O'Brien, Michael Cryan, Michael Finnegan and others.

After the speaking the matter of holding a social affair in St. Patrick's day was discussed and the committee to take the matter in charge will be President Lyons, P. J. O'Brien, James Greeley, M. F. Lyons, Andrew F. Roche, Michael Fihnegan, Michael Bruin, Michael Cryan, John H. Reardan, Stephen Doyle and Patrick Fitzgerald. The meeting of the committee will be held next Sunday.

It was voted to make the last meeting in March the time limit for charter membership. The meeting then adjourned.

LOCAL NOTES.

Dance orders for Valentine parties at THE SUN office.

The cooks and bakers of Lowell will have an assembly in Associate hall this evening.

Mr. Edward Garner, overseer of the yard on the Hamilton, has returned from a trip to the Holy Land and is looking well though he dropped 35 pounds.

The proceeds of the ball of Canton Pawtucket, Patriarchs Militant, I. O. O. F., Feb. 26, will be devoted to paying the expenses of the visit to Brockton in April, when all the cantons of the state will be assembled.

At the high mass yesterday morning in St. Michael's church the choir rendered Mozart's seventh mass. The choir was assisted by Mr. John A. Stanhope cornetist and Oswald T. Bamber, violinist at the morning service.

Two Fires.

An alarm from box 13, Saturday evening, was occasioned by a slight blaze in a house on John street. No damage.

A telephone alarm at 10.30 last night called the Palmer street men to Henry Ayotte's barber shop, 99 Market street, where fire had started in a heap of rubbish. Damage insignificant.

Meeting in Lawrence.

A large number of Lowell people attended the public meeting of the Irish National Alliance at Lawrence last night. Among the speakers was Philip J. Farley, Esq., of this city and another was a clergyman from Donegal, Ire.

Fell and Broke Her Leg.

Annie Cornock who lives at 185 Liberty street slipped and fell in Coral street yesterday afternoon. She broke a leg. The ambulance took her to St. John's hospital.

Ice Breaking Up.

The ice has broken up above the falls as far as the bend of the river and Saturday afternoon it floated down filling the river with the cakes and small pieces.

Change of Location.

Loupret, the photographer, is now with Lampron, 29 Central street.

Rich Red

Blood is absolutely essential to health. It is secured easily and naturally by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, but is impossible to get it from so-called "nerve tonics," and opiate compounds, absurdly advertised as "blood purifiers." They have temporary, sleeping effect, but do not CURE. To have pure

Blood

And good health, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has first, last, and all the time, been advertised as just what it is—the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Its success in curing Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration and That Tired Feeling, have made

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

MAGGIE CARROLL

Believed to Have a Romantic History.

SAID TO BE AN EX-MAYOR'S DAUGHTER.

Now Arrested For Stealing a Watch.

On Saturday morning Inspectors Laflamme and Allen arrested pretty Maggie Carroll, aged 19, of 318 Bridge street, for larceny of a watch from her landlady, Ida E. Foye.

In conversation with the officers later, the young woman said that her father is Mr. Mac Connell, a wealthy lumberman of Atlanta, Ga., who is an ex-mayor of the city.

He sent her to a seminary at East Pennacook, N. H., but tiring of that place she went to St. Joseph's academy at Suncook, N. H., and after that went to work as a pastry cook at the Manchester house at Manchester, N. H.

While there she met and married George Carroll whom she knew at her birthplace, Stackford Hollow, Can. They were married by Rev. Fr. Barry at West Concord, N. H. After their marriage they came to Lowell and her husband worked in a mill until he became sick and died in the corporation hospital two months ago.

Matron Wallace says that the girl acts and speaks like a well bred woman She asked her why she did not write to her father but received no answer.

A young man named Carroll died at the corporation hospital in December.

LECTURED ON TRUSTS.

Interesting Address to B. D. O'Connell, Esq.

Bernard D. O'Connell, Esq., lectured before the Reform club last evening on the subject: "The new coal trust." Mr. O'Connell told of the threatened advance of 20 cents a ton in coal, and said that the effects of all trusts is to lay excessive burdens on the people. He thought it was time for the people to rise in their might and strike down the trusts which are endangering their liberty.

A CRIPPLE CROOK

Giving Trouble to State Authorities Hereabouts.

George Hoitt, a cripple has been giving the authorities of this state and New Hampshire some trouble.

On Thursday last he applied for aid in Nashua, having gone there from Lowell. He said he had come from the Tewksbury almshouse and the Nashua authorities sent him back.

The superintendent of the almshouse says that Hoitt came there from Needham with his feet frozen. He said he had come from Nashua originally.

CHOIR ROSSINI

Holds a Successful Concert in Aid of Garin Fund.

A large audience enjoyed the grand concert given in Huntington, last evening, by the Choir Rossini, in aid of the Garin memorial fund.

An excellent program was offered which opened by the chorus in charge of Philias David, Jr. Alfred De Seve, the famous violinist, and Bowen R. Church of Reeve's American band, the well known cornetist, rendered solos in their usual masterly manner. The solos of Thomas Clifford, Miss Eugenie Lambert, Miss E. M. Becker, and Mr. Michel were all well received. The program was a treat and the affair besides was a financial success.

THE CHRISTIAN LAMP

Is Now in Litigation—Which Shall Have It—O'Connell and Cowley Contending Again.

In the amenities now being indulged by some of our christian churches is a suit for recovery of a lamp which the parishioners of the French Protestant church lent to the Berean Primitive Methodist church.

Both claim ownership and the Berean hold possession, hence legal proceedings.

Legal proceedings, aye, more than that, if the report be true, for the plaintiffs, it is said, have engaged B. B. O'Connell, Esq., while the defendants have retained Chas. Cowley, Esq.

To Assist Fallen Women.

An application for incorporation under the name of the Sheltering Arms has been filed at the state house by the following Lowell people:

Sarah I. Lyman, Lucy M. Dennis, Nancy D. Daggett, Jane N. Short, Lucy A. Hobart, Aphia S. Harris, Freelove P. Kenney, Jeremiah Clark and John Dennis.

The object is stated to be "for the purpose of reclaiming and assisting fallen women and promoting in all possible ways social morality."

Day Nursery Association.

Report of the Day Nursery association for the month ending Jan. 31, 1896: Whole number of children cared for at both Kirk street and Centralville nurseries, 282; largest number for any one day, 23; smallest number, 4.

Contributions have been received from Mrs. Dr. Bass, Mrs. Julian Talbot, Mrs. Edwards, North Chelmsford, Mrs. Edward Lyman, Mrs. Alexander Campbell, Harry Collings, C. G. Thurston, Girls' Friendly society connected with St. John's Episcopal church, and the Loyal Circle of King's Daughters of Nashua, N. H.

ALBERT L. BACHELLER, Clerk.

The Board of Trade to Meet.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Trade will be held tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock at its rooms. A full attendance is desired.

The attendance will undoubtedly be large as the muddle over the secretaryship will most likely be brought before the meeting.

The notices of the meeting were sent out by James T. Smith, ex-secretary.

Date of Election Changed.

The date of the election of the members of the model government of l'Union Franco-Americaine has been changed from Feb. 12 to Feb. 20.

2 O'CLOCK

CONGRESS WORK

The Quay Resolution and Free Coinage.

LUCKY BOND LOAN BIDDERS ARE NOTIFIED.

They Will Now Sign the Contracts.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The first business before the senate this week probably will be the vote on Senator Quay's resolution for the recommitment of the revenue tariff bill to the committee on finance. Senator Smith (N. J.) is announced to make a speech on the Monroe doctrine, and Senator Blanchard on the same subject.

The Hansbrough resolution in regard to the distribution of seed by the agricultural department will, by agreement, be taken up early in the week, and it is the purpose of the committee on appropriations to get the appropriation bills up in rapid succession and out of the way as soon as possible. Four of these bills have already been reported from the committee, and others will follow as speedily as the committee can turn them out after their passage by the house.

There will be an effort to secure an adjournment from Thursday until Monday to permit the Pacific railroads committee to continue their hearings. It is probable that the better part of the week will be given up to the appropriation bills. The Republicans expect to get up the question of the senate reorganization toward the latter part of the week, and if they succeed this will consume considerable time.

The interest in the Quay resolution is enhanced by the knowledge that the vote will be very close. The Republicans expect to poll their full vote of 44 members for recommittal, and they are not without hope that they may get a vote or two from the Democratic side. This claim, is, however, vigorously contested by the Democrats, who say they will have a full Democratic and Populist vote against this proposition.

If they succeed in defeating the resolution, the effect will be to place the silver substitute for the tariff bill before the senate, but it is not expected that it will be taken up immediately. Senators incline to the belief that in no event can the tariff-silver bill be disposed of within less than a month's time.

The general debate on the free coinage substitute for the bond bill, which was discussed day and night for four days in the house last week, closes today. It is the general expectation that a vote will be reached sometime tomorrow.

As to the result, there is no sort of doubt. Mr. Dingley's motion to non-concur and insist on the house bill will carry by a vast majority, probably exceeding 100 if there is a full house. It is not believed that Mr. Crisp's motion to concur in the free coinage substitute will muster over 100 votes. If an opportunity is given to concur in the last three sections of the bill—to redeem greenbacks in gold or silver at the option of the government, to coin the seigniorage and to retire national bank notes of a less denomination than $10—the vote may be close, but it is thought that parliamentary manipulation will prevent votes except on the main propositions.

The resolution to censure Mr. Bayard can be prevented at any time during the week, but it may be withheld until the pending appropriations bills—the agricultural, army and District of Columbia—are out of the way.

A Matter of Form.

The Populist senators have concluded to stand by their former decision to nominate candidates of their own for the offices of secretary and sergeant-at-arms of the senate when the election of these officers is undertaken in accordance with the Republican program. The Populists will name Thomas Watson of Georgia for secretary and Mr. Taubeneck of Illinois for sergeant-at-arms. They have not, so far as can be learned, gone beyond an agreement to support these men on the first ballot.

Financial Argument.

The debate in the house on the free coinage substitute for the house bond bill was very spirited Saturday. There were several strong speeches, and one, at least, of a somewhat sensational character. Mr. Towne (Rep., Minn.) claimed the attention of the house and galleries for over an hour with an eloquent effort on behalf of free coinage, which won for him a personal ovation such as has not been accorded any member since the session began. His speech was illustrated with charts, and aroused unbounded enthusiasm among the silver forces.

Mr. Hall (Dem., Mo.), on the other hand, announced his conversion to "sound money" in a rather sensational speech, in which he charged that senators who voted for free coinage according to "credible information" had privately said that they believed free coinage would bring upon this country national and individual bankruptcy and ruin. He charged them with trying to "feather their nests at home," and declared that the greatest sin of the present age was the cowardice of statesmen. He also declared that a high official of the administration had said that the silver agitation had already cost the government $262,000,000 in bond issues, and in the course of the next 12 months the bond issues would increase to $1,000,000,000. Mr. Hall voted for free coinage in the last congress.

The Popular Loan.

The secretary of the treasury has made public the names of the successful bidders for the new loan, together with the amounts subscribed for by each, and the rate offered for $100 with interest from Feb. 1. The last revision of the lists, completed Saturday night, reduces the amount awarded to J. P. Morgan and his associates by $32,100, making their allotment $63,179,250.

Secretary Carlisle has sent to each of the 781 successful bidders the following notice of acceptance of their respective bids:

You are hereby notified that your subscription, under the terms of the department circulars of Jan. 6, Jan. 9 and Jan. 15, 1896, for $—— of the 4 per cent bonds of the United States, for which you have agreed to pay in United States gold coin, or gold certificates, at the office of the assistant treasury, in the city —— and accounted in terest per $100 face value of said bonds, has been accepted.

You are therefore requested to deposit with the United States assistant treasurer at —— on or before Feb. 15, 1896, the sum of $——, which is 20 per cent of the amount of your subscription at the price above named. The accrued interest from Feb. 1, 1895, to date of the payment hereby requested, should also be paid, at the rate of 4 per cent on the amount of the bonds paid for by said deposit. At the expiration of 15 days from the day of this first payment an additional payment of 10 per cent must be made, and such payments must be continued at intervals of 15 days until the whole amount is paid. The accrued interest accompanying each payment must be computed from Feb. 1, 1896, to date of such payment. If you desire to pay the entire amount of your subscription at once, you may do so, or you may anticipate the total payment of your subscription at any time prior to the maturing of the last installment. In the former case the amount to be deposited is $——, with accrued interest at 4 per cent on $—— from Feb. 1, 1895, to date of deposit.

The secretary of the treasury should be promptly advised of the character of the bonds desired (whether registered or coupon), and the denominations thereof. If this information has already been furnished, please confirm it.

The bonds will be issued only upon receipt by the secretary of the "original" certificate of deposit of the assistant treasurer receiving the payments. The department is prepared to begin the delivery of the bonds at once, and deliveries will be continued as rapidly as the facilities of the department will permit.

J. G. CARLISLE, Secretary.

Hawaii's Holiday.

HONOLULU, Feb. 1.—Japan having been declared a national holiday by the republic, invitations to take part were sent in the usual way to the diplomatic and consular corps. Favorable replies were received from all but the representatives of the United States, England, Japan and France. Of these representatives the last three stated in their replies to this government that, as their governments had never recognized the provisional government, and as the holiday was given in the celebration of the formation of that government, they did not feel it incumbent to any way participate. Mr. Willis replied, stating that he would lay the matter before Secretary Olney.

Crushed by a Chimney.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 10.—Two children were instantly killed and one young man seriously injured as the result of a fire which occurred yesterday in a cottage on Fort Hamilton avenue. The victims are Minnie Spacht, 9 years old, and Harry Rotzen, 7 years old, both killed; Edward Hill, 18 years old, seriously hurt. The cottage was unoccupied, and the fire started from an unknown cause, and the building was burned to the ground, the chimney alone being left standing. Later in the day while a crowd of children and others were viewing the ruins the chimney fell without warning, burying the three mentioned.

Drowned In a Meadow.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Peter L. Atkins took Maud Kelly, aged 23, out driving Saturday night. At 11 o'clock they crossed Wallkill river at Hopkins bridge, and in the darkness Atkins drove off the road into the flooded meadow. The water was nine feet deep, and the two stood on the wagon calling for help. A man named Baupre went to their assistance with a lantern, but when the water reached his hips he was obliged to retire. The two succumbed to the intense cold, and both sank beneath the flood after an hour's suffering.

A Missouri Railway Wreck.

HANNIBAL, Mo., Feb. 10.—Fifteen persons were more or less seriously hurt, and one cannot recover, as the result of a collision yesterday between a stock train and a passenger train one mile north of this city. The stock train, which had just emerged from a tunnel, struck the passenger train, crushing in the side of the ladies' coach and throwing it over an embankment, almost into the Mississippi river. There were 15 passengers in the coach, and that none was killed is a miracle. All were more or less bruised, but one.

Halifax Editor Is Mistaken.

HALIFAX, Feb. 10.—The sergeants of the Berkshire regiment went on a sleigh ride Saturday afternoon. Previous to leaving they drove through the city carrying a number of flags, the largest of which was an American flag. An evening paper, commenting on this famous British regiment carrying the Stars and Stripes in public, says: If American soldiers attempted to carry a British flag in the streets of a city in the United States, there would probably be a riot among the jingoists.

In Interest of Peace.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—Dr. George C. Lorimer has held a conference with Robert T. Paine and Dr. Trueblood of the American Peace society in regard to securing a board of arbitration to settle disputes between England and America. Editor Stead has been consulted, and Dr. Lorimer has received a communication from the English committee which is making a plan of action for both countries.

Smallpox at Middletown.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Feb. 10.—The discovery of a bad case of smallpox in an Italian boarding house on Green street was announced yesterday. Dr. Coudert, who was called in to see an Italian who was supposed to be suffering from pneumonia, made the discovery. Nine other Italians occupied the infected departments, and after a thorough fumigation they were locked in the building.

To Accept Chamberlain's Invitation.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—President Kruger of the Transvaal has accepted the invitation extended to him by Colonial Secretary Chamberlain to come to England, accompanied by some members of the Transvaal executive, to act as a commission. Probably a special session of the volksraad will be called to grant a formal sanction and to nominate a commission.

Eight Passengers Hurt.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 10.—The derailment of a truck on a Cleveland, Canton and Southern mixed train, near Dell Roy, threw a passenger coach down an embankment. The car caught fire. Eight persons were severely injured and one was badly burned.

McLAUGHLIN'S HOME

Is Yet Unknown to Undertaker Molloy.

A man from Lynn called at Molloy's warerooms yesterday and said he recognized the man McLaughlin who jumped in the canal as a person whom he had seen around the shoe factories in Lynn.

Another man came from St. Albans, Vt., and said he thought McLaughlin was a railroad man.

It is True

that there is no other tea used so extensively in this city today as the Garden Flower tea sold by us. If you are not using it you don't use the best tea. Commercial Tea Co., opp. post office.

THAT ROW AGAIN

To Be Renewed in City Committee

OF THE GRAND OLD PARTY TONIGHT.

Manning and Holgate Unite Their Forces.

There will be another pitched battle at the special meeting of the republican city committee tonight.

The meeting will be held in pursuance of a petition signed by Jerome F. Manning, Samuel Holgate, Wm. H. Brown, Byron W. Johnson, James Barnes, T. H. Thomas Gardiner, James Hall, James Bennett, James Clarke.

The first thing the petition asks is the determining whether the meeting last week was in violation of Rule 22 of the committee and so illegal. If that is so, as Mr. Manning and some other members claim, the action regarding Holgate will not stand.

The other articles of the petition are:

2. And to consider and act on the votes of each and every member of this committee, who is, for the year 1896, a member of the board of overseers of the poor, in and for the city of Lowell; in voting to elect and appoint Democrats to any office or place under the legal control and direction of said board of overseers of the poor, in their official capacity, as said board.

3. To consider the action of said board as to abolishing the so-called "woodyard."

5. To consider any matter or business "for the good of the republican party" in said city, that may come before said committee, at said special meeting.

6. To consider, if the time requires it, the matter of caucuses to choose delegates for the party convention prior to the republican national convention called for June 16th, 1896.

It is all apparently a move on the part of Holgate's defenders to have him vindicated.

Mr. Manning if not paid is acting voluntarily as counsel for Holgate during the row.

If Col. Bennett can attend tonight there will be more fun than at the last meeting.

Every office holder who has voted for a democrat will be investigated. This is but a ruse to exonerate Holgate by showing that Webster and nearly every republican office holder at some time voted for a democrat on a trade or otherwise.

The election of City Engineer Bowers was accomplished by the republican members of the city council, led by President Webster. Mr. Bowers is a democrat. In the overseers of the poor, Messrs. Kimball, Williams and Holgate will come within the provisions of the motion; and the only ones who can count themselves safe are the republican members of the school board.

Every member will go to the meeting tonight with a knife up his sleeve and a copious supply of war paint.

The circus will be better than any ever got together by Barnum, and if reporters are admitted the public will get the benefit of a fair report of the proceedings.

If reporters be excluded the Manning-Johnson-Holgate clique will misrepresent the meeting to their own liking in the papers.

This is an A.P.A. fight against the old-line republicans, and Col. Bennett is the only man who has made a firm stand on behalf of the latter against the faction led by Manning and the advisory board.

POLICE NOTES.

William Allen of London street was in Wood's jewelry store at an auction Saturday night. As the auctioneer was yelling about a watch Mr. Allen noticed that his own was gone. Some expert pickpocket had taken it. Mr. Allen told the police about it.

Alexander Alakopolis who was arrested Saturday night by Officer J. W. Fox will be charged with stealing a stove from a vacant tenement in Fenwick street. He sold the stove for $5.

James Kane was arrested Saturday evening at the Bon Marche by Officers McCloughry and Atkinson. He had pilferred several small articles. He claimed that he took the articles to buy food.

ABSOLUTELY FREE

THE TRIMMING, CUTTING, MAKING, AND PRESSING

ON A LOT OF 63 ALL WOOL

PANTS

We have gathered together from all the broken lines. All we ask

IS THE PRICE OF THE WOOL

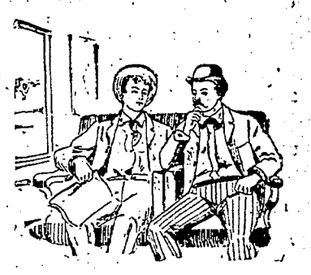
Some $2, some $2.50, others $3, none over $4, and all are right down to the price of the raw material.

If we can't fit you—keep your money—if we have what you want,

YOU'RE A WINNER.

Merrimack Cloth'g Co. The Big Store, Op. City Hall.

Our store will be closed Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday Evenings until March.



Neglige Shirts for 50 cents, worth a dollar.

New spring patterns of soft finished Cheviots.

These shirts are 37 inches long, bodies of full width. Made with felled seams and gathered yokes. French placquet sleeves; full width cuffs. Four ply, band collar. Pearl buttons all 'round. As good as any dollar shirt—our price 50 cents.

See our window.

PUTNAM & SON,
166 Central Street.

MR. MORRISON'S LECTURE

UPON THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

He Thinks Greek and Latin Should Be Studied.

Hon. John H. Morrison spoke before the Y. M. C. I., last evening upon the Etymology of the English language. His paper was scholarly and interesting.

After a learned introduction glancing at the early or derivative phases of English, he said:

We have all heard people say in speaking of educating their children, "Well, we will give them a thorough English education, they do not need Latin or Greek; these languages are dead." When you hear people make such a statement as that you need not inquire whether they who make it understand the English tongue themselves or appreciate the absurd and paradoxical statement they have made. The Greek and the Latin dead? Well, not quite; as national tongues they are, but as factors in our language they are not even slumbering.

And although more than 20 centuries have elapsed since the two mightiest of epic poets passed to their reward, still the seven cities which then claimed to be the birth place of the one, are now multiplied as far as respect for his name is concerned by tens of thousands, and the respect paid to the other by the mighty Augustus Caesar is now shared by the hundreds of millions of the civilized world. Indeed the whole world now claims Homer and Virgil as her children, and they live today more powerfully than when they breathed the air of Hellas and Mantua.

And aside from the great knowledge we acquire of our language by the study of the classics, there are many other reasons why they should be taught, first, because of the mental discipline their study affords, and again, because of the beauty of diction and elegance of style which are so observable in such grand books as the Illiad of Homer, and the Aeneid of Virgil; and especially is this so of the Aeneid which is as pure and chaste in diction and style as in thought and word.

The facilities afforded in our own city to the poor boy or girl to acquire a good knowledge of our language are of the best. We have a fine public library, which contains the works of all the great writers, both of ancient and modern times, and the officials in charge are courteous and kind, and assist in every possible way the bashful and inexperienced youth who not only may take for an ample period any of the books in the library, but who may find also an opportunity to sit in a beautiful room surrounded by the best influences and there be free from the cares and sorrows of ordinary life. Mr. Morrison's lecture was quite instructive and was listened to with close attention.

Do You Get

20 pounds of granulated sugar for $1 where you trade? We give 20 pounds to our customers. See our windows for bargains during sale. The U. S. Tea Co., 82 Prescott street.

Special Inducement

Rent for offices engaged in the newly remodelled Glidden Building, at 38 Middlesex Street and 19 Post Office Avenue, during the month of February will not commence until April 1st.

This is the finest office building in Lowell, centrally located and equipped with all known modern improvements.

Call on Amos F. Hill, agent, at the Traders' National Bank. Offices rented exclusively for business purposes; no lodgers.

$125 UPRIGHT PIANO, in good condition, made by Hallet & Davis, Boston; seven and one-third octaves. A bargain for some one. GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street, Lowell, Mass.

The Safest and Best Gold Mining Investment

Is the Preferred Stock of the Mother Lode Consolidated Gold Company. Quarterly dividends at the rate of at least 10 per cent yearly are absolutely guaranteed by a Dividend Reserve Fund Consisting of U. S. Government Bonds. For particulars address Emmons, Appleton & Co. (members of the New York Mining Exchange), 1 Broadway, New York.

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TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 50	6 00	7 08
6 30	7 45	6 30	7 52
6 50	8 08	6 40	8 27
7 01	7 58	8 00	9 12
7 18	8 62	8 30	9 11
8 27	8 12	9 00	9 42
8 38	8 50	9 15	10 25
7 45	8 35	10 00	11 15
8 50	9 40	10 45	11 59
9 00	10 30	11 30	12 05
9 40	10 40	12 00	12 50
11 00	12 06	1 00	1 40
11 45	12 30	2 00	3 04
12 16	1 35	3 00	3 40
1 40	2 50	3 33	4 48
3 00	4 25	4 15	5 30
4 00	4 45	5 00	5 44
4 30	5 30	5 25	6 02
5 20	6 15	5 50	7 05
6 33	6 53	6 15	7 58
6 24	7 10	7 30	8 10
7 52	8 35	8 00	8 40
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
7 18	8 02	2 00	2 45
7 27	8 12	9 00	10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	1 57
9 16	10 10	5 00	5 50
4 45	5 32	7 30	8 10
5 58	7 00	8 00	8 40
		9 00	10 45

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 01	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 18	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 42	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 06	11 50	1 08
12 07	1 38	2 15	3 19
12 45	2 01	3 30	4 29
2 30	3 45	3 40	4 59
3 20	4 14	4 25	5 43
4 05	5 24	5 01	6 18
5 10	6 44	6 01	7 06
6 15	7 36	6 35	7 46
7 00	8 06	9 40	10 41
9 30	10 41		

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 54
4 15	4 27	5 00	6 28
5 30	7 00	7 00	8 21
7 25	8 44		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

{From Middlesex St. station only.

Talk of base ball clubs is already in the air.

The question of water meters has fallen from notice. But the water board has it still on tap.

Dunraven is to send his apology to the New York yacht club. The club should have it framed.

Rep. Mellen of Worcester is making a gallant fight against the biennial election move. It will be defeated.

The president has signed the anti-prize fighting law which makes this erstwhile sport a felony punishable by imprisonment without the option of a fine. It serves one grand purpose in defining prize fighting.

A MUCH NEEDED LAW.

Senator Pearson is making a good beginning in the legislature by presenting bills for eradicating abuses by which overseers played the part of padrones and have extorted blood money from poor people seeking the means of earning a livelihood.

A Greek fairly versed in the English language sent a letter to THE SUN office not very long ago stating that a certain overseer was charging five dollars a man for giving members of his nationality employment, this sum to be taken out of the first wages earned. He gave the addresses of several Greeks in Worcester as references in proof of his statement.

Other and even worse cases of this traffic have come to light, showing conclusively that there is need of such a law as that proposed by Senator Pearson.

There is no reason why any corporation should oppose this measure, inasmuch as it is an imposition which is opposed to the interests of the employers as well as the victims of the greedy overseers.

It is fully as bad as the padrone system, which brings men to this country under promise to provide them employment in consideration of the payment of a certain amount usually the largest obtainable.

With the proposed law on the statute books the sharks known as overseers, bosses or whatever else they may be, who demand blood money, will hesitate to incur the risk of landing in jail for a few dollars for it is proposed to impose a heavy penalty for each offence.

GOV. GREENHALGE IN THE MAGAZINES.

Gov. Greenhalge has entered the magazines. The North American Review prints an article from his pen on the subject of "Practical Politics." His description of the method of the practical politician is not very favorable; but will perhaps strike the average politician all right. The practical politician, says the governor, can be pure and practical at the same time although he holds that the laws of morality are not applied to shady transactions in the mysterious domain of politics. For the practical politician, who is not responsible for questionable transactions, His Excellency, would bring a degree of perfection rarely attained even by those who reap the best fruits of practical politics—the gentlemen who have been sought and found by fat offices. The governor's conclusion is very hopeful considering the many speckled characters ranked under the head of "Practical Politicians." He says:

"The conclusion of the whole matter then is that high and noble aims must be supplemented by careful, patient, intelligent labor—by unselfish courage and fidelity. And the people themselves must regard public service more justly, if not more charitably, than they seem to do at present. The outlook is encouraging; a better, nobler, more patriotic spirit is abroad in the country; men are finding that they must not censure, but act—that they themselves are largely responsible for what they condemn, and, upon the whole, I believe we are approaching a new and better era of 'practical politics'."

Those who read the governor's paper will find some difficulty in reconciling this conclusion with the admission that politicians are privileged to figure in questionable transactions without being morally responsible as they would be for their every act and word outside the "mysterious domain of practical politics."

GRANT BEFORE THE WAR.

A Story of How the Teamster Dined at the First Table.

For several years there was much said about a railroad from Galena to Janesville, the idea being, when once there, to arrange with the then Milwaukee and Mississippi, now the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, to run a line to Janesville from Milton Junction, and thus secure a Milwaukee connection. The line was built from Milton to Janesville, but from Galena to Janesville the road is still an air castle.

A number of moneyed men of Galena had been induced to interest themselves in the project. In 1860 several of these gentlemen, including the banker Henry Corwith, who loaned vast sums of money to Wisconsin lumbermen from 30 to 40 years ago, drove overland to Janesville for a double purpose—to see the character of the country through which the proposed road was to run and to consult with A. Hyatt Smith and other Janesville men concerning the contemplated enterprise. Mr. Corwith and his party were met by Mr. Smith and several others. There was a carriage ride in the afternoon. One of the Galena party had not been provided with a seat. He stood in front of the hotel watching the delegations preparing for the trip of pleasure and business.

"Mr. Corwith, that gentleman is of your party, is he not?" asked Hyatt Smith.

"Yes; he came over with us."

"Well, well! I'll sit with the driver, and he can take my place."

"Never mind him, Mr. Smith. Presumo he does not care to go. He is our driver."

It was not exactly a banquet they had that evening, after the Janesville people had shown their visitors the town and told them as much in its favor as it would bear, but it was a spread something beyond the average for the little town of 2,000 or 3,000 inhabitants.

"Have you registered?" asked the landlord of a man he saw sitting near the stove soon after the visitors and their entertainers had been located in the dining room.

"No, sir."

"Going to stay with us tonight?"

"I guess so."

"Are you of the Galena party?"

"Yes; I am the teamster."

The landlord stepped into the dining room and said: "Mr. Corwith, your driver is in the barroom. Shall he come to supper now, or wait?"

Some one suggested that he wait.

"No; let him come in. Yes, landlord, tell the captain to come in."

So it happened that Captain Grant did not have to wait and eat with the servants, even if he was the teamster.—Chicago Times-Herald.

WOMAN'S VIEW OF WOMAN.

Contrary to the Cynical Idea, Women Do Admire Each Other.

Cynics love to assert that women in reality hate one another; that the only genuine mutual sentiment they possess is envy; that their interest in each other is feigned, and gleefully quote in support of those views Lady Montagu's remark, "It goes far toward reconciling me to being a woman when I reflect that I am thus in no danger of marrying one." Not being a cynic, I don't agree with these wiseacres, says a writer in The Jenness Miller Monthly, but am, on the contrary, of the opinion that women admire, appreciate and understand women more thoroughly than men will ever be able to do, and as a logical sequence, I am further of the belief that a man is quite likely to comprehend a brother man more clearly than does a woman, especially if this woman is in love with this particular brother man, there not being the least doubt in the world that love is blind—the love between men and women—and being blind, and hence unable to see, it either cannot perceive at all or else it endows the loved one in imagination with attributes neither he nor she possesses, just as a person born sightless either falls to credit the universe with any qualities whatsoever or else gets an entirely warped idea of it.

The only way to get at the merits of the case is, instead of regarding humanity as man and woman, to look upon them as souls, and thus looking, I, for one, see plenty of charming women souls. I note them in street cars, church and theater, old, middle aged and young, and if I followed out my inclinations I would go up to them and say: "You have such a sweet, refined face. I wish I knew you;" or, "You are just as pretty as a flower"—and I really feel quite as much restricted in not being allowed to tell her of it as I would if I were not permitted to ejaculate over the beauty of a rose—or, "Your costume shows a rarely delicate perception of harmony in color and form."

But this is a conventional world, so I merely keep my seat and my silence, disputing mentally meanwhile those warped beings who aver that it is not possible for one woman to admire another.

A Cunning Baboon.

In the Transvaal some of the fruit gardens are much exposed to the ravages of large cyocephalic apes, and a good guard has to be kept, or the results of long labor would be lost. In some of those gardens grow certain shrubs which are much affected by wasps, the insects liking to attach thereto their nests.

These wasps, though small, have a very venomous sting. Baboons had often been noticed eying with envious glances the fast ripening fruit in one certain garden, but feared to gather for fear of attracting the assaults of the wasps.

One morning the farmer heard terrible cries, and with the aid of a good fieldglass he witnessed the following tragedy: A large, venerable baboon, chief of the band, was catching the younger apes and pitching them into the shrubs whereon hung the wasps' nests. This he repeated again and again, in spite of the most piteous cries from his victims.

Of course the wasps assumed the defensive in swarms. During this part of the performance the old brute quietly fed on the fruit, deigning occasionally to throw fragmentary remains to some female and young baboons a little farther off.—New York Dispatch.

A Chinese Proverb.

Arthur H. Smith, in his wonderfully bright, accurate and yet somewhat misleading book called "Chinese Characteristics," quotes the Chinese proverb that "one man should not enter a temple, and two men should not look together into a well," adding: "And why, we inquire in surprise, should not one man enter a temple alone? Because the priest may take advantage of the opportunity to make away with him. Two men should not gaze into a well, for if one of them is in doubt to the other, or has in his possession something which the other wants, that other may seize the occasion to push his companion into the well."—Professor C. M. Cady in Century.

Wedding invitations and visiting cards, engraved and printed, at lowest prices at THE SUN office.

PROTECTION from the grip, pneumonia, diphtheria, fever and epidemics is given by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It makes PURE BLOOD.

The Fiercest Beast of Prey.

The white dawn o'er the sleeping forest rose
And woke each beast and bird to feed or play,
To pass in nature's temple of repose
Their happy, harmless day.

When, crashing onward through the thickets dun,
And strong with dreadful arts to maim and slay,
Took man the hunter, with his dogs and gun,
His devastating way.

Fear went before him with her visage wan,
And each beast owned his dread and ruthless sway;
All nature's children fled the face of man,
The fiercest beast of prey.

—Reginald Gourlay in Century.

ONLY SHOP TALK.

There Is an Excellent Lesson For Young Men In It, However.

"See that man with Mr. G——?" acquired the bookkeeper of the new clerk, indicating a man conspicuous for his homeliness.

"Ten years ago," he continued, "he came to work where I was employed. He was a smart chap, but the laziest, apparently, ever created. He was so ugly and awkward that he became the butt of all our secondhand jokes. Our head clerk was quite a handsome fellow and very much given to society, and consequently late hours. One day he was worrying Poxey, as our lazy man was called, taunting him in a very mean way about his looks, when Poxey, thoroughly aroused, said, 'Look here, Sam, I may be ugly, and not such a masher as you are, but in five years I'll show you I'm a better business man.'"

From that time we noticed a change in Poxey. He got permission to take the catalogues home. He would stay at night with the proprietor when all the clerks had gone, helping him with the plans for builders' hardware. At first he was only a live paper weight and kept the plans unrolled, but gradually becoming more and more useful until he was intrusted with the entire work of taking off the hardware and making estimates of cost. Sam was still head clerk, but Poxey was drawing the best pay.

Then came one of those crises in business life which broke up our establishment.

Poxey accepted a position with a firm in the same city as manager of the builders' hardware department, and then came, as I have heard him say, the triumph of his life. Sam came to him for a position.

He was weak enough, he said, to remind Sam of the day he had taunted him, but after giving vent to his feelings he thanked Sam for the taunt, saying it was that, more than the prospect of advancement and higher wages, that had spurred him to every effort.

He then used his influence, and Sam was given a position.

"I know a man," remarked the toolman, who had been listening, "who was something like your Poxey. He worked well enough, but aimlessly. Once he went to see about a position, but the proprietor, a large, dignified man, said: 'You will not suit the position. I want a man to represent me.' With that my friend set to work, and his whole incentive was to show that he could not only represent a proprietor, but that he could become one in his own person."—Hardware.

He Wanted Power.

"I suppose you expect to be president some day, Willie?" said the caller pleasantly.

"Not much," replied Willie promptly.

"What!" exclaimed the visitor in astonishment. "Think what a great man the president is, and how great his power."

"Willie likes power," explained his mother, "but I guess he doesn't think the president has enough of it."

"Not much he don't," interjected Willie. "There's always people callin him down."

"Ah, perhaps you'd like to be an autocrat, like the czar of Russia," suggested the caller.

"Nix," returned Willie emphatically.

"He has heard about the trouble that the czar has in keeping out of the way of bombs," said his mother.

"Well, there are always some drawbacks to positions of great power, Willie," explained the caller pleasantly.

Willie shook his head.

"When it comes to bein a big man," he said, "an havin people knuckle down to you an all that, I'd ruther be janitor of this flat buildin than be czar of ten Russias."

"I told you that Willie liked absolute power," said his mother quietly.—Chicago Post.

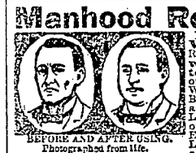
Deserved the Promotion.

As the years go by and the war yarns are told over and over the deeds done by some of the veterans take on queer phases. In the innocence of their hearts they do not perceive how they become distorted and magnified like the specter of the Brocken when seen through the mists of so many years. For instance, an old high private down east, who really believes he did more than any other man toward preserving the Union, greatly edified the loungers in the village store the other day in winding up a story of adventure. "I was the means that day of saving 60,000 men," said he, and here he sat very erect and held his cane at full length, resting his hands on it, "and, boys, don't you think, General Grant was so pleased with it he wanted to make me a corporal."—Lewiston Journal.

An Injured Tongue.

Nothing is more alarming than a severe injury to the tongue. It sometimes happens that in falling a little child will bite its tongue completely through, so that the teeth meet and the mouth is filled with blood. Such an accident is not so serious as it appears. The mouth heals quickly, the saliva forming a natural remedy better than any which man has invented or discovered. But to assist nature and stop the flow of blood is certainly important. The simplest way to do this is by sprinkling finely sifted flour into the cut. A child can be coaxed to submit to this treatment if the flour be mixed with powdered sugar.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Manhood Restored.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING.
Photographed from life.

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DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST, 161 CENTRAL ST. Opposite the Waverley House

FRANCIS W. QUA, No. 3 Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Skates 25c. to $3 a Pair.
Sleds 25c. to $3 Each.
Dolls Of All Kinds.
Toys Of Every Description.
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

SMOKE OLD 64 CIGAR. H. ROOT, Manufacturer.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

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W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

WALTER H. MASON, 393 Mammoth Road, Lowell, Mass. Teacher of Piano Forte. Communication through Gardner's, Prescott St. Engagements as pianist or accompanist at concerts solicited. Pupil of Ernst Perabo. Terms, $15 for 20 lessons.

DR. WALKER DENTIST Wyman's Exchange

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STRENGTH Is produced more quickly by using GOODALE'S BEEF, IRON and WINE Than by any other remedy. For all who need a good tonic and appetizer it should be given a trial. It is much better and safer to use a well-known remedy of this kind than one of the many questionable articles with which the market is flooded.

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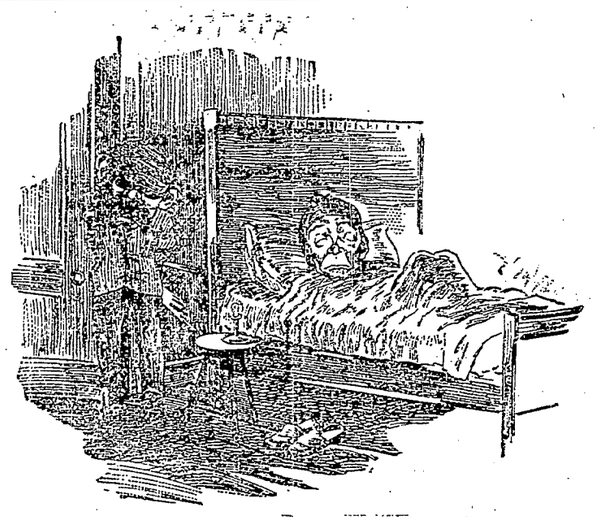
MONEY SAVERS
Youths' Lace Shoes, sizes 11 to 2, regular price $1.25, Today 75c.
Women's Wool Alaskas, this season, Boston make, worth $1, Yours for 80c.
Misses' Spring Heel Storm Slippers, Boston make, a bargain at 45c., while they last, Only 35c.
EAGLE SHOE STORE 215 DUTTON STREET. J. J. LONERGAN, - - Prop.

French Academy. Director, M. MICHEL, Of Paris. Secretary, ED. VINCELETTE. Private Lessons and Classes in French Language, Elocution, Vocal Culture, Piano, Organ, etc. FRENCH LANGUAGE and SINGING taught by Prof. M. MICHEL. For Terms and Particulars apply from 10 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 5 p. m., every day, at 189 East Merrimack Street



The Professor (awakening): "Is there anybody in this room?"

"No, sir."

"Oh, I thought there was."

Falls asleep again.

WANT COLUMN.

WANTED—Agents to sell photographic checks. Big commission, pleasant work. Williams' Studio, Swan building, 26 Central street.

PATENTS—A. L. Hough, No. 925 F. street, Washington, D. C. No attorney's fee until patent is obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.

TO RENT—A tenement of five rooms. Baldwin street, Middlesex Village. G. D. Kimball, room 14 Runels block, Merrimack square.

SALESMEN—to take orders and collect. $50 bond, signed by a business firm, required. Exclusive territory, $25 to $75 weekly. For particulars, address U. O. Box 1351, New York City.

FOR SALE—Household furniture, consisting of one mantle bed, square piano, reason for selling, want of room, 739 Gorham street.

WE CAN SUIT YOU if you want to buy any kind of property in places, prices and terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE.—Near Chelmsford street, good cottage house and barn, carriage house. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leasure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE.—Good corporation boarding house. This is a good place to make money. Price $650. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres good cottage house and barn, large apple orchard; price $600. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

FOR SALE—Cottage house, 10 minutes walk from City Hall, 7 rooms and bath a large lot of land, price $1450. $100 down, balance as rent. Charles W. Pinkham, 45 Merrimack street, Lowell.

FOR SALE—A beautiful farm of 250 acres, good buildings, grafted orchards, over $2000 worth of wood and timber to pay for farm, cut over 30 tons of No. 1 hay last year, 4 1-2 miles from depot, 2 1-2 miles to Creamery, land slopes to south. Beautiful view. If sold this month, will throw in crops, will take $1400, $400 down balance to suit. Apply to Charles W. Pinkham, 45 Merrimack street, old P. O. Block, Lowell.

FOR SALE—Small farm in Pawtucketville of five acres, new cottage house; this is a bargain. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.

BELVIDERE---CENTRALVILLE

Pleasant street, residence 9 rooms, bath, steam heat, 4000 square feet of land. A nice house. $4200.

Pleasant street, two-tenement house, 13 rooms, one of the best built houses in Belvidere, 4500 square feet of land; $4500.

Wentworth avenue, handsome new residence of 8 rooms, bath, laundry, hot water heat, nice barn, 6 stalls, room for 8 carriages, 13,000 square feet of land, nicely graded and concreted, fruit and shade trees, cost about $6000, will sell on easy terms for $4950.

Centralville Block of 12 tenements and 1 store, all rented, rents for $100 per month. Investigate, $9700; easy terms.

House lots on Beacon street and Merrill avenue, from 10 to 20 cents a foot; easy terms.

See advertisement in other papers for other parts of the city.

A. J. RYAN, Agent. Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

ECONOMY is WEALTH

Or at least it leads to wealth, and to practise it you should only trade where you can get the most for your money and when you want to have

PIPING OR PLUMBING

Done call at D. H. WILSON'S NO. 279 DUTTON STREET.

And your orders will be carefully attended to.

All kinds of Copper, Steam Gas Piping and Plumbing.

C. H. MOLLOY, Undertaker and Funeral Director. Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended to. No. 343 MARKET STREET. T. W. MOLLOY, Embalmer. Telephone 508-3. Morgue connected with this establishment.

Where is the Person

Man or woman, boy or girl, that does not like good, wholesome Bread? You may get along without many articles of food, but Bread you must always have, and when you stop and consider that the best costs no more than the poorest, why not get the best? You are always sure of the best in all kinds of Baking Supplies at PETER WATSON'S Bakeries, either at 52 to 60 Charles Street, or our new bakery, 465 Lawrence street.

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company OFFICE: 22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is $1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

Brown Bro's

OUR PRICES will tell their own story. They are on the bed rock and we defy competition. Similar goods may be sold LOWER but the same goods NEVER.

100 doz. Children's Picture Handkerchiefs at 3c. each.
100 doz. Ladies' Scalloped Bordered Handkerchiefs at 5c each.
50 doz. Ladies' Embroidered Edge Handkerchiefs at 15 and 25c each.
50 doz. Silk Handkerchiefs, all colors, 25c each.
84 doz. Ladies' and Gents' Mufflers at 75c and $1.00 each.
A choice line of Christmas Aprons, Gloves, Neckties and Fascinators.
Also 100 doz. Children's White Flannel Petticoats, waist combined, at the ridiculous low price of 15c each, well worth 33c each.

Come and buy the little folks one to keep them warm.

BROWN BRO'S, Opp. Monument Square

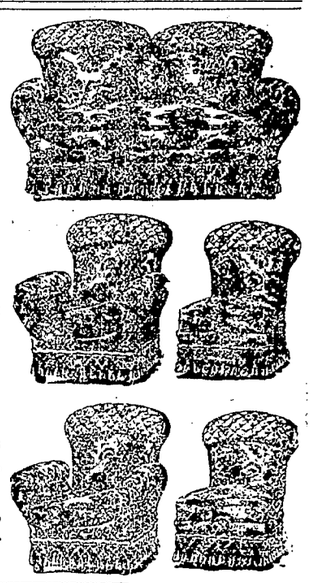
We Have Decided

To continue our STOCK REDUCING SALE a while longer on account of the very encouraging patronage we are receiving. Remember every article in our enormous stock is subject to the same liberal discount during the sale. Our Plush Goods, Celluloid Goods, and Fancy Baskets at about half Price are going fast. Our Teas in 5-pound lots at 85c., $1, $1.25, $1.50, seems to be what was wanted.

You should see our show window of lamps from 3c. upwards, and our show window of Tea, Dinner, and Toilet Sets gives the impression that things are going cheap.

Kinsella's, The U. S. Tea Co. 82 PRESCOTT ST. Elevator Accommodation. FIVE FLOORS.

Elegant Parlor Furniture
Stylish Chamber Furniture
Desirable Dining Room Furniture
Cheap Kitchen Furniture



CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS and MATTINGS

The best goods manufactured, and a fine stock of new patterns to select from.

When you want to be pleased with the goods you buy and the price you pay for them, just purchase your goods from

GOOKIN BRO'S 66 PRESCOTT STREET.

HAVE YOU DROPPED YOUR WATCH?

If you have, bring it to us and we will repair it promptly and well. 15 years' experience at the repairing bench, and careful attention paid to every job, is the reason for our large and increasing repairing business. Try us once. CLEANING $1.00. MAINSPRINGS $1.00.

MOWER & SPARKS, 285 CENTRAL ST.

HOOD FARM JERSEY CREAM

Have you tried it? It has the same peculiarity as Hood's Sarsaparilla. Is not color thickened or preserved by artificial means. Received fresh every day.

F. M. BARNEY & CO. Wholesale and Retail Merchant, 415 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL, MASS.

What We Want.

WE WANT First the entire confidence of the Lowell public.
WE WANT Every customer who trades with us to feel he is getting his money's worth.
WE WANT Every customer to understand that any purchase at our store proving unsatisfactory will be made entirely satisfactory.
WE WANT Your prescriptions, because we are better equipped to handle them than any store in the city.
WE WANT Everybody that is suffering from a Cough or a Cold to try ELLINGWOOD'S COUGH BALSAM, for we know it will cure.
WE WANT You to remember that our location is central, easily reached, and a very convenient place to end one's shopping and take an electric for home

ELLINGWOOD & CO. APOTHECARIES, Merrimack, Cor. Central St. And 155 Central, cor. Middlesex St.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER 448 Corham Street. Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices. Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

LOWELL Trunk Manufactory. P. F. DEVINE, Proprietor. 70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

OLYMPIC ALLEYS

The Olympic Bowling Alleys are the finest in the city. No one need go hungry up there, as the Butchers and Grocers have entered the tournament, which begins next week. Get into the game, and remember these alleys are under the supervision of Tommy Golden. They are open day and night at No. 110 MIDDLESEX STREET.

The Gov. Winthrop Ranges

Excel all others for Baking and their Heating Stoves are the greatest economizers on fuel. The celebrated Stoves may be seen at M. O'Flahaven's at 79-81 Market street. He also does all kinds of Piping and Plumbing, and all kinds of Tinsmithing. Give us a call at Nos. 79 to 81 Market Street.

SEE This line of prices on FIRST GRADE WHISKEYS, and compare them with prices asked elsewhere.

	Per Bottle
Canadian Club	$1.50
Hunter's	$1.50
Paul Jones	$1.25
Cream Pine Rye	$1.25
Diamond Wedding Rye	$1.25
G. O. Taylor	$1.00
Paul Jones' Collingwood	$1.00
Duffy's	$1.00
Lamb Club	$1.00

JOHN M. PEVEY, 55-57 Middle Street.

THE CRIMINAL CLASSES

Of Whom They Consist and How They Are Recruited.

Those Who Fill Our Prisons Are Generally the Victims of Vicious Surroundings, for Which They Are Not Responsible, While the Actual Criminals Go Free.

[Special Correspondence.]

I have noticed that a great deal is said of the criminal classes of late. I have seen them considered statistically, counted up and accounted for, dealt with according to rule, theory or pet plan and satisfactorily disposed of in various ways by the pretentious economist. As Gradgrind in "Hard Times" counted up, "So many hundred hands in a mill, so many hundred horse steam power," and as Dickens comments: "But not all the calculators of the national debt can tell the capacity for good or evil, for love or hatred, for the decomposition of virtue into vice, or the reverse, at any single moment in the soul of one of these, its quiet servants. * * * There is an unfathomable mystery in the meanest of these forever. Supposing we were to reserve our arithmetic for material objects and govern these awful unknown quantities by other means."

The prevailing idea is that the criminal classes are a distinct set of beings, unlike the rest of mankind and not to be considered in the same manner. Even liberals and reformers speak of them much as a botanist might of a noxious plant and are proposing some horrible measures in regard to them. Once the prison taint is impressed upon a human being, once the rattling prison van has carried him away, once the iron gate has closed behind him, he is beyond the pale of human sympathy and friendship. One thing only may sometimes wipe away the stain, and that is the possession of great riches.

What is a criminal? In law he is simply a being who has broken the laws of his country. Yet Emerson said, "A good man will not keep the laws too well." How many great hearted, brave men and women have broken the laws of their country! We can begin to enumerate them in America by citing the tea destroyers in Boston; we may count some of those who healed the sick without medicines and were burned at the stake as witches; then that small army of humanitarians who for many years fed, protected and helped along the fugitive slaves. Later, many good souls broke the laws of their municipalities by giving tramps food and clothing. We may remember, too, the many who have, since the blacks are no longer chattels, pleaded the cause of white slaves too earnestly, and have suffered imprisonment and even death in consequence. There are noble "lawbreakers" behind the bars today for teaching what they deem useful truths, and a loving public has but recently warmly welcomed from a jail a man whom misrepresentations and "injunctions" have in vain tried to crush. So that after all it is no sign of inferiority, corruption or depravity to be marked off from the rest of mankind as a "criminal." To be a criminal is to be simply a lawbreaker, and we know the laws are not always true exponents of morality.

But, it will be urged, we cannot deny that the great bulk of criminals are really bad—they have committed acts which everybody acknowledges are wicked. Yes, the most of them have stolen property belonging to others, or have assaulted and injured some one, or destroyed property, or perhaps killed a fellow being. The theory of the law is that they are willful, voluntary lawbreakers, and that society locks them up to prevent them from committing more crime, and also to deter others from doing the like; it is never from revenge or retaliation. The important questions are: How came they to be criminals? Do the present methods of dealing with them serve this theoretical purpose?

A prisoner of the state is made the lowest slave of all slaves. He must not even speak without permission; he must toil hard and receive no returns; he must move, carry his head, bear himself in the most humble and subservient manner; he is bereft of his individuality and is only a number; his disgrace wraps him about like a great black pall; it shuts out every prospect, every friend except a wider field of crime and other tainted and hardened criminals. Is such a life calculated to prevent him from committing more crime? And are others effectually deterred from doing as he has done by the example?

How is the "bad" criminal made? Every one was once an innocent, dependent babe, new to the world and guileless as any mother's child ever born. That he becomes a creature so different must be due to something the world has done to him. Sometimes he is born with inherited tendencies toward wickedness and cruelty. But that is generally the result of generations of overworked and wronged mothers. More often he is an average being, with the usual needs, longings and capabilities. His childhood was a more or less neglected state; his home was crowded, vitiated, comfortless. He had no opportunities for a useful and natural exercise of his powers. Bad associates, bad practices came in his way every day of his life; good ones did not. He was ignored; he lacked everything that goes to build up a good moral character; he saw honest industry poorly rewarded and found stealing comparatively easy. He drifted along into a road of crime as a castaway fagot drifts on the turbid waters of a dark stream.

Or he may be a man of ambition, of strong character and strong desires. He was poor; the earth was shut away from him; opportunities for useful activities were closed against him. Desperation may have driven him to deeds he would have shunned had he been permitted to exercise his faculties legitimately. Or he may have been well raised and knew the value of wealth. Perhaps he lost everything by some of those vicissitudes which never ought to occur in rightly organized society. He knew not how to work; he shrank from the lot of a common drudge. He grasped some of the heaped up wealth some other man had gained without rendering an equivalent, and he, too, was hurried off on that downward road up which few ever return. Governor Altgeld, in his essays on crime, shows how boys are turned into criminals in a detailed manner and most forcibly and eloquently.

Wicked men are not always criminals. A really bad man is one who injures or corrupts others, who causes suffering or prevents his fellow beings from living free, natural, happy lives. The men who do these things to the fullest extent are not usually within prison walls; they are oftener found in high and respectable places. A great landowner who holds great stretches of land away from the use of the homeless; a speculator in food products who makes produce cheap for the struggling farmer and bread dear to the city wageworker; a great manufacturer who grinds his employees down to the starvation point and grows rich from their labor; the members of a great railroad corporation who rob the country through which their roads run, who steal the people's land, corrupt their legislatures, maim and kill and poorly requite their employees and call out the militia to shoot them down if they protest; rulers who prosecute the poor, the unfortunate, the truth loving—these commit the wicked deeds of society. What one poor, petty thief can wreak such havoc of suffering on innocent men, women and children as one such as these?

The man in stripes is not mankind's greatest enemy. Learn to think of him as a human being worthy of great pity. The man to fear is he who possesses great power over his fellow creatures.

LIZZIE M. HOLMES.

La Veta, Colo.

Tramps, Beggars and Thieves.

I do not say that the tramps and beggars and thieves who now infest society, who prowl as human tigers inflicting a natural penalty upon society that has wronged them, could be uplifted or purified. Some few of them might be redeemed, but I fear that the percentage would be small. Most of them are probably doomed to perish as they live, lost to all of the noble sentiments of manhood. Their wretchedness could be relieved, but I fear their lives cannot be redeemed. It is not for that class that I plead, but for those honest laborers and children that are doomed under our present system of industry and land tenure to recruit the armies of the tramps and beggars and the criminals of the future. Our tramps and beggars and criminals were not always what they are. Most of them came into the world with capabilities and natural impulses fitting them for the highest stations of life. They have been degraded by an environment not made by them, but made by human society, from the degrading influences of which most of them never had the slightest chance to escape.

The tramps of the next generation will not be the lineal descendants of the tramps of this generation, but a new army, recruited almost entirely from children now giving promise of high intelligence, industry and worth, who will be driven, as their predecessors have been driven, first into enforced idleness, then into the helpless poverty which can find relief only in beggary, then to the loss of self respect, which is the inevitable consequence of beggary; thence the downward course is easy, even to the Stygian pool where the devotees of vice and crime pass almost imperceptibly from the notice of mankind.—Congressman James G. McGuire.

Brought Him to Terms.

A remarkable incident took place on Sunday in one of the elegant restaurants at Vienna. A few evenings ago a workman who entered the restaurant and ordered a glass of beer was refused the same, first by a waiter and then by the landlord himself. A group of gentlemen seated at a table near hereupon invited the man to sit with them, and ordered his beer for him. The landlord then insulted the whole group and a regular scandal followed. On Sunday afternoon 200 workmen entered the restaurant in small groups, between 2 and 3, and though they ordered only one glass of beer each, they staid until night, occupying every seat and every table so that no one else could get a place. Before they left they sang the "Song of Work" in chorus. The proprietor of the restaurant, to whom this was a lost Sunday, has since been to the workmen's paper, and declared that he was ready to give any kind of satisfaction to the aggrieved workman.—London News.

To Support the Unemployed.

The Cigar Makers' unions of Chicago have decided to levy an assessment of 25 cents a week on each working member to support the unemployed.

THE RIGHT OF PROPERTY

COHEN ARGUES IN FAVOR OF PRIVATE OWNERSHIP.

His Method of Establishing the Value of an Article and Equitably Giving Absolute Title In It to One Who Did Not Produce It.

[Special Correspondence.]

The production and distribution of wealth have been analyzed by economists of all schools. With some the object has been to ascertain who has produced the wealth and who is entitled to it. The subject has been loaded down and made unnecessarily difficult by high sounding words that have no underlying strata of meaning and by sophistries more or less cleverly put together so as to give them the appearance of truths. This is especially the case with the old fashioned apologists for present conditions. It is not of these, however, that I want to write today, but I want to take issue with those who deny the right of property, and who claim that no man can own anything because no one can produce goods solely and alone. A great many men take part in the making of even the simplest article; how much each one has done we cannot tell. No individual made it, and it belongs to nobody; therefore everybody can have it.

This theory is advocated with the best of intentions, and by people who ardently desire to improve the miserable conditions which now surround us, yet the fallacy underlying the argument is so gross, so absurd and therefore so fraught with evil that it is more dangerous to the cause of progress than all the sophistries of the enemies of reform. It is therefore well worth our while to examine it with the greatest care and consider it in all its bearings.

According to this teaching a penknife is not wholly mine because I have not made it entirely myself. Granting that I cannot make it from beginning to end, is that a reason why I cannot get it equitably in exchange? Surely there must be some point of comparison between commodities, some way of ascertaining their value. In an age when we can make a pair of scales that will turn under the weight of a girl's eyelash we would be stupid indeed could we not devise some means of weighing the economic properties of goods. Or is it that the value of products is so very elusive and the weight so readily found? I do not think so. But let us return to the penknife and see. If it takes two hours' labor from the digging of the iron ore of which the blades are made until the clerk hands it to me over the counter, is it not honestly paid for with another article that also contains two hours' labor? And if not, why not? Is the objection the one suggested—that the penknife contains the labor of many men and we cannot tell exactly how much each one has contributed?

This can be learned more easily than its weight, notwithstanding the existence of the splendid pair of scales just mentioned. The open market is an indicator that registers prices every hour and every minute. It is self acting, thus dispensing with a weighmaster. Sweep away the restrictions, and price will fall to the equitable point as surely as water will find its own level.

Nor is the market the only possible register of prices. We can take the time spent in the production of an article and count the minutes, as I have just indicated in the case of the penknife and mutually pledge ourselves to measure and exchange all goods in this way, allowing of course for a greater return in disagreeable callings and increased remuneration for time spent in acquiring extra skill. However, to make the illustration simple, we will assume all labor to be of equal skill and see if we can find a property right for the laborer in the thing produced.

If I spend two hours gathering wild berries, are they not mine? Have I not produced them? Did anything else enter into the production of them but my labor? If there did not, they are mine. Suppose I exchange them for the penknife which also contains two hours labor, is not the exchange a fair one? If it is, the penknife becomes my property, as fully and entirely mine as the berries were. Property therefore can exist in all products, whether made by one man or by one thousand.

The tendency of errors to multiply more quickly than truths is one of the unfortunate things in this world of ours. From the premise that no one can own anything a whole system of like vagaries has grown, and it is proposed to reconstruct society on lines that deny the most apparent facts of every day experience, as well as the most profound teachings of the past. With such a beginning one can easily guess what follows. Justice is relegated to a secondary place, and sentimentalism is put in its stead. A society is pictured with impossible people acting under impossible conditions, and the time that could be well spent with realities is used in "rainbow chasing" in the hope of finding the "bags full of gold at the end of the bow."

HENRY COHEN.

Denver.

Restricting Immigration.

The idea of restricting still further the immigration of undesirable aliens evidently is growing more pronounced among members of congress. The restrictions that have been enforced within the last three years have produced favorable results, and the belief of some that foreign immigration can be sifted still more thoroughly is shown by the fact that that already there have been introduced into the present congress four bills having that end in view.—Chicago Record.

Stonemasons For Eight Hours.

The stonemasons' international convention decided at its meeting in Chicago to indorse the eight hour movement and ordered it to go into effect in the United States and Canada May 1. The organization has a membership of 12,000.

Employment of Women.

Resolutions have been adopted by Boston Typographical Union 13, calling for the amendment of the law governing the employment of women in factories, in such a manner as to prohibit their employment during the hours of night in offices where typesetting or casting machines are in use.

COOKING HALIBUT STEAKS.

Housekeepers Would Do Well to Prepare This Dish Thus.

Cut the fish into neat slices, beat them lightly, season with white pepper and a very little salt and place them in a well buttered baking dish. Pour over them a gill of light French wine or a wineglassful of sherry and about the same of strained lemon juice and let it cook in the oven, covered with a buttered paper, for 15 to 25 minutes, according to thickness. For the sauce stir over the fire an ounce of butter with an ounce of fine flour till well blended, but not colored; then pour to it rather more than a gill of fish stock or boiling water, white pepper and salt to taste and let it all cook together for 8 or 10 minutes, then add to it the strained liquor from the fish. Let this all boil together for a minute, wring it through a fine sieve, add about one-half ounce of butter and stir this into the sauce till melted off the fire. Dish the fish steaks neatly, pour this sauce over them and serve.

How to Prevent Cold Feet.

This is the plan to adopt with cold feet. They should be dipped in cold water for a brief period, and then, immediately before getting into bed, they should be rubbed till they glow, with a pair of hair flesh gloves or a rough Turkish towel. After this a hot water bottle will be successful enough in maintaining the temperature of the feet, though, without this preliminary, it is impotent to do so.

How to Use Turkey Scraps.

Remove bone and skin and cut into pieces about the size used for chicken salad. Butter a baking dish, cover with bread crumbs moistened with milk and then with a layer of the minced turkey. Season, and if there is any dressing left add a layer of that. Add another layer of crumbs and alternate them with the turkey until the dish is filled. Scatter with bits of butter, and also use to moisten the dish any gravy that has been left. Heat through and brown in the oven. For creamed turkey prepare in the same way as for the scalloped. For each pint of minced meat make a dressing from a pint of milk thickened with a tablespoonful of butter mixed with 2 of flour. Heat the milk in a double boiler when the sauce is smooth and creamy, season with salt and cayenne pepper and mix the meat with it. Fill buttered individual scallop dishes with the mixture, scatter the top with bread crumbs and brown in the oven. Garnish the top with a slice of lemon or a bit of parsley.

How to Make a New Salad.

A salad of celery and English walnuts is delicious to serve with a little dinner. Cut the celery into small pieces and mix with one-third of the quantity of English walnut meats broken in two and enough mayonnaise to moisten it well. Garnish with young, tender lettuce leaves and serve.

How to Test Water.

Into a perfectly clean bottle, having a stopper of ground glass, put 5 ounces of water to be tested. To the water add 10 grains (by weight) of pure granulated sugar. Cork tight and set in a window, exposed freely to light, but not to the direct rays of the sun. Do not disturb the bottle and keep the temperature as near 70 degrees F. as possible. If the water contains organic matter, within 48 hours an abundance of whitish specks will be seen floating about, and the more organic matter the more specks. In a week or ten days, if the water is very bad, the odor of rancid butter will be noticed on removing the stopper. The little specks will settle to the bottom, where they will appear as white, flaky masses. Such water should not be used for drinking purposes.

How to Make a Blanquette of Chicken.

Put a cup of cream sauce into a double boiler, add a pint of cooked chicken, cut in strips, a tablespoonful of chopped parsley. When hot, beat the yolks of 2 eggs, add 2 tablespoonfuls of milk, stir into the chicken. Cook 2 minutes. Serve in rice or potato border, or with a garnish of toast points.

How to Make Chocolate Custard.

Scald a quart of milk and stir in 4 heaped tablespoonfuls of grated chocolate, stirring and boiling it for a minute or two, until all the chocolate is dissolved. Beat up the yolks of 6 eggs with half a pound of castor sugar and stir them into the milk and chocolate. Flavor the custard according to taste, pour it into small cups or molds and stand them in a baking tin, with about an inch of water around them. Put the tin in the oven and cook the custard slowly till set. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth, add a little white sugar, and when the custards are cold pile the froth on top, with a preserved cherry or piece of red jelly as a decoration.

How to Make Cinnamon Stars.

A pound of almonds, blanched and chopped fine; a teaspoonful of baking powder, 4 eggs, 2 ounces of cinnamon, the least flour possible the better the cake. Cut with a small tin cutter shape of a star and size of a silver dollar; roll out a little and make thick.

How to Prevent Mistakes In Frying.

Bacon, 3 to 5 minutes.
Breaded chops, 4 to 6 minutes.
Croquettes, 1 minute.
Doughnuts, 3 to 5 minutes.
Fishballs, 1 minute.
Fritters, 3 to 5 minutes.
Muffins, 3 to 5 minutes.
Small fish, 1 to 3 minutes.
Smelts, 1 minute.

Freeman

Photographer, Hildreth Building.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

WET FEET

lead to Colds.
Colds develop into Pneumonia—the great harvester for Father Time!

Take a Dose Now and Then of

ROCK RYE and HONEY

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

All first-class Druggists have it on sale.

3 Sizes. 3 Prices

ONE STANDARD GRADE.

ROCK, RYE AND HONEY CURES.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Winter Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to October 20, 1895.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05 12.45, 2.30, 3 20, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Haverhill, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Salem and Lynn, 2.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.
For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco and Portland, 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays): SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.
For Eastport and St. John's (per steamer), on Mondays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones of Rockland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p. m.

Southern Division.

On and After Oct. 20, 1895, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5 45, 6 30, ¶6 53, *7 45, *8 30, ¶9 00, *9 40, 11 00 a. m.; 1 40, ¶3.00, 4.30, ¶5 33 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m.

Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5 48, 6 34, ¶6 53, §7 01, §7 18, §*7 27, *7 48, *8 57, 9 03, *9 50 11 03, 11 45 a. m; 12 16, 1 43, ¶3 03, *4 00, 4 33, 5 23, ¶5 33, 6 24, 7 52 p. m. SUNDAYS, §*7 18, §*7.27, 8 45, *9 16 a. m; §4 25, §5 58 p. m.
For Woburn, 6 30, §7 01, 7 45, 11 00 a.m.; 1 40, 4 30 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m., §4 25, §5 58 p.m.
*Express. §Northern Depot Only. ¶Via Bedford.
For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m; 4.15, 5.50 p. m
For Salem, and Way Stations, §7.38 a. m.; 1.25, 5.50 p. m.
☞ Time given below is from Middlesex street station.
For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.15 a. m.; 12.09, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.14 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.14 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield. 2.00 p. m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord. 7.40 9.14 9.45 a.m; 12.11, 1.00, 1 42, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p.m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3 a. m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.13, 8.43 p. m.
For Penacook, Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.14, 9.45 a. m; 12.11, (1.42 to Franklin and Bristol only), 5.42, †8.13 p. m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40 a. m; 1.42 p. m.
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.45 a.m; 1.42, †8.43 p. m.
For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.45 a. m.; 12.11, †8.13 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.45 a. m.; †8.43 p. m.
Quebec Express via White River Junction, 12.11, 8.13, p. m., daily except Sunday.
☞ † Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.

UNION TAILORS

The only shop in town using the Union Label.
Call and see our line of SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS at Rock Bottom prices.
F. S. Sharrow, 200 Central St.

Wm. E. Livingston
DEALER IN
COAL, WOOD, LIME
CEMENT, SAND, GRAVEL,
HAIR, KAOLIN, PLASTER,
BRICKS, FERTILIZERS
Straw, Hay, Grain, Flour, Etc.
No. 15 Thorndike Street.
Branch Office, 49 Merrimack Street, Calderwood's Cigar Store.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, S. S.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of John Quinn, late of Lowell in said county, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for probate, by Catherine Quinn and Michael Connolly, who pray that letters testamentary may be issued to them, executors therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the eleventh of February, A. D., 1896, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks in the LOWELL DAILY SUN, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said court, and by mailing, post-paid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-ninth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

QUOTATIONS FOR FEBRUARY

CHAMBER SETS.	WERE	NOW
" "	$55,	$45
" "	$50,	$40
" "	$40,	$35
" "	$35,	$30
" "	$28,	$25
PARLOR SETS.		
" "	$75,	$65
" "	$70,	$60
" "	$60,	$55
" "	$55,	$50
" "	$50,	$45

PETER DAVEY,
Undertaker and Furniture Dealer,
134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer
TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2: STORE 314-2.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.
Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Sts.

OPPORTUNITIES IN DRESS LININGS

We always carry some extra good values in OUR BASEMENT for Skirt and Waist Linings; but this week we have received

3 Cases of Cambrics.
2 " " 'Crena' Linings
1 " " Waist Linings,

Which we shall offer at the following EXTRA LOW PRICES, as better bargains than usual.

CAMBRICS are of the best quality, in all colors, whole pieces with small pin cuts as the imperfections, at only 4c. Per Yard.

"CRELA" lining is the same texture as Cambric, but finished with just a little stiffening, making a very desirable lining for sleeves or skirts, 3c. Per Yard.

And then we have 1 case of Remnants, yard wide, fine percaline waist lining, in all colors, and worth 20c., on the piece, for only 6½c. Per Yard.

These are special opportunities to get Dress Linings at very low prices for real good qualities.

BASEMENT DEPARTMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

TAKE NOTICE
Economical people swell their bank accounts, enjoy better health take life easier when they trade at THE UNION MARKET.
Every day we offer good trades, every day people go home happy from the
Union Market, Middlesex St. Foot of South
CALL AND SEE US.

ENGLISH CAPITAL FOR AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.

Important to Americans seeking English capital for new enterprises. A list containing the names and addresses of 350 successful promoters who have placed over £100,000,000 sterling in foreign investments within the last six years, and over £18,000,000 for the seven months of 1895. Price £5 or $25, payable by Postal Order to The London and Universal Bureau of Investors, 20, Cheapside, London, E. C. Subscribers will be entitled, by arrangement with the directors to receive either personal or letters of introduction to any of these successful promoters.

The list is first class in every respect, and every man or firm whose name appears therein may be depended upon. For placing the following it will be found invaluable—Bonds or shares of Industrial Commercial, and Financial concerns, Mortgage Loans, Sale of Lands, Patents or Mines.

Directors—SIR EDWARD C. ROSS,
HON. WALTER C. PEPYS,
CAPT. ARTHUR STIFFE.

Copyright.

Young Men
Ask Your Dealer for the
"D. R. SPECIAL,"
The New Spring Derby.
All up to date. Retailers keep it. See that "D. R. Special is stamped on sweats.
$1.50, $2.00, $3.00

CHARLES H. FROST, 78 Central Street.
Dealer in Watches, Diamonds,
Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Violin, Guitar and Banjo Strings, Ammunition, Fire-arms, etc. Fine Watch reairing.

E. R. DONOVAN, Office, 85 Gorham Street.
Constable and Auctioneer.

NEW MUSIC HALL, W. H. BOODY, Manager.
One Week, COMMENCING MONDAY, Feb. 10th
Souvenir Wednesday, Matinee Regular Saturday.
The Winsome Actress,
ULLIE AKERSTROM, in her new Plays.
Monday—The Comedy Success, "THE SULTAN'S DAUGHTER."
Tuesday—The Comedy Drama, "MISS RORA."
Wednesday—Souvenir Matinee. A repetition of "THE SULTAN'S DAUGHTER."
Each lady buying a reserved seat will receive a handsome souvenir
Wednesday Night—The Comedy Drama, "A LITTLE BUSYBODY."
Thursday—A Romantic Drama, "NAN, A RAGGED HEROINE."
Friday—A New Romantic Drama (first time here), "A BRAVE LITTLE WOMAN."
Saturday Matinee—A repetition of "A LITTLE BUSYBODY."
All children admitted to best seats for 15c.
Saturday Night—New Melodrama (first time here), "THE STORY OF A CRIME."
Either the Dance La Chromot pe, or the New National Dance, at each performance,
Prices: 50c., 35c., 25c., 20c., 15c. and 10c. Reserved seats on sale at the box office.

OUR GOODS
Are marked at so low a figure that they sell themselves. The big run on stock depleted the assortment to some extent, but theee's enough left to make a fine choice in almost any line of the goods you may desire.
We shall have an important announcement to make in the near future, but in the meantime, if any persons want bargains, they should attend to the matter at once.

FRENCH & PUFFER
CENTRAL STREET.

SCOTT & O'DAY,
Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers
Steam, Gas and Water Piping.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
54 APPLETON STREET.
Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill
Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

C. B. Coburn & Co.
We have made arrangements to send twice a week,
DECORATED CHINA
To be fired. For prices apply to Artists' Department.
C.B.COBURN&CO.
61-67 Market Street.

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue
Telephone Number 474-4.

CO TO
CAVANAUGH & DISSAULT
FOR
Fine Custom Tailoring
42 CENTRAL STREET.

THE LATEST
NEW YORK SPRING STYLES
IN CENTS'
FURNISHING GOODS
Have commenced to arrive at
Cummiskey's Store,
69 MERRIMACK STREET.
Everything in this store is up to date and the Correct Style.
HARRY L. BAILEY, - - Clerk.

WM. B. SOLOMON, M. D.
(Eldest son of the late Dr. James M. Solomon the Celebrated Specialist in Chronic Diseases) of Attleboro, Mass.,
Has Opened an Office in
Swan Building, Central, St., Lowell
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 & 7 to 9 p. m.

NEW LUMBER YARD
No. 255 HILDRETH STREET.
Best Quality. Lowest Prices. Cedar Posts a Specialty.
P. V. ALLEN & CO.
Telephone 568-5.

The Finest Family Wines and Liquors
To be Found in this city is at
E. FAULKNER'S,
Jefferson Street. Jones' Ale and all the Best Stock Ales, with the Choicest Brands of Liquors and Wines can be found there. He also makes a specialty of family trade. Call and try our LAGER and you will have no other, at No. 72 Jefferson Street.

The hum of the spindle gives life to Lowell as does the
SPINDLE CIGAR
give pleasure to the smoker. Ask for Spindle Cigar and take no other. HENRY FLOOD, Prop

JAMES A. CAWLEY, Moore Street.
Coal Dealer.
Telephone for Summer Prices. All orders promptly delivered. Late of firm of Cawley Bros.

EDWARD CAWLEY, Office: 131 Central Street.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Coal.
of all kinds. Also dealer in Wood, Lime and Cement. Agent for the celebrated Portland drain and sewer pipe. Elevator, Rogers street bridge

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL, No. 97 Central Street
Counsellor at Law and Notary Public

SUN WEATHER BULLETIN.

ALMANAC FOR MONDAY, FEB. 10.

SUN RISES	6 43	MOON RISES	5 19 AM
SUN SETS	5 13	FULL SEA	8 45 AM
LENGTH OF DAY	10 22		9 00 PM

Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Clearing; slightly colder; winds becoming northwesterly.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Generally fair; slightly colder; northwesterly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

When in doubt, smoke Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

The Lowell Wall Paper Co.; all styles; all prices, 18 Church street.

For Lacawana coal go to Rourke & Sullivan', 984 Gorham street.

None of the Lowell banks was awarded a portion of the national bond issue.

Sunday, Feb. 16, will be the anniversary of the death of Rev. Andre M. Garin, O. M. I.

Charles Killpatrick, the world's champion 440 yard runner, is spending a few days with friends in this city.

One of the happiest men in town is Conductor O'Brien of the Westford street line. A baby boy arrived at his home Saturday.

The friends of Mr. Thomas McKee assembled at his home on Billerica street, Friday night, and presented him an elegant easy chair.

Have you heard of I. W. Harper's fine whiskeys? Their goods stand at the top of the list. John Nolan is agent. Telephone, 535-5.

The democratic caucus in Dracut for the nomination of candidates for town officers will be held Feb. 18, and the republican caucus Feb. 20.

There was a slight blaze last evening in a barber shop on Market street. Some rubbish caught fire in a closet and was extinguished before any damage was done.

John Green, who has been connected with the Vox Populi office for nearly twenty years, resigned his position last week, and will now take his first vacation of any length.

One of the directors of the Lowell & Suburban company says that orders have been placed which will give Lowell residents 26 per cent. more cars than were run by electric power last year.

E. A. Salmon, J. F. Norton, John T. Lee, Nathaniel Bishop, Fred Osterbout and Charles W. Philbrick are members of the committee of the Veteran Firemen's association to arrange for the annual ball.

In relation to the dissatisfaction of Lowell master builders in connection with the bids for the new registry of deeds at East Cambridge, Messrs. Wait & Cutter, the architects, assert that Lowell contractors always have had, and always will have, fair treatment in their office.

More christian fellowship was noted yesterday when the Rev. C. E. Fisher called down Evangelist Needham in a sermon entitled "Universalism and Christian Bigots," the outcome of the evangelist's criticism of Rev. Mr. Fisher's remarks at the Y. M. C. A. recently.

The Central council of the Hibernians met yesterday and decided to engage Mr. W. J. Walsh of Boston to give his lecture and concert, "Robert Emmet and the men of '98," at Associate hall on the second Sunday in March. It was also decided to hold a smoke talk at Hibernian hall on Feb. 18.

The Highland Club Billiard Tournament.

The billiard tournament game at the Highland club Saturday evening was won by Team Two, by 13 points. The score:

Team Two—Read 135, Kittredge 60, Shaw 60, Davis 38; total 293.

Team Four—Chadeton 89, Wellman 71, Goddard 60, Pierce 60; total 280.

Complimentary Tea.

Miss Anna N. Shepard gave a charming tea at her home on High street, Saturday evening, in honor of her friend, Miss Sarah Hanley of Boston.

The D. L. Page company served a light lunch and afterwards whist was played, the prize winners being Paul Duckworth and Cora Buckland, while the boobies went to William Trull and Alice Woodies.

A Distinguised Lecturer.

The Channing Fraternity will bring Prof. Borchgreviuk, the young Norwegian explorer of the Antarctic continent, here Wednesday evening. Great interest has been manifested at such appearances as he has thus far made during the week he has been on this side, not less, it is probable, by reason of what he is likely to do in the future than by what he has already accomplished.

LOWELL DIRECTORY

For 1896—See That You Are Properly Located in It.

The canvass for the above work is now completed and if any persons have changed their business or location since the canvasser called please send the same to local agents, J. Merrill & Son, 124 Central street, and the correction will be made, before printing secretaries of labor and other organization who have not already done so please send list of your principal officers with time and place of meeting and oblige.

REPORT OF DEATHS

For the Week Ending Feb. 8, 1896.

JANUARY.

23—William Parsons, 22, accidental drowning.
31—John S. Jacques, 83, debility.
Mary E. F. Tobin, 23, pneumonia.

FEBRUARY.

1—James Monahan, 28, peritonitis.
Abbie A. Smith, 76, la grippe.
Olive Parthennis, 23, placenta praevia.
Napoleon Fortin, 24, typhoid fever.
Arthur Dupras, 12, burns.
Helene Fregeau, 4, laryngitis.
Elizabeth L. Clulin, 3 mos., infantile.
Leo Dauphinais, 2 days, icterus.
2—Louis Keguier, 78, paralysis.
Mary J. Blake, 60, hepatitis.
John Lonsdale, 55, typhoid fever.
Antonio Freitus, 54, phthisis.
Robert A. Symonds, 2 days, prem. birth.
3—Rosanna Baribeault, 1, pneumonia.
4—Joseph Dary, 85, old age.
5—James J. Driscoll, 44, pneumonia.
Bernard J. Farrell, 27, pneumonia.
Edward Murphy, 23, pneumonia.
6—Mary A. Murray, 50, cancer.
Amanda Tellier, 44, consumption.
Marie A. Perron, 5 mos., enteritis.
Leonard Martel, 3 mos., debility.
7—Bridget Grant, 5 days, debility.

GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

Dress Suits

In the very best style made from latest material and up to date in every respect, by Louis Alexander, formerly of Fifth avenue, New York, importer and tailor, 65 Central street Lowell, Mass.

Coal Hods Given Away.

We have a big lot of coal hods, black and galvanized, all sizes, 15, 16 and 17 inch. We are giving them away with a pound of our Anchor Baking powder at 45c. Dickson Bros., 68 Merrimack street.

Bowling, Billards, Pool.

Tournaments and prizes at Les Miserables, East Merrimack street.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

CHASING CLEWS

Detectives Find a Hat Belonging to Bryan.

AN INDIANAPOLIS GIRL'S SECRET WANTED

To Solve the Mystery in All Details.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 10.—Detectives from three cities have been busily hunting the missing links in the chain of circumstances by which the story of the murder of Pearl Bryan is to be shaped into perfect evidence.

All search for the head has been fruitless, though made by hundreds of volunteers, along with detectives. A very material addition to the dumb witnesses of the deed was discovered about 6:30 o'clock last night. Two detectives found the girl's hat. In it were a bloody handkerchief and a big stone to keep it from being blown away. It was found in an angle between the Fort Thomas electric railway and the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, near their intersections near Newport, Ky.

The mystery of the whereabouts of the girl on Thursday, Jan. 30, the night before the murder, remains unsolved. From her arrival here on Monday, Jan. 27, up to 11 o'clock Thursday forenoon, her movements have been traced. Then comes a hiatus until 7 o'clock Friday evening, when she was last seen alive. This was at Dave Wallingford's saloon, where she and Jacksort were seen, and she drank a glass of mineral water. The rest of the story has been told, barring certain gaps in it which detectives are now trying to fill.

The finding of the hat last night weakens the theory that a cab was used to take the murderers and their victim to Fort Thomas. It looks very much as if they went by the electric railway to Fort Thomas, committed the deed, and then walked back to the city, and, finding this hat too conspicuous to be hidden, left it where it would be most likely to be unobserved.

Both Walling and Jackson yesterday repeated their accusations of each other. Jackson was anxious to know the state of public sentiment in regard to them, but would say nothing more than he has already said. Meantime each day brings some new circumstantial revelation. Before another week the whole story will doubtless come out. There is scarcely a doubt that Kentucky will have jurisdiction of the case in the courts.

A Clew From Indianapolis.

A dispatch from Indianapolis says that the Fort Thomas murder mystery is now nearer a solution than it has been since the headless body of Pearl Bryan was found. Lulu May Hollingsworth, one of Pearl Bryan's girl friends, has been boarding at 1 Henry street, and knows a good deal about the tragedy.

Miss Hollingsworth's knowledge of the case was brought to light yesterday through a letter written by Marshal E. Starr of Greencastle. The man who wrote the letter is H. E. Ratcliff, a traveling salesman from Baltimore. He advised Marshal Starr to investigate the matter, and the marshal arrived at Indianapolis yesterday afternoon. Detective Wilson was detailed to assist the marshal. They called on Miss Hollingsworth. She was not inclined to be communicative at first. They then decided to take her to the police headquarters and have her questioned by Superintendent Colbert.

While her story is not complete in detail it shows that she knows a good deal about the death of Miss Bryan. Miss Hollingsworth says that on the afternoon of Jan. 28 she was at the Union station and met Miss Bryan. She had visited in Greencastle, and had become acquainted with Miss Bryan there. After the usual greetings were over, Miss Bryan told her that she was in deep trouble. She explained its nature, and said Jackson was responsible for her condition. She said it would never do for her people to hear of her disgrace, and she was going to Cincinnati to have an abortion performed. She asked Miss Hollingsworth the nature of drugs used in such cases, and Miss Hollingsworth told her what she had heard was good.

At this point in her story, Miss Hollingsworth wavered. She said that certain drugs had been purchased in Indianapolis, and that four drug stores were visited. She would not tell the names of the drugs, but said that whisky formed a large part of the mixture. She said the stuff purchased cost 45 cents. She admitted that the stuff was purchased by a woman. Miss Hollingsworth said she was acquainted with Jackson and Wood, but had never met Walling. The same evening Miss Bryan took a train for Cincinnati. She saw Wood after that. He visited Indianapolis the following Friday, and Miss Hollingsworth was at the depot. Both of them being acquainted with Miss Bryan, they talked about her trouble. Wood was on his way to South Bend, Ind., and left in a short time.

Didn't Tell All.

Miss Hollingsworth's manner of telling her story convinced the officers that she was holding something back. She was subjected to a most rigid examination, and on several occasions she lost her temper. She said she had not heard of the murder until two days ago. She had no idea that it would turn out so bad, and said: "I am positive that Pearl was not murdered."

"Well, how do you know?"

"I know," replied the girl, "but I do not propose to tell."

"Why not?"

"Simply because I do not intend to incriminate myself. There was an occurrence between Jackson, Pearl and myself that, were I to tell of it, would clear up the mystery surrounding her death."

"Why don't you tell it and set the minds of her folks at rest?"

"For this reason. It would incriminate me. However, I do not propose to see these boys hanged, and when the last hope is gone I will tell what I know in order to save their necks. They did not kill Pearl."

"How do you know they did not kill her?"

"Because she died by her own hand. I have a theory. Pearl took the medicine herself. She was in Jackson's room at the time. It had a different effect from what was expected, and she grew so bad that Jackson saw she was going to die. He knew that it would never do to have her die in the house, so he secured a hack, and, assisted by Walling, took her across the river. She may have died on the way, or may have been dead before they got her out of the room, and their object in taking her there was to hide the crime. When near Fort Thomas they cut off her head and disposed of it to avoid identification. See if it don't come out that way."

Later Miss Hollingsworth told the police that she bought for Pearl Bryan three kinds of drugs at Indianapolis, and was instructed to buy another drug after she reached Cincinnati, but to be careful of it, as it was deadly poison and would kill her if not used correctly. Miss Hollingsworth says that Pearl Bryan then said to her: "I will go to Cincinnati and take the stuff, and if it kills me I will be near Jackson, and he will have to swing for it."

Miss Hollingsworth further says that Pearl was very bitter toward Jackson, who, she claimed, was responsible for her condition.

Doctor Looked On.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 10.—The safe at the Georgiaville postoffice was blown open early yesterday morning, and the contents consisting of about $100 in postage stamps and money, were taken. The burglars went to Georgiaville in a buggy. The sound of the explosion awoke Dr. I. S. Cooke, who lives opposite, and he could see the men at work in the office. He telephoned for aid, but before it arrived they had driven toward Woonsocket. The office is a total wreck.

A Religious Streak.

PERRY, O. T., Feb. 10.—At Tonkawa, a small town a few miles north of here, Free Methodists are holding a revival, and it seems the whole town will be turned over to religion. The meeting goes on every day and night. Men and women faint in their enthusiasm, and a man and woman have died while shouting.

Birdie's Suit Begun.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The suit of Birdie Sutherland, a popular ballet girl, against Dudley C. Majoribanks, a lieutenant in the fourth battalion of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, for £20,000 ($100,000) damages for breach of promise of marriage, began today before Judge Russell and a special jury.

Brothers In Mortal Combat.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—Carl Dahlke and his brother Herman fought a duel to the death with knives last night in the rear of 208 Blackhawk street, the home of their sister, Mrs. Stuy. The affair occurred as the result of a family quarrel.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The State bank of Savannah, Mo., was robbed of $14,500.

The Chinese indemnity fund is to remain in London.

The Habana press is very bitter against the United States.

England appears anxious to arbitrate the Venezuelan dispute.

Judge Allison, for 45 years on the bench at Philadelphia, is dead.

Joseph Shovenor, 6 years old, was drowned at Cranston, R. I.

Edison bought the assets of the North American Phonograph company.

Charles C. Reed of Hyde Park, Mass., committed suicide in a Boston hotel.

A terrific southeasterly gale, accompanied by sleet, is raging at Halifax.

The reported ill-treatment of John Hays Hammond in Pretoria prison is denied.

The Kentucky house petitioned congress to permit a popular election of senator.

Work of the Pro-Armenian alliance is to be extended throughout this country.

Italy and Austria are endeavoring to restore amicable Anglo-German relations.

The Ohio Republican state central committee declared for McKinley for president.

The New York Republican state committee endorsed Governor Morton for the presidency.

Dr. F. B. S. Stephens of Lynn, Mass., aged 35, died of apoplexy. He had been city physician three years.

Fire destroyed the oil and glue works of George J. Tarr & Co. at Gloucester, Mass. The loss will reach $75,000.

Mme. Modjeska, who has been sick at Cincinnati for several weeks, has left to join her company in Chicago.

The packing house of the Tri-City Packing company at Davenport, Ia., was totally destroyed by fire. Loss, $110,000.

The manufactory of the Prescott Piano company at Concord, N. H., was destroyed by fire. The loss on the plant is $45,000.

The Lewiston (Me.) baseball club have received the contracts of Third Baseman Frank Shea and that of Pitcher John Stafford.

Cordella E. Brown of Hartford committed suicide by shooting himself. Mental worry and ill-health were the cause of the suicide.

Walter Tarbell, aged 21, a brakeman on the Boston and Maine road, fell from the rear of a train at Medford, Mass., and was instantly killed.

The Lynn (Mass.) Boot and Shoe union voted to withdraw from the Knights of Labor and apply for admission to the International union.

William Duncan of Chelsea, Mass., 68 years old, employed caulking a schooner at Boston, fell into the hold of the vessel, and was instantly killed.

Thomas Chambers, county jailer, was found dead in one of the city docks at Halifax. It is supposed he committed suicide. He was about 65 years of age.

The Dominion government steamer Newfield has returned to Halifax from a trip to Sable island. The superintendent reports no wrecks this winter thus far.

The national board of directors of the Travelers' Protective Association of America has decided to hold the national convention at Terre Haute, Ind., June 2 next.

The exports of specie from the port of New York last week amounted to $827,912 in gold and $622,263 in silver. The imports were: Gold, $3,804,371; silver, $10,006.

Henry M. Clinton, who claims to live in New York, and who is under arrest at Hartford for alleged larceny of jewelry, is wanted by the Springfield (Mass.) police.

Albert H. Chadbourne, one of the most prominent hotel men in Connecticut, died at New Haven after a three days' sickness from pneumonia. He was 44 years old.

Brown university athletes have decided to join with those from the University of Pennsylvania to organize an annual mile relay race between teams from the leading American colleges.

Jeremiah Halsey, LL.D., an eminent member of the Connecticut bar, died at Washington. He was an ex-judge of the Norwich (Conn.) court and an ex-member of the legislature. He was 52 years old.

Nathaniel Randall was arrested at Haverhill, Mass., charged with breaking and entering. It is alleged that Randall bound and gagged his uncle and aunt in New Durham, N. H., and stole their pension money.

Appeal From Many Churches.

BUFFALO, Feb. 10.—Nearly all the Protestant churches of this city, with several of the Jewish congregations, united in 25 places of worship last night in simultaneous mass meetings to protest against the Armenian outrages. A uniform resolution was adopted at the several meetings calling on congress and the executive branch of the United States government to take such immediate action as will effectively restrain the Turkish government and subjects from further murder and outrages.

I LIKE MY WIFE TO Use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder because it improves her looks and is as fragrant as violets.

SEVEN DROWNED

The Men Went Down With Schooner.

OFF PLUM ISLAND AT SALISBURY BEACH.

The Alliance's Captain and Two Men Lost.

AMESBURY, Mass., Feb. 10.—Schooner Florida, coal laden, for an eastern port, is a wreck half a mile off Salisbury beach. The Plum Island lifesaving crew reached here last night and attempted to reach the vessel with a line for the breeches buoy. Seven men were seen in the rigging when she came ashore yesterday afternoon.

The Florida went to pieces at 10 o'clock last night, when the masts gave way, letting the seven occupants into the sea. Two of the bodies were washed ashore. The lifesaving crew could do nothing, as no boat could stand the sea. The vessel hailed from Belfast, Me. She struck the sandbed, near where the schooner Jennie M. Carter was wrecked a year ago, in a treacherous spot.

Big bonfires were built on the beach and attempts made by fishermen to reach the fated schooner. Bombs with lines attached, thrown by lifesaving crew, were not caught by the sailors on the Florida, who were in a benumbed condition. Five of them were on the mizzenmast, one on the mainmast and the other on the bowsprit. During the evening hatches and portions of the Florida's boats came ashore. A portion of the lifesaving crew will patrol the beach on watch for other bodies. Several hundred people saw the wreck go to pieces.

The lifesavers made a gallant effort at rescue. The hardy fellows pushed their lifeboat out into the towering breakers, and, manning the oars, pulled with zeal to make way, but their effort was futile. The boat was caught in the trough of the sea, was overturned, and their attempt to go to the schooner had to be abandoned.

In the meantime, during all that long wait, almost an eternity to the poor fellows in their perilous place in the rigging, with death awaiting them on all sides, they could be seen. What their feelings were as they saw darkness settling may readily be conjectured.

Lifted by the surging sea and moved by the gale, the vessel had been slowly forced farther toward the shore. Then the lifesavers made an effort to save the imprisoned and imperilled crew. They made her position as best their trained eyes and ears could place her, and fired the lifeline. Experience told them that they had reached her, but that was the only result attained.

Either the men had already succumbed to their fearful sufferings or had become so benumbed with cold that they could do nothing to make the lines fast, and the lifesavers were forced to abandon their efforts to save.

In the meanwhile the seething, foaming and battering sea had been at its work breaking and tearing at the vessel's side. At 10 o'clock she was rapidly becoming a mass of broken planks and splinters, and her masts had gone by the board. Another sea grave had received its victims.

Wreck of the Alliance.

The three masted schooner Alliance, which left New York last Sunday, went ashore on Plum island last night, and was stove to fragments, four of the crew being saved and three drowned. The survivors are foreigners, and particulars are not understood.

The schooner had 400 tons of coal for St. John, N. B., and was commanded by Captain Mellons. She sailed from New York, and reached Edgartown, where she rode out Friday's gale, and made Cape Cod yesterday afternoon. The captain kept off shore in the teeth of a streaky northeast gale, but he soon heard the whistling buoy and sighted Plum island light. Before they realized it the schooner struck, floated and was driven a mile up the beach through the breakers. She struck head on, the spars came out and she went to pieces.

The lost are: Captain Mellons of St. John, N. B.; 30 years, unmarried; John Reed, Calais, Me., age 26; Andrew ——, cook, of Spring Hill, N. S., 40 years. The wreckage is being searched for bodies.

Went to the Bottom.

GREENPORT, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Schooner Scudder left New York for the east with a cargo of coal. All went well until the channel between Plum gut and Orient point was reached. The currents carried the vessel along, dragging her anchors, and she was brought up against the rocks of Orient point. Captain Raynor and his men had hardly gotten away from the schooner when the rocks had pounded a hole in her bottom, and she went down in 10 feet of water.

Crew Narrowly Escaped Death.

CEDAR KEYS, Fla., Feb. 10.—Schooner John W. Foster, with a cargo of lumber, was burned 100 miles west of here. The ship and cargo are a total loss. The captain and crew of seven men left the vessel in an open yawl and were afterward capsized. They managed to get on the bottom of the boat, where they remained for 58 hours before being picked up by the Bessie Wish and landed here.

Last of the Stella.

HAMPTON, N. H., Feb. 10.—The schooner Stella, coal laden, went ashore below Rye beach last night during the gale, and is a total loss. The crew of seven men were saved.

Will the Promise Be Kept?

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 10.—The porte has communicated to the embassies of the powers its reply to the proposals of the Zeitounlis of their conditions of surrender. It is stated that the porte promises a satisfactory settlement.

Spaniards Won, of Course.

MADRID, Feb. 10.—Colonel Segrua, according to advices received from Habana, routed 4000 insurgents in the province of Pinar del Rio, killing 80 of them. The Spanish loss was seven killed.

Harvard TONIC PILLS
A Positive Cure For All Nervous and Kidney Diseases

DIARIES FOR 1896.
All Sizes, all Prices. New Year's Gifts in endless variety.
Merrimack House Block CAMBRIDGE. City Hall Square

NEW BACKS, FOR OLD

No Fairy Tale About This—Only Solid Facts.

We're doing it every day in Lowell.

It's our business.

All new backs we furnish are satisfactory, too.

Marvellous, isn't it?

Not so much so when you know who we are.

We're Doan's Kidney Pills.

Don't surprise you so much now.

You know they always do their work.

And their work is making new backs out of old.

Old backs ache.

That is, they seem to ache.

It's the kidneys that ache.

And the back does the talking.

Back ache is not all there is of kidney disease.

It's only the starter, so to speak.

Urinary troubles follow thick and fast.

Excessive urine—very common complaint.

Sediment in urine—getting worse.

High color and pain in passing—worse still.

Diabetes—Bright's Disease—Death—that's the end.

Trade that old back for a new one now.

Don't wait for all coming horrors.

Doan's Kidney Pills make the old back new.

Ask any Lowell citizen—here are a few:

Mark Walsh, 128 Central street.
Mrs. Chas. Slowey, 641 Market street.
G. S. Emerson, 312 Westford street.
H. Doyle, 1415 Middlesex street.
Mrs. Mary Traynor, 28 Pearl Street.
Mrs. S. A. Lewis, 82 Grand street.
Martin Canning, 9 Whiting street.
Thos. Burke, 12 Garnet street.
H. E. Richardson, Dexter's grocery.
F. D. Sawyer, 118 Walker street.
Mrs. Knowles, 46 Cross street.
Mrs. F. Warburton, 70 Elm street.
J. W. Mevis, 448 Riverside street.
Mrs. Mary Gard, 4 Noble's court.
W. S. Richardson, 62 Royal street.
R. J. Gilmour, 54 Jenness street.
F. Zeseweitz, 150 Dummer street.
Clarence Wilman, Carpet Mills.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S.

A HAVERHILL MYSTERY

HOW THOMAS O'HEARN'S SKULL WAS BROKEN.

Foul Play is Suspected and the Assailant is Wanted.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Feb. 10.—Thomas A'Herne was found dead in the yard of Dr. Hugh Donahue yesterday noon, lying in a pool of blood with a fractured skull. A'Herne lived in the house of Mrs. Collins, on Locke street, and had entertained a man named O'Brien, Saturday night, in his room. They indulged in liquor, but yesterday morning A'Herne was seen about his room as usual by Mrs. Collins. Half an hour later she saw his body lying beside the fence in the adjoining yard. No disturbance was heard about the house, and there is no sign of any struggle in the hallway or in the snow where he was found. The body was found directly under the window of his room, but not in a position to which he could have jumped, and as his room is on the first floor, it is inconceivable how such a fall could have produced death.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Merrimacks number two defeated the Glenmores on Les Miserables' alleys Saturday evening by the following totals:

Merrimacks No. 2—F. Marren 463, Harrington 422, Healy 420, Carr 421, Midgley 444; total 2170.

Glenmores—W. Leith 400, Ashworth 346, Clark 377, Gregory 384, Willis 409; total 1916.

The Firemen Won.

On the firemen's alleys Saturday night Team One of the Central station defeated the Wholesale Grocers by 130 pins. Captain Merrill did not bowl. Dearth was high man with 534 and Shaw, Howes and McCormick were also above 500. The score:

Team 1, Central station—Brainard 486, Harris 464, Dearth 534, Halstead 455, McCormick 507; total 2443.

Wholesale Grocers—Howes 503, Pressey 412, F. M. Bill 449, Shaw 514, McCarty 435; total 2313.

THAT NEW THEATRE.

"The Savoy" to Be Opened a Week From Today.

One week from today the new Savoy theatre will be opened for the first time.

The proprietors have designed that it shall not enter the field now occupied but that it will fill a want with the Lowell public that its performances shall be of a different class.

The theatre will be much on the plan of Keith's in Boston. There will be an afternoon performance and the prices will be popular.

The scenery is being prepared in New York by special artists and will be the best of its kind. Three performances will be given daily; one in the afternoon and two in the evening.

BOARD OF TRADE MEETING

The Fight Over the Secretaryship May be Renewed.

The regular meeting of the board of trade is to be held tomorrow evening. A president will probably be elected, and Mr. Charles H. Coburn, who has before served the organization very efficiently in the position, is prominently mentioned.

The contest over the secretaryship of the board is likely to be renewed, and in connection with this matter, an interesting discussion is expected.

A Panther in Westford.

The people who live in Westford near the Acton line say that the cry of a panther has been heard in the woods of nights lately. Some think it may have been a nightmare.

Notice of Meeting.

LOWELL, Feb. 10th, 1896.

All members of the Bricklayer's union are requested to be present at a special meeting to be held at their hall, Middle street, tomorrow evening, (Tuesday, Feb. 11,) as business of importance is to come before the meeting. Per order,

CHAS. STANLEY, Cor. Sec.

MR. EDISON'S IDEA

He Discovers Light to Penetrate Steel.

A NEW APPLICATION OF CATHODE RAYS.

He Will be Able to Photograph the Brain.

ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 10.—Thomas A. Edison has made a discovery which he thinks is second in impotance only to the discovery by Professor Roentgen himself. The wizard of Menlo park obtained with a Crookes tube of his own manufacture a "light" which penetrates steel. That, so far as is known here, has not been accomplished before. The steel penetrated was one-eighth of an inch thick, and the "light," which is what Mr. Edison describes as "a pure blue fluorescence," penetrated the steel to such an extent as to leave the negative upon which the photograph was made perfectly black. Just how this more perfect force works, Mr. Edison does not know yet. He encountered a series of phenomena in his experiments, and he and his men are busy running down the things which they discovered.

THOMAS A. EDISON.

It was while he was experimenting to get a light which would penetrate the skull and photograph the brain that he came across the other. He had his glass-blower making Crookes tubes out of ordinary incandescent light bulbs. Vacuums of different degrees were created in the different tubes, which, by the way, were made complete in nine minutes, and at a total cost of about 50 cents each.

Edison, in relating it, said he did not know just what degree of vacuum it was which produced the blue fluorescence. He did not measure it. The fact of the matter was they were all so much in a hurry and so enthusiastic in the laboratory that they did not stop for the details, which could be ascertained easily enough after the first rush was over.

Waller's Release Probable.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Early last December congress called for the correspondence that the state department had had in reference to the Waller case, but so far no response has been made by the executive. It is believed that the delay has been caused by a desire of the state department to practically close up the incident before making it a subject of reply, and as it is now expected that the correspondence will be sent in very soon, it is consequently assumed that some satisfactory understanding has been reached with the French government by which the way has been opened for the release of the prisoner.

Will the Fights Come Off?

CHIHUAHUA, Mex., Feb. 10.—Governor Ahulaha of the state of Chihuahua has taken decisive steps toward preventing the proposed pugilistic carnival taking place within the confines of this state. He has issued orders for 1000 troops to proceed to the border and patrol the city of Juarez and adjacent territory during the days on which the fights are scheduled to occur. The governor has also addressed a letter to the principals and managers of the fights, informing them that they will positively not be allowed to trespass upon Mexican soil if any pugilistic encounters are contemplated.

For Monroe Principles.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—A national semi-military organization has been formed here by General M. A. Dillon, founder of the Union Veterans' union and the Medal of Honor Legion. The organization is called the Oriental Order of Zouaves, and its principal objects are to cultivate among citizens of all classes and ages a strong spirit of Americanism, with a special view to rigid enforcement of the Monroe doctrine.

Keeping Under Cover.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., Feb. 10.—Will Wood, a suspected accomplice in the Pearl Bryan murder and released on $5000 bail, reached here late Friday night and was kept in hiding. Excitement became so intense that friends of his father, presiding elder of the M. E. church of this district, warned him that his son was in danger of being lynched. He and the young man hurriedly left the city.

Printing Contracts Awarded.

The committee on printing Saturday awarded the contract for paper for the city documents to Jordan & Co. of Boston at 4 cents a pound. The former price was 4 1-2 cents.

John Barnes was given the contract for 400 red books. The News job print bid 78 cents a page for the auditor's report and received the contract.

Biliousness
Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache, insomnia, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Hood's Pills

All Styles RUBBERS Best Quality
BYAM'S FAMILY SHOE STORE,
62 Central and 63 Prescott Streets. We need not mention prices, as ours are always the lowest.

G. C. TAYLOR & CO.
Successors to Cook, Taylor & Co.,
98 Merrimack Street.
CLOAKS, CAPES
And Separate Skirts
For MONDAY And TUESDAY,
At Bargain Prices
The Lowest Prices ever given by any house in New England. This is the last call on Winter Goods. Prices Slaughtered, goods ALMOST GIVEN AWAY.
25 Wool Seal Capes, Martin trimmed, extra quality, only $8.75 each, have been sold for $22.50.
50 Heavy Boucle Jackets, $6.75, down from $13.50.
25 Special Fine Boucle Persian Silk Lined, extra quality, $12.50, down from $22.50.
20 Fine Coney Capes, extra quality and length, $4.75, down from $11.
Special reductions on SEPARATE SKIRTS. 50 Heavy Corded Black Wool Skirts, our own make, $3.10, down from $5.
Our line of SEPARATE SKIRTS is ahead of anything ever shown in Lowell.
Call and See Them.
G. C. Taylor & Co.

O'Donnell & Gilbride
IT WILL PAY THRIFTY HOUSEKEEPERS TO ATTEND OUR
Special Sale OF KITCHEN FURNISHINGS
Which opens in our Basement this morning. When you see and handle the goods in question you will readily perceive them to be worth about double our selling price, and yet a trade caprice enables us to fix these low prices.
4c. Will Buy Decorated Pint Bowls and Japanese Bud Vases.
5c. Will Buy 7 Dozen Clothes Pins or Decorated 1 1-2 Pint Bowls.
6c. Will Buy 2 1-2 quart Handled Sauce Pans, or one lot of Collanders, sold to date 10c.
7c. Will Buy Decorated Quart Bowls, or a Nice Brush Broom, sold to date, 15c.
8c. Will Buy French Porcelain Oyster Bowls, footed and Blue Gold Striped, or 4 Quart Handled Sauce Pans, or 7 inch White Opal Lamp Shades.
9c. Will Buy 1-2 Gallon Oil Cans, sold to date 15c.
10c. Will Buy Glass Nappies, worth 25 to 35c each. Tin Tea Pots, sold to date for 25c., one lot of Clothes Lines, sold to date at 18c each.
11c. Will Buy 5 qt. Handled Sauce Pans, or 1 Gallon Oil Cans.
13c. Will Buy White Opal Gas Globes, or 6 qt. Handled Sauce Pans.
14c. Will Buy Dinner Pails sold to date at 25c.
15c. Will Buy Rockingham Fire-Proof Stewing Kettles, 2 qt. size.
17c. Will Buy China Moustache Cups and Saucers, or Japanned Coal Hods, sold regularly at 29c.
21c. Will Buy 17 qt. Dish Pans, made of heavy tin.
23c. Will Buy Galvanized Oil Cans.
25c. Will Buy Chamber Pails, or Glass Oil Cans.
29c. Will Buy your choice of a lot of Covered Roasting Pans.
39c. Will Buy Fancy Colored Glass Globes, sold regularly at 45 to 98c.
79c. Will Buy your choice of a lot of Sewing Tables, regular price $1.25.
$1.69 Will Buy Edward Miller Table Lamps (nickel) complete with 10 inch shade.
$1.98 Will Buy Haddocks & Sons' Semi-porcelain Toilet Sets, regular price $3.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXIX. NO. 59. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

WORKING GIRLS

To Be Provided in a New Home

ON LAND PURCHASED BY ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.

Fine Buildings to Replace a Hideous Rookery.

A movement has been started by the priests of St. Patrick's parish and zealously taken up by the parishioners which will stand for all time as a monument to their charity and philanthropy, and it is the establishment of a home for working girls and old ladies.

Lowell has no working girls' home though the need for one has been apparent for years.

In textile cities young girls arrive in search of work in the mills and in a majority of cases are unchaperoned and without friends. Work cannot be obtained in a day and at night fall they have no place to go except to a hotel. Oftimes they are led to bad company and subsequently to an evil life. To prevent any such deplorable results, the priests of St. Patrick's have purchased land for a home for such women and for the many poor old women of this city who are left in their declining years without a friend to turn for a home.

The land purchased includes the well known Moran's yard on Cross street and the buildings in it which will make ample space for the erection of a fine, commodious building.

As Fr. Burke truly said, the very fact that the place had been purchased and the buildings are to be removed ought to be gratifying to the parishioners, for the people of the parish often on their way to and from church have seen and heard sights and sounds in that yard that were anything but edifying. Work on the building will be begun in the near future and no time will be lost in getting it completed.

But this is not the only remarkable improvement to be made at St. Patrick's for another and almost equally important has been started by the purchase of land and buildings on Fenwick street in the rear of St. Patrick's Boy's school for a playground for the pupils of the school. The school has grown rapidly under the careful supervision of the Xaverian brothers and the present yard is much too small for the boys who use it. The buildings on Fenwick street will be razed to the ground and the land put in condition for the best kind of a playground.

A PECULIAR CHARGE.

A Man Arrested For Bringing Liquor to a Prisoner in Police Station.

John Foley pleaded not guilty to the charge of having in his possession a half pint of whiskey within the precincts of the police station for the purpose of giving it to a prisoner, one Timothy Foley without the order of a physician.

It was the first case of its kind to be remembered in the police court and the penalty attached to it is severe. It is punishable by a fine not more than $50 or a sentence of not more than two months.

Foley bought the liquor yesterday from a man in Market street and took it down in his brother's coat sending it into the cell.

He said he has only been in the country since Christmas and was in ignorance of the law.

The court informed Foley that ignorance of the law is no excuse but under the circumstances a light fine, $6 was imposed.

DEATHS.

PHILIPS—Agnes J. Phelps, aged 43 years, died Saturday evening at her home, 78 West Sixth street.

GRANT—Alexander Grant, aged 78 years, died Saturday at his home, 150 West Sixth street.

McQUADE—Mrs. Susan McQuade died Saturday at her home, 35 Livingstone street. She is survived by a son and two daughters.

LARDNER—Mary Lardner, child of John and Annie Lardner, died this morning at their home, 112 Chapel street.

COTTINGHAM — Mary Cottingham, aged 55 years, died yesterday at her home, 283 Lakeview avenue. She leaves a brother and a sister.

Big Money.

We save you big money on sugar, we can save you bigger money on tea and coffee. Patronize us and see. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 83 Merrimack street.

J. F. O'DONNELL,
Practical Undertaker

Always on time. Out-of-Town Orders promptly attended to. Telephone 439-3.

324 Market Street, cor. Worthen

FOR FLOWERS
GO TO
PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS
293 CENTRAL STREET.

WOOD TO BURN. Get in your stock of Wood for the Winter. We have all kinds. Hard wood, soft wood, mill kindling and slabs Edward Cogger & Co., 155 Church and 23 Concord streets.

FIRST C. CHURCH

Rev. Mr. Kenngott Holds the Fort.

THE LESSEES' PULPIT SUPPLY ALSO PRESENT.

Forcible Sermon Touching on the Trouble.

Under the existing circumstances Rev. Mr. Kenngott the sincere, capable, but apparently unappreciated pastor of the First Congregational church could not have selected a more appropriate theme for a Sunday discourse than that which he was pleased to term lessons from the life of Paul, Saul of Tarous, which could not be mistaken; in fact he furnished food for reflection for not only the twelve apostles but the entire church.

Rev. Mr. Kenngott preached and the twelve apostles were again thwarted.

It was a significant defeat for the lessees and their preacher, the Rev. Mr. Ross, of Cambridge, "announced" it gracefully though to the more sanguine of the anti-Kenngott faction, the announcement, perhaps, was not received as meaning such.

As was expected the interest in the affair and the sensational circumstances attending attracted a large congregation to the pretty church, many ladies being there, notwithstanding the storm.

As each arrived the information was heard that Rev. Mr. Kenngott was going to preach after all, and many not religiously inclined, consequently did not go inside.

At the usual hour the sermon began with scripture reading by Rev. Mr. Ross, followed by the usual services.

When the time to make the announcements arrived, there was an impressive silence and Rev. Mr. Kenngott arose and gave out the customary announcements. His conclusion was decidedly interesting, for he said:

"Rev. Mr. Ross will preach this evening and he has an announcement to make."

Then Rev. Mr. Ross addressed the congregation saying that he had been invited to be present by the lessees of the church and in accordance with that invitation he was present.

The lessees had done as much as they had agreed to with him and when he would speak had been determined after his arrival. He wanted it understood that he was not a partisan and were he invited as such he would not have accepted the invitation.

He was recognized by the officials and treated with christian kindness and was thankful to the members of the church for their treatment of him.

Rev. Mr. Ross having finished Rev. Mr. Kenngott took the rostrum and the victory was won.

He announced that he would draw lessons from Paul and he did so with a significance which was highly appreciated by his friends. If irreverence be pardoned, the lessons "knocked" the anti-Kenngott faction, for some of them fitted their case astonishingly well.

The speaker represented Saul as having persecuted Christians while believing that he was carrying out the work of God, afterward having heard the Word in Damascus he preached the true faith. Then Rev. Mr. Kenngott lead his hearers through the review of Paul's great work and drew the first lesson in which he exhorted his auditors to work for the greater power of the church and not against it. Continuing in a similar strain he drew lessons from Paul's epistles to the Colossians.

After the morning services Rev. Mr. Kenngott attended his Sunday school class and was warmly received by his friends.

Rev. Mr. Ross preached in the evening as per agreement.

It is said that papers in an action for trespass will be served on Mr. Kenngott this week. This will test the legality of the lease.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

CARPENTER—The funeral of Captain William L. Carpenter late of the navy yard watch in Charlestown, took place Saturday at his residence, 40 Monument avenue. The body was brought to this city for interment.

HARRIGAN—The funeral of the late Thomas Harrigan took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence, 10 Linden street, and was very largely attended.

The remains were removed to St. Peter's church where service was held, Rev. Fr. McManus officiating. The singing was by a male quartet. At the conclusion of the service the funeral cortege was formed and proceeded to the Catholic cemetery where the interment took place.

The pall bearers were Messrs. James P. Sheridan, John Harrigan, Edward O'Connell, James O'Donnell, John E. Sullivan and John J. Green.

The ushers at the house and the church were John F. Conners, John H. Riordan and Thomas H. Murphy.

SWIFT—The funeral of Mary A. Swift took place Saturday afternoon from her home in the Dracut Navy Yard. It was very largely attended and interment was in the Catholic cemetery. Rev. Fr. Scannell officiated at the grave.

MURRAY—The funeral of Mary A. Murray occurred Saturday afternoon from her late home on Salem street. There was a very large attendance of relatives and friends of the deceased. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery where Rev. Fr. Gleason conducted service.

McEVOY—The funeral of John McEvoy was held yesterday afternoon from his late home on Jewett street.

The pall bearers were Messrs. Patrick O'Brien, Thomas Fox, Edward Mitchell and Patrick Brown. At the grave in the Catholic cemetery, Rev. Fr. Scannell officiated.

HYDE—Charles Hall Hyde was buried this afternoon from Undertaker Molloy's warerooms. Rev. Dr. Chambre officiated and burial was in the Edson cemetery.

Y. M. C. L. S. Delegates.

At a meeting of the Young Men's Catholic Literary society of St. Patrick's church, yesterday, the following delegates were elected to the St. Patrick's day convention: Frank A. M. Tobin, John R. Shea, Thomas H. Muldoon, John T. Powers, Thomas Brady, Thomas Corcoran and Thomas McCann.

IRISH NATIONAL ALLIANCE

HELD ITS INITIAL BUSINESS MEETING YESTERDAY.

Addition of Membership and Remarks by Talented Speakers.

The local branch of the Irish National Alliance held its second meeting in Hibernian hall and proved that the movement which it has undertaken has many sympathizers in this city.

The attendance was not as great as at the first meeting but still there were many present and a number of new members were admitted.

President Lyons called to order at three o'clock and routine business was taken up after Pres. Lyons had made opening remarks referring to the meeting held in Lawrence last evening. He suggested the election of a vice president and financial secretary and the adoption of by-laws.

A committee consisting of Messrs. A. F. Roach, J. Ryan and Michael J. Finnegan was appointed to negotiate with the Central council of the Hibernians for the hall and later in the meeting reported that they could engage it for the first Friday and third Sunday in each month. Henceforth these will be the regular meeting days.

The committee appointed to draw up by-laws consisted of the chairman and Messrs. Stephen Doyle, P. J. O'Brien, James Greeley and Mr. Hannafin. They will meet this evening.

An invitation to send seven delegates to the St. Patrick's day convention was accepted and the committee appointed as follows: The chairman, Messrs. Crowley, Cryan, Hannon, Dalfrey, Brassell and Roche.

Remarks were then called for and Mr. Flynn of Boston was introduced. He urged all to exert individual influence towards increasing the membership roll. Let there be no Irish partisan, for partisanship and sectarianism are not tolerated in our order. Respect every man's opinion though it differs from yours. It is necessary that we have a united organization for the spirit of West Britainism has spread across the ocean and its evil influence is being exerted in an insidious attempt to proscribe us. Having been in Ireland I think an opportunity is near at hand and we should be ready when it comes.

Remarks were also made by President Lyons, Michael Bruin, P. J. O'Brien, Michael Cryan, Michael Finnegan and others.

After the speaking the matter of holding a social affair on St. Patrick's day was discussed and the committee to take the matter in charge will be President Lyons, P. J. O'Brien, James Greeley, M. F. Lyons, Andrew F. Roche, Michael Finnegan, Michael Bruin, Michael Cryan, John H. Riordan, Stephen Doyle and Patrick Fitzgerald. The meeting of the committee will be held next Sunday.

It was voted to make the last meeting in March the time limit for charter membership. The meeting then adjourned.

LOCAL NOTES.

Dance orders for Valentine parties at THE SUN office.

The cooks and bakers of Lowell will have an assembly in Associate hall this evening.

Mr. Edward Garner, overseer of the yard on the Hamilton, has returned from a trip to the Holy Land and is looking well though he dropped 35 pounds.

The proceeds of the ball of Canton Pawtucket, Patriarchs Militant, I. O. O. F., Feb. 26, will be devoted to paying the expenses of the visit to Brockton in April, when all the cantons of the state will be assembled.

At the high mass yesterday morning in St. Michael's church the choir rendered Mozart's seventh mass. The choir was assisted by Mr. John A. Stanhope cornetist and Oswald T. Bamber, violinist at the morning service.

Two Fires.

An alarm from box 13, Saturday evening, was occasioned by a slight blaze in a house on John street. No damage.

A telephone alarm at 10.30 last night called the Palmer street men to Henry Ayotte's barber shop, 99 Market street, where fire had started in a heap of rubbish. Damage insignificant.

Meeting in Lawrence.

A large number of Lowell people attended the public meeting of the Irish National Alliance at Lawrence last night. Among the speakers was Philip J. Farley, Esq., of this city and another was a clergyman from Donegal, Ire.

Fell and Broke Her Leg.

Annie Cornock who lives at 185 Liberty street slipped and fell in Coral street yesterday afternoon. She broke a leg. The ambulance took her to St. John's hospital.

Ice Breaking Up.

The ice has broken up above the falls as far as the bend of the river and Saturday afternoon it floated down filling the river with the cakes and small pieces.

Change of Location.

Loupret, the photographer, is now with Lampron, 29 Central street.

Rich Red

Blood is absolutely essential to health. It is secured easily and naturally by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, but is impossible to get it from so-called "nerve tonics," and opiate compounds, absurdly advertised as "blood purifiers." They have temporary, sleeping effect, but do not CURE. To have pure

Blood

And good health, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has first, last, and all the time, been advertised as just what it is—the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Its success in curing Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration and That Tired Feeling, have made

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

MAGGIE CARROLL

Believed to Have a Romantic History.

SAID TO BE AN EX-MAYOR'S DAUGHTER.

Now Arrested For Stealing a Watch.

On Saturday morning Inspectors Laflamme and Allen arrested pretty Maggie Carroll, aged 19, of 318 Bridge street, for larceny of a watch from her landlady, Ida E. Foye.

In conversation with the officers later, the young woman said that her father is Mr. Mac Connell, a wealthy lumberman of Atlanta, Ga., who is an ex-mayor of the city.

He sent her to a seminary at East Pennacook, N. H., but tiring of that place she went to St. Joseph's academy at Suncook, N. H., and after that went to work as a pastry cook at the Manchester house at Manchester, N. H.

While there she met and married George Carroll whom she knew at her birthplace, Stackford Hollow, Can. They were married by Rev. Fr. Barry at West Concord, N. H. After their marriage they came to Lowell and her husband worked in a mill until he became sick and died in the corporation hospital two months ago.

Matron Wallace says that the girl acts and speaks like a well bred woman. She asked her why she did not write to her father but received no answer.

A young man named Carroll died at the corporation hospital in December.

During the trial of the other prisoners this morning the Carroll woman sat beside the other prisoners apparently unconcerned.

When called for trial she pleaded guilty.

She was questioned by the court who afterward appeared to take but little stock in what she said. She said she belonged in Atlanta, but when Judge Hadley asked her questions about the city she appeared to be unacquainted with it. The court decided to hold her in $400 bonds until tomorrow in order that more may be learned concerning her life.

She told the court that her father was in Allentown, N. H.

After the case the defendant wept bitterly at times.

LECTURED ON TRUSTS.

Interesting Address by B. D. O'Connell, Esq.

Bernard D. O'Connell, Esq., lectured before the Reform club last evening on the subject: "The new coal trust." Mr. O'Connell told of the threatened advance of 20 cents a ton in coal, and said that the effects of all trusts is to lay excessive burdens on the people. He thought it was time for the people to rise in their might and strike down the trusts which are endangering their liberty.

A CRIPPLE CROOK

Giving Trouble to State Authorities Hereabouts.

George Hoitt, a cripple has been giving the authorities of this state and New Hampshire some trouble.

On Thursday last he applied for aid in Nashua, having gone there from Lowell. He said he had come from the Tewksbury almshouse and the Nashua authorities sent him back.

The superintendent of the almshouse says that Hoitt came there from Needham with his feet frozen. He said he had come from Nashua originally.

CHOIR ROSSINI

Holds a Successful Concert in Aid of Garin Fund.

A large audience enjoyed the grand concert given in Huntington, last evening, by the Choir Rossini, in aid of the Garin memorial fund.

An excellent program was offered which opened by the chorus in charge of Philias David, Jr. Alfred De Seve, the famous violinist, and Bowen R. Church of Reeve's American band, the well known cornetist, rendered solos in their usual masterly manner. The solos of Thomas Clifford, Miss Eugenie Lambert, Miss E. M. Becker, and Mr. Michel were all well received. The program was a treat and the affair besides was a financial success.

THE CHRISTIAN LAMP

Is Now in Litigation—Which Shall Have It—O'Connell and Cowley Contending Again.

In the amenities now being indulged by some of our christian churches is a suit for recovery of a lamp which the parishioners of the French Protestant church lent to the Berean Primitive Methodist church.

Both claim ownership and the Berean holds possession, hence legal proceedings.

Legal proceedings, aye, more than that, if the report be true, for the plaintiffs, it is said, have engaged B. B. O'Connell, Esq., while the defendants have retained Chas. Cowley, Esq.

To Assist Fallen Women.

An application for incorporation under the name of the Sheltering Arms has been filed at the state house by the following Lowell people:

Sarah I. Lyman, Lucy M. Dennis, Nancy D. Daggett, Jane N. Short, Lucy A. Hobart, Aphia S. Harris, Freelove P. Kenney, Jeremiah Clark and John Dennis.

The object is stated to be "for the purpose of reclaiming and assisting fallen women and promoting in all possible ways social morality."

Day Nursery Association.

Report of the Day Nursery association for the month ending Jan. 31, 1896: Whole number of children cared for at both Kirk street and Centralville nurseries, 282; largest number for any one day, 23; smallest number, 4.

Contributions have been received from Mrs. Dr. Bass, Mrs. Julian Talbot, Mrs. Edwards, North Chelmsford, Mrs. Edward Lyman, Mrs. Alexander Campbell, Harry Collings, C. G. Thurston, Girls' Friendly society connected with St. John's Episcopal church, and the Loyal Circle of King's Daughters of Nashua, N. H.

ALBERT L. BACHELLER, Clerk.

LATEST

SEVERAL KILLED

By a Boiler Explosion This Morning

AT A LONSDALE, RHODE ISLAND, MILL.

Several Injured and Likely to Die.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Feb. 10.—One man was killed, one fatally injured and five seriously injured by the explosion of a 110 horse power boiler at the Arm and Hope mill at Lonsdale at 6.15 this morning.

The boiler was one of a battery of 16 which furnished power to the mill and the force of the explosion damaged six of the others. Windows were blown to pieces even at a distance of 1000 feet.

The man killed was Patrick McCannon a fireman. Death was instantaneous. The financial loss will reach $25,000.

A PRIEST GRABBED

By a Madman During a Church Service.

BOSTON, Feb. 9.—Yesterday forenoon in St. Paul's church at the corner of Mt. Auburn and Holyoke streets, Cambridge, when Rev. Fr. Ryan was giving instructions to a number of young people, the meeting was rudely disturbed by a man rushing in and requesting the priest to bless him. In order to avert any trouble, the man's request was complied with. He kneeled down and was blessed.

Suddenly the clergyman was startled by the man jumping up and grasping him by both arms. Fr. Ryan tried to work himself free, but to no purpose. The man clung to the priest tenaciously and all efforts to shake him off were futile.

The young people were in a state of excitement. The police were notified and two strong men were necessary to free the priest from the man's grasp. The man gave his name as Michael O'Neil. He is a teamster and is thought to be insane, and will be examined by a physician. Some time ago he created a similar disturbance in Fr. Scully's church.

PUTNAM GUARDS' BAZAAR.

Closing Exercises After a Successful Week's Duration.

The Putnam Guards' bazaar closed Saturday evening. The attendance was very large and the gattling gun drill by picked men of Company G, was very interesting.

Season ticket awards were as follows: First prize, $100 in gold, won by George Badger, 169 Middlesex street; chamber set, Charles E. Clarke, 105 Shaw street; easy chair, John Geary, 762 Lakeview avenue; $40 in gold, B. R. Counter, 447 Worthen street.

On the officers' table the banquet lamp was awarded to Katie Carr, the toilet set to Katie Cluin, the guessing cushion to Mrs. Randall of Boston, the bridal doll to Miss Nellie Fairweather, sweater to Thos. Holden, umbrella to Frank Dodge, and pair of shoes to Maggie Lickie.

On the sergeants' table the painting was awarded to Eddie Littlechild, and Frank Raymond was awarded the guess cushion. Esther L. Hussier was awarded the umbrella and Joseph Watsford was first in in the nuts contest. Eugene Early was awarded the oil painting on the company table.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Music Hall.

Quite a clever conceit is the character of A Little Busybody in Miss Akerstrom's comedy-drama, with the above title which will appear at Music hall tonight. She is mixed up in all sorts of intrigue, and acquits herself in a most creditable manner under all the circumstances. How deftly she hides the pocketbook in the pan of corn when feeding the chickens. She is equal to the emergency in the boat scene, and shows nerve and daring when she smashes the window and leaps to, and escapes down a telegraph pole. There is nothing overdrawn or verging on the impossible in this play, neither are you asked to draw upon your imagination to fill a deficiency. Although one of the oldest in her repertoire, it never fails to draw a good house and to please her patrons. The play will be presented at Music hall Monday evening. See ad.

POLICE COURT.

Hadley, J.

There were 27 drunks in this morning and only one was sentenced, she was the redoubtable Mary Stuart of the "Bowery" of Centralville, and she got 6 months at the state farm.

Chictos Boulan was put under $100 bonds to keep the peace with one of his countrymen.

James Kane, charged with larceny, was continued.

McLAUGHLIN'S HOME

Is Yet Unknown to Undertaker Molloy.

A man from Lynn called at Molloy's warerooms yesterday and said he recognized the man McLaughlin who jumped in the canal as a person whom he had seen around the shoe factories in Lynn.

Another man came from St. Albans, Vt., and said he thought McLaughlin was a railroad man.

It is True

that there is no other tea used so extensively in this city today as the Garden Flower tea sold by us. If you are not using it you don't use the best tea. Commercial Tea Co., opp. post office.

Date of Election Changed.

The date of the election of the members of the model government of Union Franco-Americaine has been changed from Feb. 12 to Feb. 20.

THAT ROW AGAIN

To Be Renewed in City Committee

OF THE GRAND OLD PARTY TONIGHT.

Manning and Holgate Unite Their Forces.

There will be another pitched battle at the special meeting of the republican city committee tonight.

The meeting will be held in pursuance of a petition signed by Jerome F. Manning, Samuel Holgate, Wm. H. Brown, Byron W. Johnson, James Barnes, T. H. Thomas Gardiner, James Hall, James Bennett, James Clarke.

The first thing the petition asks is the determining whether the meeting last week was in violation of Rule 22 of the committee and so illegal. If that is so, as Mr. Manning and some other members claim, the action regarding Holgate will not stand.

The other articles of the petition are:

2. And to consider and act on the votes of each and every member of this committee, who is, for the year 1896, a member of the board of overseers of the poor, in and for the city of Lowell; in voting to elect and appoint democrats to any office or place under the legal control and direction of said board of overseers of the poor, in their official capacity, as said board.

3. To consider the action of said board as to abolishing the so-called "woodyard."

5. To consider any matter or business "for the good of the republican party" in said city, that may come before said committee, at said special meeting.

6. To consider, if the time requires it, the matter of caucuses to choose delegates for the party convention prior to the republican national convention called for June 16th, 1896.

It is all apparently a move on the part of Holgate's defenders to have him vindicated.

Mr. Manning if not paid is acting voluntarily as counsel for Holgate during the row.

If Col. Bennett can attend tonight there will be more fun than at the last meeting.

Every office holder who has voted for a democrat will be investigated. This is but a ruse to exonerate Holgate by showing that Webster and nearly every republican office holder at some time voted for a democrat on a trade or otherwise.

The election of City Engineer Bowers was accomplished by the republican members of the city council, led by President Webster. Mr. Bowers is a democrat. In the overseers of the poor, Messrs. Kimball, Williams and Holgate will come within the provisions of the motion; and the only ones who can count themselves safe are the republican members of the school board.

Every member will go to the meeting tonight with a knife up his sleeve and a copious supply of war paint.

The circus will be better than any ever got together by Barnum, and if reporters are admitted the public will get the benefit of a fair report of the proceedings.

If reporters be excluded the Manning-Johnson-Holgate clique will misrepresent the meeting to their own liking in the papers.

This is an A.P.A. fight against the old-line republicans, and Col. Bennett is the only man who has made a firm stand on behalf of the latter against the faction led by Manning and the advisory board.

POLICE NOTES.

William Allen of London street was in Wood's jewelry store at an auction Saturday night. As the auctioneer was yelling about a watch Mr. Allen noticed that his own was gone. Some expert pickpocket had taken it. Mr. Allen told the police about it.

Alexander Alakopolis who was arrested Saturday night by Officer J. W. Fox will be charged with stealing a stove from a vacant tenement in Fenwick street. He sold the stove for $5.

James Kane was arrested Saturday evening at the Bon Marche by Officers McClonghry and Atkinson. He had pilferred several small articles. He claimed that he took the articles to buy food.

ABSOLUTELY FREE

THE TRIMMING, CUTTING, MAKING, AND PRESSING

ON A LOT OF 63 ALL WOOL

PANTS

We have gathered together from all the broken lines. All we ask

IS THE PRICE OF THE WOOL

Some $2, some $2.50, others $3, none over $4, and all are right down to the price of the raw material.

If we can't fit you—keep your money—if we have what you want,

YOU'RE A WINNER.

Merrimack Op. City Hall. The Big Store, Cloth'g Co.

THE SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK

WILL WITHDRAW

From Church Because of Award of Contract.

BY PASTOR TO NON-UNION MEN.

Brockton Central Labor Union So Decides.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BROCKTON, Feb. 10.—The Brockton Central labor union at the meeting yesterday made public a card protesting against the action of Rev. F. L. McClure, pastor of St. Patrick's church in awarding the contract for grading Calvary cemetery to Charles McDonough.

McDonough is an anti-union man and has fought and been fought by the local unions for some time past.

The members of the union have declared that unless Fr. McClure taken the contract from McDonough, they will withdraw from his church, at which 400 of them attend.

WILL STOP THE FIGHT

UNITED STATES AND MEXICO ARE UNANIMOUS

In the Attempt to Stop Maher and Fitzsimmons Fight at All Hazards.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—Attorney General Harmon said today that the government will prevent the Maher-Fitzsimmons fight at all hazards. Minister Romero, the Mexican ambassador, states the Mexican government will surely prevent the fight being held in its territory.

"BAT" SHEA IS DOOMED.

The New York Murderer Will be Electrocuted Tomorrow.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BANNERMORA, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Final arrangements for the electrocution of "Bat" Shea were made today and the execution will take place at 10 o'clock tomorrow.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 10.—Galvin K. Hitt of the counsel, called on Gov. Morton today and pleaded in Shea's behalf, but the governor gave his final refusal to interfere with the law, as he could see no reason for so doing.

CAPTAIN'S BODY FOUND.

Floated Ashore at Salisbury Beach Today.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AMESBURY, Mass., Feb. 10.—A body supposed to be that of Capt. Arthur Brown of the wrecked vessel Florida, was washed ashore this morning. The wreck is about a quarter of a mile off shore and only the hull remains. An attempt to board her will be made today. Five of the crew are still missing.

Aerolite Explosion.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, Spain, Feb. 10.—The explosion of an aerolite 20 miles in the air shook the earth today and caused a panic.

Secretary Uhl.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10.—The name of Assistant Secretary Uhl to be minister to Germany, will be sent to the senate today.

Death From Exposure.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DANVERS, Mass., Feb. 10.—The body of Alonzo Burnham, aged 56 years, a lawyer, was found on the Boston and Maine tracks this morning. Death was due to exposure.

A Pleasant Trolley Party.

A Valentine trolley party to North Chelmsford in aid of the bazaar of St. Michael's church, under the auspices of the young ladies of the parish, will take place on next Thursday evening. There will be dancing and refreshments at the town hall and a good time is assured to all who attend. Special cars will leave Merrimack square at 7.30 and at intervals of fifteen minutes afterward. The last car will leave for Lowell at 12 o'clock.

Coming to Lowell.

Rev. Fr. Lawrence, a classmate of Fr. Dacey at the Tewksbury novitiate, has been transferred from Buffalo, N. Y., to the Immaculate Conception church of this city. Until within a few weeks he has been a professor in the Holy Cross college of Buffalo, but desired a change with the above result.

A Match for Martin.

"Spike" Sullivan, who was matched Saturday to box Gans of Baltimore at the West Newton street armory, Feb. 22, if he gets the decision from Gans, will seek a match with Martin Flaherty of Lowell.

Marriage Intentions.

The only intention recorded at the city clerk's office today was Joseph Gaynon 24 to Eugenie LeClaire 24.

When you need printing remember THE SUN.

Our store will be closed Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday Evenings until March.

Neglige Shirts for 50 cents, worth a dollar.

New spring patterns of soft finished Cheviots.

These shirts are 37 inches long, bodies of full width: Made with felled seams and gathered yokes. French placquet sleeves; full width cuffs. Four ply, band collar. Pearl buttons all 'round. As good as any dollar shirt—our price 50 cents.

See our window.

PUTNAM & SON,
166 Central Street.

MR. MORRISON'S LECTURE

UPON THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

He Thinks Greek and Latin Should Be Studied.

Hon. John H. Morrison spoke before the Y. M. C. I., last evening upon the Etymology of the English language. His paper was scholarly and interesting.

After a learned introduction glancing at the early or derivative phases of English, he said:

We have all heard people say in speaking of educating their children, "Well, we will give them a thorough English education, they do not need Latin or Greek, these languages are dead." When you hear people make such a statement as that you need not inquire whether they who make it understand the English tongue themselves or appreciate the absurd and paradoxical statement they have made. The Greek and the Latin dead? Well, not quite; as national tongues they are, but as factors in our language they are not even slumbering.

And although more than 20 centuries have elapsed since the two mightiest of epic poets passed to their reward, still the seven cities which then claimed to be the birth place of the one, are now multiplied as far as respect for his name is concerned by tens of thousands, and the respect paid to the other by the mighty Augustus Caesar is now shared by the hundreds of millions of the civilized world. Indeed the whole world now claims Homer and Virgil as her children, and they live today more powerfully than when they breathed the air of Hellas and Mantua.

And aside from the great knowledge we acquire of our language by the study of the classics, there are many other reasons why they should be taught, first, because of the mental discipline their study affords, and again, because of the beauty of diction and elegance of style which are so observable in such grand books as the Illaid of Homer, and the Aeneid of Virgil; and especially is this so of the Aeneid which is as pure and chaste in diction and style as in thought and word.

The facilities afforded in our own city to the poor boy or girl to acquire a good knowledge of our language are of the best. We have a fine public library, which contains the works of all the great writers, both of ancient and modern times, and the officials in charge are courteous and kind, and assist in every possible way the bashful and inexperienced youth who not only may take for an ample period any of the books in the library, but who may find also an opportunity to sit in a beautiful room surrounded by the best influences and there be free from the cares and sorrows of ordinary life. Mr. Morrison's lecture was quite instructive and was listened to with close attention.

Do You Get

20 pounds of granulated sugar for $1 where you trade? We give 20 pounds to our customers. See our windows for bargains during sale. The U. S. Tea Co., 82 Prescott street.

Special Inducement

Rent for offices engaged in the newly remodelled Glidden Building, at 38 Middlesex Street and 19 Post Office Avenue, during the month of February will not commence until April 1st.

This is the finest office building in Lowell, centrally located and equipped with all known modern improvements.

Call on Amos F. Hill, agent, at the Traders' National Bank. Offices rented exclusively for business purposes; no lodgers.

$125 UPRIGHT PIANO, in good condition, made by Hallet & Davis, Boston; seven and one-third octaves. A bargain for some one. GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street, Lowell, Mass.

The Safest and Best Gold Mining Investment

Is the Preferred Stock of the Mother Lode Consolidated Gold Company. Quarterly dividends at the rate of at least 10 per cent. yearly are absolutely guaranteed by a Dividend Reserve Fund Consisting of U. S. Government Bonds. For particulars address Emmons, Appleton & Co. (members of the New York Mining Exchange). 1 Broadway, New York.

EVERYTHING IN THE LIQUOR LINE

Is A No. 1 at

McPADDEN'S, Opp. Postoffice

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 45	6 50	6 00	§7 08
6 30	7 45	6 30	7 52
6 50	8 05	6 40	§7 37
§7 01	7 58	8 00	9 12
§7 13	8 02	8 30	§9 11
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§9 42
§7 38	8 50	9 15	10 25
7 45	8 35	10 00	11 16
8 50	9 40	10 45	11 58
9 00	10 30	11 30	§12 08
9 40	10 40	12 00	§12 55
11 00	12 00	1 00	§1 40
§11 45	12 30	2 00	2 04
§12 16	1 35	3 00	3 40
1 40	2 50	3 30	4 48
3 00	4 25	4 15	§4 30
§4 00	4 45	5 00	5 44
4 30	5 30	5 25	6 22
§5 20	6 15	5 50	7 05
5 33	6 53	6 15	7 28
§6 24	7 10	7 30	§8 10
§7 52	8 35	8 00	§8 40
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
§7 18	8 02	2 00	2 55
§7 27	8 12	9 00	10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	1 57
§9 16	10 10	5 00	5 50
§4 25	6 32	7 30	8 10
§5 58	7 00	8 00	8 40
		9 00	10 15

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 04	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 13	9 25	§10 37
9 25	10 42	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 06	11 50	1 08
12 05	1 38	2 15	3 19
12 45	2 01	3 30	4 29
2 30	3 45	3 40	4 59
3 20	4 14	4 25	5 43
4 05	5 24	5 01	6 18
5 10	6 44	6 01	7 06
6 15	7 30	6 35	7 46
7 00	8 06	9 40	10 41
9 30	10 44		

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 52
4 15	4 27	5 00	6 28
5 30	7 00	7 00	8.21
7 25	8 44		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

Talk of base ball clubs is already in the air.

The question of water meters has fallen from notice. But the water board has it still on tap.

Dunraven is to send his apology to the New York yacht club. The club should have it framed.

Rep. Mellen of Worcester is making a gallant fight against the biennial election move. It will be defeated.

The president has signed the anti-prize fighting law which makes this erstwhile sport a felony punishable by imprisonment without the option of a fine. It serves one grand purpose in defining prize fighting.

A MUCH NEEDED LAW.

Senator Pearson is making a good beginning in the legislature by presenting bills for eradicating abuses by which overseers played the part of padrones and have extorted blood money from poor people seeking the means of earning a livelihood.

A Greek fairly versed in the English language sent a letter to THE SUN office not very long ago stating that a certain overseer was charging five dollars a man for giving members of his nationality employment, this sum to be taken out of the first wages earned. He gave the addresses of several Greeks in Worcester as references in proof of his statement.

Other and even worse cases of this traffic have come to light, showing conclusively that there is need of such a law as that proposed by Senator Pearson.

There is no reason why any corporation should oppose this measure, inasmuch as it is an imposition which is opposed to the interests of the employers as well as the victims of the greedy overseers.

It is fully as bad as the padrone system, which brings men to this country under promise to provide them employment in consideration of the payment of a certain amount usually the largest obtainable.

With the proposed law on the statute books the sharks known as overseers, bosses or whatever else they may be, who demand blood money, will hesitate to incur the risk of landing in jail for a few dollars for it is proposed to impose a heavy penalty for each offence.

GOV. GREENHALGE IN THE MAGAZINES.

Gov. Greenhalge has entered the magazines. The North American Review prints an article from his pen on the subject of "Practical Politics." His description of the method of the practical politician is not very favorable; but will perhaps strike the average politician all right. The practical politician, says the governor, can be pure and practical at the same time although he holds that the laws of morality are not applied to shady transactions in the mysterious domain of politics. For the practical politician, who is not responsible for questionable transactions, His Excellency, would bring a degree of perfection rarely attained even by those who reap the best fruits of practical politics—the gentlemen who have been sought and found by fat offices. The governor's conclusion is very hopeful considering the many speckled characters ranked under the head of "Practical Politicians." He says:

"The conclusion of the whole matter then is that high and noble aims must be supplemented by careful, patient, intelligent labor—by unselfish courage and fidelity. And the people themselves must regard public service more justly, if not more charitably, than they seem to do at present. The outlook is encouraging; a better, nobler, more patriotic spirit is abroad in the country; men are finding that they must not censure, but act—that they themselves are largely responsible for what they condemn, and, upon the whole, I believe we are approaching a new and better era of 'practical politics'."

Those who read the governor's paper will find some difficulty in reconciling this conclusion with the admission that politicians are privileged to figure in questionable transactions without being morally responsible as they would be for their every act and word outside the "mysterious domain of practical politics."

GRANT BEFORE THE WAR.

A Story of How the Teamster Dined at the First Table.

For several years there was much said about a railroad from Galena to Janesville, the idea being, when once there, to arrange with the then Milwaukee and Mississippi, now the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, to run a line to Janesville from Milton Junction, and thus secure a Milwaukee connection. The line was built from Milton to Janesville, but from Galena to Janesville the road is still an air castle.

A number of moneyed men of Galena had been induced to interest themselves in the project. In 1860 several of these gentlemen, including the banker Henry Corwith, who loaned vast sums of money to Wisconsin lumbermen from 30 to 40 years ago, drove overland to Janesville for a double purpose—to see the character of the country through which the proposed road was to run and to consult with A. Hyatt Smith and other Janesville men concerning the contemplated enterprise. Mr. Corwith and his party were met by Mr. Smith and several others. There was a carriage ride in the afternoon. One of the Galena party had not been provided with a seat. He stood in front of the hotel watching the delegations preparing for the trip of pleasure and business.

"Mr. Corwith, that gentleman is of your party, is he not?" asked Hyatt Smith.

"Yes; he came over with us."

"Well, well! I'll sit with the driver, and he can take my place."

"Never mind him, Mr. Smith. Presume he does not care to go. He is our driver."

It was not exactly a banquet they had that evening, after the Janesville people had shown their visitors the town and told them as much in its favor as it would bear, but it was a spread something beyond the average for the little town of 2,000 or 3,000 inhabitants.

"Have you registered?" asked the landlord of a man he saw sitting near the stove soon after the visitors and their entertainers had been located in the dining room.

"No, sir."

"Going to stay with us tonight?"

"I guess so."

"Are you of the Galena party?"

"Yes; I am the teamster."

The landlord stepped into the dining room and said: "Mr. Corwith, your driver is in the barroom. Shall he come to supper now, or wait?"

Some one suggested that he wait.

"No; let him come in. Yes, landlord, tell the captain to come in."

So it happened that Captain Grant did not have to wait and eat with the servants, even if he was the teamster.—Chicago Times-Herald.

WOMAN'S VIEW OF WOMAN.

Contrary to the Cynical Idea, Women Do Admire Each Other.

Cynics love to assert that women in reality hate one another; that the only genuine mutual sentiment they possess is envy; that their interest in each other is feigned, and gleefully quote in support of those views Lady Montagu's remark, "It goes far toward reconciling me to being a woman when I reflect that I am thus in no danger of marrying one." Not being a cynic, I don't agree with these wiseacres, says a writer in The Jenness Miller Monthly, but am, on the contrary, of the opinion that women admire, appreciate and understand women more thoroughly than men will ever be able to do, and as a logical sequence, I am further of the belief that a man is quite likely to comprehend a brother man more clearly than does a woman, especially if this woman is in love with this particular brother man, there not being the least doubt in the world that love is blind—the love between men and women—and being blind, and hence unable to see, it either cannot perceive at all or else it endows the loved one in imagination with attributes neither he nor she possesses, just as a person born sightless either fails to credit the universe with any qualities whatsoever or else gets an entirely warped idea of it.

The only way to get at the merits of the case is, instead of regarding humanity as man and woman, to look upon them as souls, and thus looking, I, for one, see plenty of charming women souls. I note them in street cars, church and theater, old, middle aged and young, and if I followed out my inclinations I would go up to them and say: "You have such a sweet, refined face. I wish I knew you;" or, "You are just as pretty as a flower"—and I really feel quite as much restricted in not being allowed to tell her of it as I would if I were not permitted to ejaculate over the beauty of a rose—or, "Your costume shows a rarely delicate perception of harmony in color and form."

But this is a conventional world, so I merely keep my seat and my silence, disputing mentally meanwhile those warped beings who aver that it is not possible for one woman to admire another.

A Cunning Baboon.

In the Transvaal some of the fruit gardens are much exposed to the ravages of large cynocephalic apes, and a good guard has to be kept, or the results of long labor would be lost. In some of those gardens grow certain shrubs which are much affected by wasps, the insects liking to attach thereto their nests.

These wasps, though small, have a very venomous sting. Baboons had often been noticed eying with envious glances the fast ripening fruit in one certain garden, but feared to gather for fear of attracting the assaults of the wasps.

One morning the farmer heard terrible cries, and with the aid of a good fieldglass he witnessed the following tragedy: A large, venerable baboon, chief of the band, was catching the younger apes and pitching them into the shrubs whereon hung the wasps' nests. This he repeated again and again, in spite of the most piteous cries from his victims.

Of course the wasps assumed the defensive in swarms. During this part of the performance the old brute quietly fed on the fruit, deigning occasionally to throw fragmentary remains to some female and young baboons a little farther off.—New York Dispatch.

A Chinese Proverb.

Arthur H. Smith, in his wonderfully bright, accurate and yet somewhat misleading book called "Chinese Characteristics," quotes the Chinese proverb that "one man should not enter a temple, and two men should not look together into a well," adding: "And why, we inquire in surprise, should not one man enter a temple alone? Because the priest may take advantage of the opportunity to make away with him. Two men should not gaze into a well, for if one of them is in debt to the other, or has in his possession something which the other wants, that other may seize the occasion to push his companion into the well."—Professor C. M. Cady in Century.

Wedding invitations and visiting cards, engraved and printed, at lowest prices at THE SUN office.

PROTECTION from the grip, pneumonia, diphtheria, fever and epidemics is given by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It makes PURE BLOOD.

The Fiercest Beast of Prey.

The white dawn o'er the sleeping forest rose
And woke each beast and bird to feed or play,
To pass in nature's temple of repose
Their happy, harmless day.

When, crashing onward through the thickets dun,
And strong with dreadful arts to maim and slay,
Took man the hunter, with his dogs and gun,
His devastating way.

Fear went before him with her visage wan,
And each beast owned his dread and ruthless sway;
All nature's children fled the face of man,
The fiercest beast of prey.

—Reginald Gourlay in Century.

ONLY SHOP TALK.

There Is an Excellent Lesson For Young Men In It, However.

"See that man with Mr. G——?" inquired the bookkeeper of the new clerk, indicating a man conspicuous for his homeliness.

"Ten years ago," he continued, "he came to work where I was employed. He was a smart chap, but the laziest, apparently, ever created. He was so ugly and awkward that he became the butt of all our secondhand jokes. Our head clerk was quite a handsome fellow and very much given to society, and consequently late hours. One day he was worrying Poxey, as our lazy man was called, taunting him in a very mean way about his looks, when Poxey, thoroughly aroused, said, 'Look here, Sam, I may be ugly, and not such a masher as you are, but in five years I'll show you I'm a better business man.'"

From that time we noticed a change in Poxey. He got permission to take the catalogues home. He would stay at night with the proprietor when all the clerks had gone, helping him with the plans for builders' hardware. At first he was only a live paper weight and kept the plans unrolled, but gradually becoming more and more useful until he was intrusted with the entire work of taking off the hardware and making estimates of cost. Sam was still head clerk, but Poxey was drawing the best pay.

Then came one of those crises in business life which broke up our establishment.

Poxey accepted a position with a firm in the same city as manager of the builders' hardware department, and then came, as I have heard him say, the triumph of his life. Sam came to him for a position.

He was weak enough, he said, to remind Sam of the day he had taunted him, but after giving vent to his feelings he thanked Sam for the taunt, saying it was that, more than the prospect of advancement and higher wages, that had spurred him to every effort.

He then used his influence, and Sam was given a position.

"I know a man," remarked the toolman, who had been listening, "who was something like your Poxey. He worked well enough, but aimlessly. Once he went to see about a position, but the proprietor, a large, dignified man, said: 'You will not suit the position. I want a man to represent me.' With that my friend set to work, and his whole incentive was to show that he could not only represent a proprietor, but that he could become one in his own person."—Hardware.

He Wanted Power.

"I suppose you expect to be president some day, Willie?" said the caller pleasantly.

"Not much," replied Willie promptly.

"What!" exclaimed the visitor in astonishment. "Think what a great man the president is, and how great his power."

"Willie likes power," explained his mother, "but I guess he doesn't think the president has enough of it."

"Not much he don't," interjected Willie. "There's always people callin him down."

"Ah, perhaps you'd like to be an autocrat, like the czar of Russia," suggested the caller.

"Nix," returned Willie emphatically.

"He has heard about the trouble that the czar has in keeping out of the way of bombs," said his mother.

"Well, there are always some drawbacks to positions of great power, Willie," explained the caller pleasantly.

Willie shook his head.

"When it comes to bein a big man," he said, "an havin people knuckle down to you an all that, I'd ruther be janitor of this flat buildin than be czar of ten Russias."

"I told you that Willie liked absolute power," said his mother quietly.—Chicago Post.

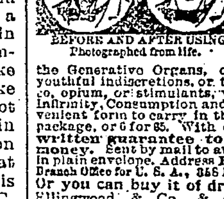
Deserved the Promotion.

As the years go by and the war yarns are told over and over the deeds done by some of the veterans take on queer phases. In the innocence of their hearts they do not perceive how they become distorted and magnified like the specter of the Brocken when seen through the mists of so many years. For instance, an old high private down east, who really believes he did more than any other man toward preserving the Union, greatly edified the loungers in the village store the other day in winding up a story of adventure. "I was the means that day of saving 60,000 men," said he, and here he sat very erect and held his cane at full length, resting his hands on it, "and, boys, don't you think, General Grant was so pleased with it he wanted to make me a corporal."—Lewiston Journal.

An Injured Tongue.

Nothing is more alarming than a severe injury to the tongue. It sometimes happens that in falling a little child will bite its tongue completely through, so that the teeth meet and the mouth is filled with blood. Such an accident is not so serious as it appears. The mouth heals quickly, the saliva forming a natural remedy better than any which man has invented or discovered. But to assist nature and stop the flow of blood is certainly important. The simplest way to do this is by sprinkling finely sifted flour into the cut. A child can be coaxed to submit to this treatment if the flour be mixed with powdered sugar.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Manhood Restored.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING. Photographed from life.

NERVITAS, the Wonderful Roman Remedy, is sold with a written guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Atrophy, Emissions, Varicocele, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1 a package, or 6 for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free in plain envelope. Address ROYAL CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A., 356 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL. Or you can buy it of druggist below: Ellingwood & Co. & Goodale's Drug Store, LOWELL, MASS.

DR KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST 161 CENTRAL ST. opposite the Washington House

FRANCIS W. QUA, No. 3 Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

SUNBEAMS.

The Deacon Knew His Gait.

Opposite the railroad depot was a grocery, kept by a colored man, and as we had some time to wait for the train three or four of us crossed over to look at his stock. Business was very brisk with the merchant, though all his customers were colored. We noticed that sugar, tea and codfish seemed to sell above all else, and during a temporary lull I approached the battered old scales on which everything was weighed and picked up some of the weights. The hollow in each one had been filled with lead, and when quite sure that the pound weight would balance at least 20 ounces of codfish I said to the old man:

"I see you have filled your weights with lead."

"Yes, sah—yes, sah," he replied as he rubbed his hands together.

"What was the idea?"

"To keep de dirt out o' de holes, sah. Can't no dirt git in dar now."

"Was it your own idea?"

"No, sah. I never should her got dat idea if it hadn't bin fur Deakun Williams. De deakun said it was de way dey did down in Greenville, an he fixed 'em up fur me widout cost."

"The deacon buys all his groceries here, doesn't he?"

"He do, sah. Yes, sah, he buys 'em all yere, an he was tellin me only dis mawnin dat he nebber did see de beat o' how dem groceries held out."

He was advised to take his weights over to the cotton warehouse and have them weighed, and he picked them up and started off at a slow walk and very much puzzled. When he returned, it was on the run, and his eyes hanging out, and as he reached the store he exclaimed:

"No wonder I has gone into bankruptcy fo'teen times and had to sell my mewl and hogs an make the ole woman go b'arfut! Dat ar' pound weight weighs 22 ounces, an obery time Deakun Williams has bought two pounds of sugar or codfish he has tooken away three pounds an a half! Shoo I'ze gwine to close de doah an put up a sign of, 'Busted Agin!'"—Detroit Free Press.

He Lacked Experience.

"After all," said the man with his feet on the window sill oracularly, "woman suffrage makes no real change in the complexion of political affairs."

"I agree with you in that," returned the little man who was smoking a meerschaum pipe.

"It merely doubles the vote," continued the man with his feet on the window sill.

"That's about all," acquiesced the other.

"It practically amounts to giving married men two votes."

"What's that?" asked the little man, suddenly straightening up.

"I say it's about the same as giving married men two votes."

"I should judge from your remark that you are a bachelor," said the little man.

"I am," responded the other.

"I thought so. You see, you lack experience, and a man who doesn't speak from experience naturally makes many absurd mistakes."

"But you agreed"—

"I agreed that it merely doubles the vote without affecting the result, but I didn't say whose vote it is that is cast now."

"But man casts it."

"Quite right, but if you had been married as long as I have you would know that he really only acts as the agent of woman in any matter in which she is at all interested. This full woman suffrage scheme, sir, is merely a movement to give married women two votes instead of one. That's all, sir, as I have reason to know."—Chicago Post.

ARTHUR M. BERTRAND, (Successor to F. W. Sargent.) Merchant Tailor. Fine Tailoring a Specialty. 24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass. Dress Suits to Let.

MONEY SAVERS

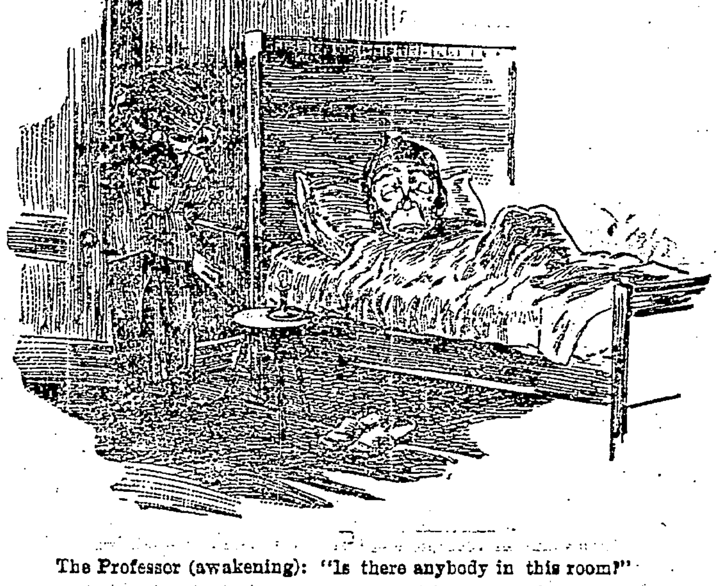
Youths' Lace Shoes, sizes 11 to 2, regular price $1.25, Today 75c.

Women's Wool Alaskas, this season, Boston make, worth $1, Yours for 80c.

Misses' Spring Heel Storm Slippers, Boston make, a bargain at 45c., while they last, Only 35c.

EAGLE SHOE STORE. 215 DUTTON STREET. J. J. LONERGAN, - - Prop.

French Academy. Director, M. MICHEL, Of Paris. Secretary, ED. VINCELETTE. Private Lessons and Classes in French Language, Elocution, Vocal Culture, Piano, Organ, etc. FRENCH LANGUAGE and SINGING taught by Prof. M. MICHEL. For Terms and Particulars apply from 10 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 5 p. m., every day, at 189 East Merrimack Street



The Professor (awakening): "Is there anybody in this room?"

"No, sir."

"Oh, I thought there was."

Falls asleep again.

Skates 25c. to $3 a Pair. Sleds 25c. to $3 Each. Dolls Of All Kinds. Toys Of Every Description.

BARTLETT & DOW, 216 CENTRAL STREET.

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

SMOKE OLD 64 CIGAR. H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

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COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

WALTER H. MASON, 393 Mammoth Road, Lowell, Mass. Teacher of Piano Forte. Communication through Gardner's, Prescott St. Engagements as pianist or accompanist at concerts solicited. Pupil of Ernst Perabo. Terms, $15 for 20 lessons.

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THE NEW FIRM, Davis and Nickerson TAILORS, Are Open for Business with a very Fine Assortment of Goods. NO. 9 CENTRAL STREET.

STRENGTH Is produced more quickly by using GOODALE'S BEEF, IRON and WINE Than by any other remedy. For all who need a good tonic and appetizer it should be given a trial. It is much better and safer to use a well-known remedy of this kind than one of the many questionable articles with which the market is flooded.

A FULL PINT BOTTLE FOR 50c. AT GOODALE'S Drug Store 217 Central Street. FISKE'S BLOCK.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO. Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty. 42 CHURCH STREET.

WANT COLUMN.

WANTED—Agents to sell photographic checks. Big commission, pleasant work. Williams' Studio, Swan building, 26 Central street.

PATENTS—A. L. Hough, No. 925 F. street, Washington, D. C. No attorney's fee until patent is obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.

TO RENT—A tenement of five rooms. Baldwin street, Middlesex Village. G. D. Kimball, room 14 Runels block, Merrimack square.

SALESMEN—to take orders and collect. $50 bond, signed by a business firm, required. Exclusive territory, $25 to $75 weekly. For particulars, address P. O. Box 1354, New York City.

FOR SALE—Household furniture, consisting of one mantle bed, square piano, reason for selling, want of room, 780 Gorham street.

WE CAN SUIT YOU if you want to buy any kind of property in places, prices and terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE.—Near Chelmsford street, good cottage house and barn, carriage house. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop, Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE.—Good corporation boarding house. This is a good place to make money. Price $650. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres good cottage house and barn, large apple orchard; price $600. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

FOR SALE—Cottage house, 10 minutes walk from City Hall, 7 rooms and bath a large lot of land, price $1450, $100 down, balance as rent. Charles W. Pinkham, 45 Merrimack street, Lowell.

FOR SALE—A beautiful farm of 250 acres, good buildings, grafted orchards, over $2000 worth of wood and timber to pay for farm, cut over 30 tons of No. 1 hay last year, 4 1-2 miles from depot, 2 1-2 miles to Creamery, land slopes to south. Beautiful view if sold this month, will throw in crops, will take $1400, $400 down balance to suit. Apply to Charles W. Pinkham, 45 Merrimack street, old P. O. Block, Lowell.

FOR SALE—Small farm in Pawtucketville of five acres, new cottage house; this is a bargain. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.

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Pleasant street, residence 9 rooms, bath, steam heat, 4000 square feet of land. A nice house. $4200.

Pleasant street, two-tenement house, 13 rooms, one of the best built houses in Belvidere, 4500 square feet of land; $4500.

Wentworth avenue, handsome new residence of 8 rooms, bath, laundry, hot water heat, nice barn, 6 stalls, room for 8 carriages, 13,000 square feet of land, nicely graded and concreted, fruit and shade trees, cost about $6000, will sell on easy terms for $4950.

Centralville Block of 12 tenements and 1 store, all rented, rents for $100 per month. Investigate, $9750; easy terms.

House lots on Beacon street and Merrill avenue, from 10 to 20 cents a foot; easy terms.

See advertisement in other papers for other parts of the city.

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ECONOMY is WEALTH Or at least it leads to wealth, and to practise it you should only trade where you can get the most for your money and when you want to have PIPING OR PLUMBING Done call at D. H. WILSON'S NO. 279 DUTTON STREET. And your orders will be carefully attended to. All kinds of Copper, Steam Gas Piping and Plumbing.

C. H. MOLLOY, Undertaker and Funeral Director. Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended to. No. 343 MARKET STREET. T. W. MOLLOY, Embalmer. Telephone 508-3. Morgue connected with this establishment.

Where is the Person Man or woman, boy or girl, that does not like good, wholesome Bread? You may get along without many articles of food, but Bread you must always have, and when you stop and consider that the best costs no more than the poorest, why not get the best? You are always sure of the best in all kinds of Baking Supplies at PETER WATSON'S Bakeries, either at 52 to 60 Charles Street, or our new bakery, 465 Lawrence street.

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PRICE OF GAS With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is $1.00 One Thousand Feet. First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to

Brown Bro's

OUR PRICES will tell their own story. They are on the bed rock and we defy competition. Similar goods may be sold LOWER but the same goods NEVER.

100 doz. Children's Picture Handkerchiefs at 3c. each.
100 doz. Ladies' Scalloped Bordered Handkerchiefs at 5c each.
50 doz. Ladies' Embroidered Edge Handkerchiefs at 15 and 25c each.
50 doz. Silk Handkerchiefs, all colors, 25c each.
84 doz. Ladies' and Gents' Mufflers at 75c and $1.00 each.
A choice line of Christmas Aprons, Gloves, Neckties and Fascinators.
Also 100 doz. Children's White Flannel Petticoats, waist combined, at the ridiculous low price of 15c each, well worth 33c each.

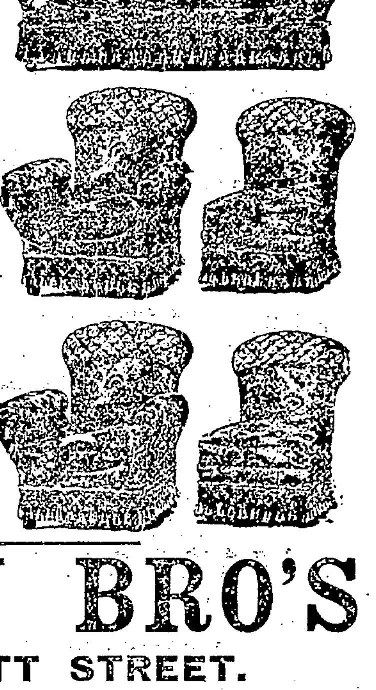
Come and buy the little folks one to keep them warm.

BROWN BRO'S, Opp. Monument Square

We Have Decided To continue our STOCK REDUCING SALE a while longer on account of the very encouraging patronage we are receiving. Remember every article in our enormous stock is subject to the same liberal discount during the sale. Our Plush Goods, Celluloid Goods, and Fancy Baskets at about half Price are going fast. Our Teas in 5-pound lots at 85c., $1, $1.25, $1.50, seems to be what was wanted. You should see our show window of lamps from 3c. upwards, and our show window of Tea, Dinner, and Toilet Sets gives the impression that things are going cheap.

Kinsella's, The U. S. Tea Co. 82 PRESCOTT ST. Elevator Accommodation. FIVE FLOORS.

Elegant Parlor Furniture. Stylish Chamber Furniture. Desirable Dining Room Furniture. Cheap Kitchen Furniture.



CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS and MATTINGS. The best goods manufactured, and a fine stock of new patterns to select from. When you want to be pleased with the goods you buy and the price you pay for them, just purchase your goods from GOOKIN BRO'S 66 PRESCOTT STREET.

HAVE YOU DROPPED YOUR WATCH? If you have, bring it to us and we will repair it promptly and well. 15 years' experience at the repairing bench, and careful attention paid to every job, is the reason for our large and increasing repairing business. Try us once. CLEANING $1.00. MAINSPRINGS $1.00. MOWER & SPARKS, 285 CENTRAL ST.

HOOD FARM JERSEY CREAM. Have you tried it? It has the same peculiarity as Hood's Sarsaparilla. Is not color thickened or preserved by artificial means. Received fresh every day.

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What We Want.

WE WANT First the entire confidence of the Lowell public.
WE WANT Every customer who trades with us to feel he is getting his money's worth.
WE WANT Every customer to understand that any purchase at our store proving unsatisfactory will be made entirely satisfactory.
WE WANT Your prescriptions, because we are better equipped to handle them than any store in the city.
WE WANT Everybody that is suffering from a Cough or a Cold to try ELLINGWOOD'S COUGH BALSAM, for we know it will cure.
WE WANT You to remember that our location is central, easily reached, and a very convenient place to end one's shopping and take an electric for home.

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PETER J. BRADY, GROCER 448 Gorham Street. Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices. Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

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OLYMPIC ALLEYS. The Olympic Bowling Alleys are the finest in the city. No one need go hungry up there, as the Butchers and Grocers have entered the tournament, which begins next week. Get into the game, and remember these alleys are under the supervision of Tommy Golden. They are open day and night at No. 110 MIDDLESEX STREET.

The Gov. Winthrop Ranges Excel all others for Baking and their Heating Stoves are the greatest economizers on fuel. The celebrated Stoves may be seen at M. O'Flahaven's at 79-81 Market street. He also does all kinds of Piping and Plumbing, and all kinds of Tinsmithing. Give us a call at Nos. 79 to 81 Market Street.

SEE This line of prices on FIRST GRADE WHISKEYS, and compare them with prices asked elsewhere.

	Per Bottle
Canadian Club	$1.50
Hunter's	$1.50
Paul Jones	$1.25
Cream Pine Rye	$1.25
Diamond Wedding Rye	$1.25
G. O. Taylor	$1.00
Paul Jones' Collingwood	$1.00
Duffy's	$1.00
Lamb Club	$1.00

JOHN M. PEVEY, 55-57 Middle Street.

5 O'CLOCK

EXTRA

CONGRESS WORK

The Quay Resolution and Free Coinage.

LUCKY BOND LOAN BIDDERS ARE NOTIFIED.

They Will Now Sign the Contracts.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The first business before the senate this week probably will be the vote on Senator Quay's resolution for the recommitment of the revenue tariff bill to the committee on finance. Senator Smith (N. J.) is announced to make a speech on the Monroe doctrine, and Senator Blanchard on the same subject.

The Hansbrough resolution in regard to the distribution of seed by the agricultural department will, by agreement, be taken up early in the week, and it is the purpose of the committee on appropriations to get the appropriation bills up in rapid succession and out of the way as soon as possible. Four of these bills have already been reported from the committee, and others will follow as speedily as the committee can turn them out after their passage by the house.

There will be an effort to secure an adjournment from Thursday until Monday to permit the Pacific railroads committee to continue their hearings. It is probable that the better part of the week will be given up to the appropriation bills. The Republicans expect to get up the question of the senate reorganization toward the latter part of the week, and if they succeed this will consume considerable time.

The interest in the Quay resolution is enhanced by the knowledge that the vote will be very close. The Republicans expect to poll their full vote of 44 members for recommittal, and they are not without hope that they may get a vote or two from the Democratic side. This claim, is, however, vigorously contested by the Democrats, who say they will have a full Democratic and Populist vote against this proposition.

If they succeed in defeating the resolution, the effect will be to place the silver substitute for the tariff bill before the senate, but it is not expected that it will be taken up immediately. Senators incline to the belief that in no event can the tariff-silver bill be disposed of within less than a month's time.

The general debate on the free coinage substitute for the bond bill, which was discussed day and night for four days in the house last week, closes today. It is the general expectation that a vote will be reached sometime tomorrow.

As to the result, there is no sort of doubt. Mr. Dingley's motion to non-concur and insist on the house bill will carry by a vast majority, probably exceeding 100 if there is a full house. It is not believed that Mr. Crisp's motion to concur in the free coinage substitute will muster over 100 votes. If an opportunity is given to concur in the last three sections of the bill—to redeem greenbacks in gold or silver at the option of the government, to coin the seigniorage and to retire national bank notes of a less denomination than $10—the vote may be close, but it is thought that parliamentary manipulation will prevent votes except on the main propositions.

The resolution to censure Mr. Bayard can be prevented at any time during the week, but it may be withheld until the pending appropriations bills—the agricultural, army and District of Columbia—are out of the way.

A Matter of Form.

The Populist senators have concluded to stand by their former decision to nominate candidates of their own for the offices of secretary and sergeant-at-arms of the senate when the election of these officers is undertaken in accordance with the Republican program. The Populists will name Thomas Watson of Georgia for secretary and Mr. Taubeneck of Illinois for sergeant-at-arms. They have not, so far as can be learned, gone beyond an agreement to support these men on the first ballot.

Financial Argument.

The debate in the house on the free coinage substitute for the house bond bill was very spirited Saturday. There were several strong speeches, and one, at least, of a somewhat sensational character. Mr. Towne (Rep., Minn.) claimed the attention of the house and galleries for over an hour with an eloquent effort on behalf of free coinage, which won for him a personal ovation such as has not been accorded any member since the session began. His speech was illustrated with charts, and aroused unbounded enthusiasm among the silver forces.

Mr. Hall (Dem., Mo.), on the other hand, announced his conversion to "sound money" in a rather sensational speech, in which he charged that senators who voted for free coinage according to "credible information" had privately said that they believed free coinage would bring upon this country national and individual bankruptcy and ruin. He charged them with trying to "feather their nests at home," and declared that the greatest sin of the present age was the cowardice of statesmen. He also declared that a high official of the administration had said that the silver agitation had already cost the government $262,000,000 in bond issues, and in the course of the next 12 months the bond issues would increase to $1,000,000,000. Mr. Hall voted for free coinage in the last congress.

The Popular Loan.

The secretary of the treasury has made public the names of the successful bidders for the new loan, together with the amounts subscribed for by each, and the rate offered for $100 with interest from Feb. 1. The last revision of the lists, completed Saturday night, reduces the amount awarded to J. P. Morgan and his associates by $32,100, making their allotment $33,179,250.

Secretary Carlisle has sent to each of the 781 successful bidders the following notice of acceptance of their respective bids:

You are hereby notified that your subscription, under the terms of the department circulars of Jan. 6, Jan. 9 and Jan. 15, 1896, for $—— of the 4 per cent bonds of the United States, for which you have agreed to pay in United States gold coin, or gold certificates, at the office of the assistant treasury, in the city ——, at the rate of —— and accrued interest per $100 face value of said bonds, has been accepted.

You are therefore requested to deposit with the United States assistant treasurer at —— on or before Feb. 15, 1896, the sum of $——, which is 20 per cent of the amount of your subscription at the price above named. The accrued interest from Feb. 1, 1895, to date of the payment hereby requested, should also be paid, at the rate of 4 per cent on the amount of the bonds paid for by said deposit. At the expiration of 15 days from the day of this first payment an additional payment of 10 per cent must be made, and such payments must be continued at intervals of 15 days until the whole amount is paid. The accrued interest accompanying each payment must be computed from Feb. 1, 1896, to date of such payment. If you desire to pay the entire amount of your subscription at once, you may do so, or you may anticipate the total payment of your subscription at any time prior to the maturing of the last installment. In the former case the amount to be deposited is $——, with accrued interest at 4 per cent on $—— from Feb. 1, 1895, to date of deposit.

The secretary of the treasury should be promptly advised of the character of the bonds desired (whether registered or coupon), and the denominations thereof. If this information has already been furnished, please confirm it.

The bonds will be issued only upon receipt by the secretary of the "original" certificate of deposit of the assistant treasurer receiving the payments. The department is prepared to begin the delivery of the bonds at once, and deliveries will be continued as rapidly as the facilities of the department will permit.

J. G. CARLISLE, Secretary.

Hawaii's Holiday.

HONOLULU, Feb. 1.—Jan. 17 having been declared a national holiday by the republic, invitations to take part were sent in the usual way to the diplomatic and consular corps. Favorable replies were received from all but the representatives of the United States, England, Japan and France. Of these representatives the last three stated in their replies to this government that, as their governments had never recognized the provisional government, and as the holiday was given in the celebration of the formation of that government, they did not feel it incumbent to any way participate. Mr. Willis replied, stating that he would lay the matter before Secretary Olney.

Crushed by a Chimney.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 10.—Two children were instantly killed and one young man seriously injured as the result of a fire which occurred yesterday in a cottage on Fort Hamilton avenue. The victims are Minnie Spacht, 9 years old, and Harry Rotzen, 7 years old, both killed; Edward Hill, 18 years old, seriously hurt. The cottage was unoccupied, and the fire started from an unknown cause, and the building was burned to the ground, the chimney alone being left standing. Later in the day while a crowd of children and others were viewing the ruins the chimney fell without warning, burying the three mentioned.

Drowned In a Meadow.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Peter L. Atkins took Maud Kelly, aged 23, out driving Saturday night. At 11 o'clock they crossed Wallkill river at Hopkins bridge, and in the darkness Atkins drove off the road into the flooded meadow. The water was nine feet deep, and the two stood on the wagon calling for help. A man named Baupre went to their assistance with a lantern, but when the water reached his hips he was obliged to retire. The two succumbed to the intense cold, and both sank beneath the flood after an hour's suffering.

A Missouri Railway Wreck.

HANNIBAL, Mo., Feb. 10.—Fifteen persons were more or less seriously hurt, and one cannot recover, as the result of a collision yesterday between a stock train and a passenger train one mile north of this city. The stock train, which had just emerged from a tunnel, struck the passenger train, crushing in the side of the ladies' coach and throwing it over an embankment, almost into the Mississippi river. There were 15 passengers in the coach, and that none was killed is a miracle. All were more or less bruised, but one.

Halifax Editor Is Mistaken.

HALIFAX, Feb. 10.—The sergeants of the Berkshire regiment went on a sleigh ride Saturday afternoon. Previous to leaving they drove through the city carrying a number of flags, the largest of which was an American flag. An evening paper, commenting on this famous British regiment carrying the Stars and Stripes in public, says: If American soldiers attempted to carry a British flag in the streets of a city in the United States, there would probably be a riot among the jingoists.

In Interest of Peace.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—Dr. George C. Lorimer has held a conference with Robert T. Paine and Dr. Trueblood of the American Peace society in regard to securing a board of arbitration to settle disputes between England and America. Editor Stead has been consulted, and Dr. Lorimer has received a communication from the English committee which is making a plan of action for both countries.

Smallpox at Middletown.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Feb. 10.—The discovery of a bad case of smallpox in an Italian boarding house on Green street was announced yesterday. Dr. Coudert, who was called in to see an Italian who was supposed to be suffering from pneumonia, made the discovery. Nine other Italians occupied the infected departments, and after a thorough fumigation they were locked in the building.

To Accept Chamberlain's Invitation.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—President Kruger of the Transvaal has accepted the invitation extended to him by Colonial Secretary Chamberlain to come to England, accompanied by some members of the Transvaal executive, to act as a commission. Probably a special session of the volksraad will be called to grant a formal sanction and to nominate a commission.

Eight Passengers Hurt.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 10.—The derailment of a truck on a Cleveland, Canton and Southern mixed train, near Dell Roy, threw a passenger coach down an embankment. The car caught fire. Eight persons were severely injured and one was badly burned.

Young Men

Ask Your Dealer for the

"D. R. SPECIAL,"

The New Spring Derby.

All up to date. Retailers keep it. See that "D. R. Special is stamped on sweats.

$1.50, $2.00, $3.00

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street.
Meats and Provisions.
(Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

E. R. DONOVAN, Office, 85 Gorham Street.
Constable and Auctioneer.

THE CRIMINAL CLASSES

Of Whom They Consist and How They Are Recruited.

Those Who Fill Our Prisons Are Generally the Victims of Vicious Surroundings, for Which They Are Not Responsible, While the Actual Criminals Go Free.

[Special Correspondence.]

I have noticed that a great deal is said of the criminal classes of late. I have seen them considered statistically, counted up and accounted for, dealt with according to rule, theory or pet plan and satisfactorily disposed of in various ways by the pretentious economist. As Gradgrind in "Hard Times" counted up, "So many hundred hands in a mill, so many hundred horse steam power," and as Dickens comments: "But not all the calculators of the national debt can tell the capacity for good or evil, for love or hatred, for the decomposition of virtue into vice, or the reverse, at any single moment in the soul of one of these, its quiet servants. * * * There is an unfathomable mystery in the meanest of these forever. Supposing we were to reserve our arithmetic for material objects and govern these awful unknown quantities by other means."

The prevailing idea is that the criminal classes are a distinct set of beings, unlike the rest of mankind and not to be considered in the same manner. Even liberals and reformers speak of them much as a botanist might of a noxious plant and are proposing some horrible measures in regard to them. Once the prison taint is impressed upon a human being, once the rattling prison van has carried him away, once the iron gate has closed behind him, he is beyond the pale of human sympathy and friendship. One thing only may sometimes wipe away the stain, and that is the possession of great riches.

What is a criminal? In law he is simply a being who has broken the laws of his country. Yet Emerson said, "A good man will not keep the laws too well." How many great hearted, brave men and women have broken the laws of their country! We can begin to enumerate them in America by citing the tea destroyers in Boston; we may count some of those who healed the sick without medicines and were burned at the stake as witches; then that small army of humanitarians who for many years fed, protected and helped along the fugitive slaves. Later, many good souls broke the laws of their municipalities by giving tramps food and clothing. We may remember, too, the many who have, since the blacks are no longer chattels, pleaded the cause of white slaves too earnestly, and have suffered imprisonment and even death in consequence. There are noble "lawbreakers" behind the bars today for teaching what they deem useful truths, and a loving public has but recently warmly welcomed from a jail a man whom misrepresentations and "injunctions" have in vain tried to crush. So that after all it is no sign of inferiority, corruption or depravity, to be marked off from the rest of mankind as a "criminal." To be a criminal is to be simply a lawbreaker, and we know the laws are not always true exponents of morality.

But, it will be urged, we cannot deny that the great bulk of criminals are really bad—they have committed acts which everybody acknowledges are wicked. Yes, the most of them have stolen property belonging to others, or have assaulted and injured some one, or destroyed property, or perhaps killed a fellow being. The theory of the law is that they are willful, voluntary lawbreakers, and that society locks them up to prevent them from committing more crime, and also to deter others from doing the like; it is never from revenge or retaliation. The important questions are: How came they to be criminals? Do the present methods of dealing with them serve this theoretical purpose?

A prisoner of the state is made the lowest slave of all slaves. He must not even speak without permission; he must toil hard and receive no returns; he must move, carry his head, bear himself in the most humble and subservient manner; he is bereft of his individuality and is only a number; his disgrace wraps him about like a great black pall; it shuts out every prospect, every friend except a wider field of crime and other tainted and hardened criminals. Is such a life calculated to prevent him from committing more crime? And are others effectually deterred from doing as he has done by the example?

How is the "bad" criminal made? Every one was once an innocent, dependent babe, new to the world and guileless as any mother's child ever born. That he becomes a creature so different must be due to something the world has done to him. Sometimes he is born with inherited tendencies toward wickedness and cruelty. But that is generally the result of generations of overworked and wronged mothers. More often he is an average being, with the usual needs, longings and capabilities. His childhood was a more or less neglected state; his home was crowded, vitiated, comfortless. He had no opportunities for a useful and natural exercise of his powers. Bad associates, bad practices came in his way every day of his life; good ones did not. He was ignored; he lacked everything that goes to build up a good moral character; he saw honest industry poorly rewarded and found stealing comparatively easy. He drifted along into a road of crime as a castaway fagot drifts on the turbid waters of a dark stream.

Or he may be a man of ambition, of strong character and strong desires. He was poor; the earth was shut away from him; opportunities for useful activities were closed against him. Desperation may have driven him to deeds he would have shunned had he been permitted to exercise his faculties legitimately. Or he may have been well raised and knew the value of wealth. Perhaps he lost everything by some of those vicissitudes which never ought to occur in rightly organized society. He knew not how to work; he shrank from the lot of a common drudge. He grasped some of the heaped up wealth some other man had gained without rendering an equivalent, and he, too, was hurried off on that downward road up which few ever return. Governor Altgeld, in his essays on crime, shows how boys are turned into criminals in a detailed manner and most forcibly and eloquently.

Wicked men are not always criminals. A really bad man is one who injures or corrupts others, who causes suffering or prevents his fellow beings from living free, natural, happy lives. The men who do these things to the fullest extent are not usually within prison walls; they are oftener found in high and respectable places. A great landowner who holds great stretches of land away from the use of the homeless; a speculator in food products who makes produce cheap for the struggling farmer and bread dear to the city wageworker; a great manufacturer who grinds his employees down to the starvation point and grows rich from their labor; the members of a great railroad corporation who rob the country through which their roads run, who steal the people's land, corrupt their legislatures, maim and kill and poorly requite their employees and call out the militia to shoot them down if they protest; rulers who prosecute the poor, the unfortunate, the truth loving—these commit the wicked deeds of society. What one poor, petty thief can wreak such havoc of suffering on innocent men, women and children as one such as these?

The man in stripes is not mankind's greatest enemy. Learn to think of him as a human being worthy of great pity. The man to fear is he who possesses great power over his fellow creatures.

LIZZIE M. HOLMES.

La Veta, Colo.

Tramps, Beggars and Thieves.

I do not say that the tramps and beggars and thieves who now infest society, who prowl as human tigers inflicting a natural penalty upon society that has wronged them, could be uplifted or purified. Some few of them might be redeemed, but I fear that the percentage would be small. Most of them are probably doomed to perish as they live, lost to all of the noble sentiments of manhood. Their wretchedness could be relieved, but I fear their lives cannot be redeemed. It is not for that class that I plead, but for those honest laborers and children that are doomed under our present system of industry and land tenure to recruit the armies of the tramps and beggars and the criminals of the future. Our tramps and beggars and criminals were not always what they are. Most of them came into the world with capabilities and natural impulses fitting them for the highest stations of life. They have been degraded by an environment not made by them, but made by human society, from the degrading influences of which most of them never had the slightest chance to escape.

The tramps of the next generation will not be the lineal descendants of the tramps of this generation, but a new army, recruited almost entirely from children now giving promise of high intelligence, industry and worth, who will be driven, as their predecessors have been driven, first into enforced idleness, then into the helpless poverty which can find relief only in beggary, then to the loss of self respect, which is the inevitable consequence of beggary; thence the downward course is easy, even to the Stygian pool where the devotees of vice and crime pass almost imperceptibly from the notice of mankind.—Congressman James G. McGuire.

Brought Him to Terms.

A remarkable incident took place on Sunday in one of the elegant restaurants at Vienna. A few evenings ago a workman who entered the restaurant and ordered a glass of beer was refused the same, first by a waiter and then by the landlord himself. A group of gentlemen seated at a table near hereupon invited the man to sit with them, and ordered his beer for him. The landlord then insulted the whole group and a regular scandal followed. On Sunday afternoon 200 workmen entered the restaurant in small groups, between 2 and 3, and though they ordered only one glass of beer each, they staid until night, occupying every seat and every table so that no one else could get a place. Before they left they sang the "Song of Work" in chorus. The proprietor of the restaurant, to whom this was a lost Sunday, has since been to the workmen's paper, and declared that he was ready to give any kind of satisfaction to the aggrieved workman.—London News.

To Support the Unemployed.

The Cigar Makers' unions of Chicago have decided to levy an assessment of 25 cents a week on each working member to support the unemployed.

THE RIGHT OF PROPERTY

COHEN ARGUES IN FAVOR OF PRIVATE OWNERSHIP.

His Method of Establishing the Value of an Article and Equitably Giving Absolute Title In It to One Who Did Not Produce It.

[Special Correspondence.]

The production and distribution of wealth have been analyzed by economists of all schools. With some the object has been to ascertain who has produced the wealth and who is entitled to it. The subject has been loaded down and made unnecessarily difficult by high sounding words that have no underlying strata of meaning and by sophistries more or less cleverly put together so as to give them the appearance of truths. This is especially the case with the old fashioned apologists for present conditions. It is not of these, however, that I want to write today, but I want to take issue with those who deny the right of property, and who claim that no man can own anything because no one can produce goods solely and alone. A great many men take part in the making of even the simplest article; how much each one has done we cannot tell. No individual made it, and it belongs to nobody; therefore everybody can have it.

This theory is advocated with the best of intentions, and by people who ardently desire to improve the miserable conditions which now surround us, yet the fallacy underlying the argument is so gross, so absurd and therefore so fraught with evil that it is more dangerous to the cause of progress than all the sophistries of the enemies of reform. It is therefore well worth our while to examine it with the greatest care and consider it in all its bearings.

According to this teaching a penknife is not wholly mine because I have not made it entirely myself. Granting that I cannot make it from beginning to end, is that a reason why I cannot get it equitably in exchange? Surely there must be some point of comparison between commodities, some way of ascertaining their value. In an age when we can make a pair of scales that will turn under the weight of a girl's eyelash we would be stupid indeed could we not devise some means of weighing the economic properties of goods. Or is it that the value of products is so very elusive and the weight so readily found? I do not think so. But let us return to the penknife and see. If it takes two hours' labor from the digging of the iron ore of which the blades are made until the clerk hands it to me over the counter, is it not honestly paid for with another article that also contains two hours' labor? And if not, why not? Is the objection the one suggested—that the penknife contains the labor of many men and we cannot tell exactly how much each one has contributed?

This can be learned more easily than its weight, notwithstanding the existence of the splendid pair of scales just mentioned. The open market is an indicator that registers prices every hour and every minute. It is self acting, thus dispensing with a weighmaster. Sweep away the restrictions, and price will fall to the equitable point as surely as water will find its own level.

Nor is the market the only possible register of prices. We can take the time spent in the production of an article and count the minutes, as I have just indicated in the case of the penknife and mutually pledge ourselves to measure and exchange all goods in this way, allowing of course for a greater return in disagreeable callings and increased remuneration for time spent in acquiring extra skill. However, to make the illustration simple, we will assume all labor to be of equal skill and see if we can find a property right for the laborer in the thing produced.

If I spend two hours gathering wild berries, are they not mine? Have I not produced them? Did anything else enter into the production of them but my labor? If there did not, they are mine. Suppose I exchange them for the penknife which also contains two hours labor, is not the exchange a fair one? If it is, the penknife becomes my property, as fully and entirely mine as the berries were. Property therefore can exist in all products, whether made by one man or by one thousand.

The tendency of errors to multiply more quickly than truths is one of the unfortunate things in this world of ours. From the premise that no one can own anything a whole system of like vagaries has grown, and it is proposed to reconstruct society on lines that deny the most apparent facts of every day experience, as well as the most profound teachings of the past. With such a beginning one can easily guess what follows. Justice is relegated to a secondary place, and sentimentalism is put in its stead. A society is pictured with impossible people acting under impossible conditions, and the time that could be well spent with realities is used in "rainbow chasing" in the hope of finding the "bags full of gold at the end of the bow."

HENRY COHEN.

Denver.

Restricting Immigration.

The idea of restricting still further the immigration of undesirable aliens evidently is growing more pronounced among members of congress. The restrictions that have been enforced within the last three years have produced favorable results, and the belief of some that foreign immigration can be sifted still more thoroughly is shown by the fact that that already there have been introduced into the present congress four bills having that end in view.—Chicago Record.

Stonemasons For Eight Hours.

The stonemasons' international convention decided at its meeting in Chicago to indorse the eight hour movement and ordered it to go into effect in the United States and Canada May 1. The organization has a membership of 12,000.

Employment of Women.

Resolutions have been adopted by Boston Typographical Union 13, calling for the amendment of the law governing the employment of women in factories, in such a manner as to prohibit their employment during the hours of night in offices where typesetting or casting machines are in use.

COOKING HALIBUT STEAKS.

Housekeepers Would Do Well to Prepare This Dish Thus.

Cut the fish into neat slices; beat them lightly, season with white pepper and a very little salt and place them in a well buttered baking dish. Pour over them a gill of light French wine or a wineglassful of sherry and about the same of strained lemon juice and let it cook in the oven, covered with a buttered paper, for 15 to 25 minutes, according to thickness. For the sauce stir over the fire an ounce of butter with an ounce of fine flour till well blended, but not colored; then pour to it rather more than a gill of fish stock or boiling water, white pepper and salt to taste and let it all cook together for 8 or 10 minutes, then add to it the strained liquor from the fish. Let this all boil together for a minute, wring it through a fine sieve, add about one-half ounce of butter and stir this into the sauce till melted off the fire. Dish the fish steaks neatly, pour this sauce over them and serve.

How to Prevent Cold Feet.

This is the plan to adopt with cold feet. They should be dipped in cold water for a brief period, and then, immediately before getting into bed, they should be rubbed till they glow, with a pair of hair flesh gloves or a rough Turkish towel. After this a hot water bottle will be successful enough in maintaining the temperature of the feet, though, without this preliminary, it is impotent to do so.

How to Use Turkey Scraps.

Remove bone and skin and cut into pieces about the size used for chicken salad. Butter a baking dish, cover with bread crumbs moistened with milk, and then with a layer of the minced turkey. Season, and if there is any dressing left add a layer of that. Add another layer of crumbs and alternate them with the turkey until the dish is filled. Scatter with bits of butter, and also use to moisten the dish any gravy that has been left. Heat through and brown in the oven. For creamed turkey prepare in the same way as for the scalloped. For each pint of minced meat make a dressing from a pint of milk thickened with a tablespoonful of butter mixed with 2 of flour. Heat the milk in a double boiler when the sauce is smooth and creamy, season with salt and cayenne pepper and mix the meat with it. Fill buttered individual scallop dishes with the mixture, scatter the top with bread crumbs and brown in the oven. Garnish the top with a slice of lemon or a bit of parsley.

How to Make a New Salad.

A salad of celery and English walnuts is delicious to serve with a little dinner. Cut the celery into small pieces and mix with it one-third of the quantity of English walnut meats broken in two and enough mayonnaise to moisten it well. Garnish with young, tender lettuce leaves and serve.

How to Test Water.

Into a perfectly clean bottle, having a stopper of ground glass, put 5 ounces of water to be tested. To the water add 10 grains (by weight) of pure granulated sugar. Cork tight and set in a window, exposed freely to light, but not to the direct rays of the sun. Do not disturb the bottle and keep the temperature as near 70 degrees F. as possible. If the water contains organic matter, within 48 hours an abundance of whitish specks will be seen floating about, and the more organic matter the more specks. In a week or ten days, if the water is very bad, the odor of rancid butter will be noticed on removing the stopper. The little specks will settle to the bottom, where they will appear as white, flaky masses. Such water should not be used for drinking purposes.

How to Make a Blanquette of Chicken.

Put a cup of cream sauce into a double boiler, add a pint of cooked chicken, cut in strips, a tablespoonful of chopped parsley. When hot, beat the yolks of 2 eggs, add 2 tablespoonfuls of milk, stir into the chicken. Cook 2 minutes. Serve in rice or potato border, or with a garnish of toast points.

How to Make Chocolate Custard.

Scald a quart of milk and stir in 4 heaped tablespoonfuls of grated chocolate, stirring and boiling it for a minute or two, until all the chocolate is dissolved. Beat up the yolks of 6 eggs with half a pound of castor sugar and stir them into the milk and chocolate. Flavor the custard according to taste, pour it into small cups or molds and stand them in a baking tin, with about an inch of water around them. Put the tin in the oven and cook the custard slowly till set. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth, add a little white sugar, and when the custards are cold pile the froth on top, with a preserved cherry or piece of red jelly as a decoration.

How to Make Cinnamon Stars.

A pound of almonds, blanched and chopped fine; a teaspoonful of baking powder, 4 eggs, 2 ounces of cinnamon, the least flour possible the better the cake. Cut with a small tin cutter shape of a star and size of a silver dollar; roll out a little and make thick.

How to Prevent Mistakes In Frying.

Bacon, 3 to 5 minutes.
Breaded chops, 4 to 6 minutes.
Croquettes, 1 minute.
Doughnuts, 3 to 5 minutes.
Fishballs, 1 minute.
Fritters, 3 to 5 minutes.
Muffins, 3 to 5 minutes.
Small fish, 1 to 3 minutes.
Smelts, 1 minute.

Freeman

Photographer, Hildreth Building.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and *Gold* metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," *in letter*, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

WET FEET

lead to Colds.
Colds develop into Pneumonia—the great harvester for Father Time!

Take a Dose Now and Then of

ROCK RYE and HONEY

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

All first-class Druggists have it on sale.

3 Sizes. 3 Prices

ONE STANDARD GRADE.

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CURES.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Winter Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to October 20, 1895.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05 12.45, 2.30, 3 20, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Haverhill, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Salem and Lynn, 2.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.
For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco and Portland, 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.
For Eastport and St. John's (per steamer), on Mondays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones of Rockland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p. m.

Southern Division.

On and After Oct. 20, 1895, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5 45, 6 30, ¶6 50, *7 45, *8 50, ¶9 00, *9 40, 11 00 a. m.; 1 40, ¶3.00, 4.30, ¶5 33 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m.
Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5 44, 6 34, ¶6 53, §7 01, §7 18, §*7 27, *7 46, *8 57, 9 03, *9 50 11 03, 11 45 a.m; 12 16, 1 43, ¶3 02, *4 00, 4 33, 5 20, ¶5 36, 6 24, 7 52 p. m. SUNDAYS, §*7 18, §*7.27, 8 45, *9 16 a. m; §4 25, §5 58 p. m.
For Woburn, 6 30, §7 01, 7 45, 11 00 a.m.; 1 40, 4 30 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m., §4 25, §5 58 p.m.
*Express. §Northern Depot Only. ¶Via Bedford.
For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m; 4.15, 5.50 p. m
For Salem, and Way Stations, §7.38 a. m.; 1.25, 5.50 p. m.
☞ Time given below is from Middlesex street station.
For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.15 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.14 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.14 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40 9.14, 9.45 a.m; 12.11, 1.00, 1 42, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p.m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3 a.m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.13, 8.43 p. m.
For Penacook, Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.14, 9.45 a. m; 12.11, (1.42 to Franklin and Bristol only), 5.42, †8.13 p. m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40 a. m; 1.42 p. m.
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.45 a.m; 1.42, †8.43 p. m.
For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.45 a. m.; 12.11, †8.13 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.45 a. m.; †8.43 p. m.
Quebec Express via White River Junction, 12.11, 8.13, p. m., daily except Sunday.
☞ † Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.

UNION TAILORS

The only shop in town using the Union Label.
Call and see our line of SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS at Rock Bottom prices.
F. S. Sharrow, 200 Central St.

Wm. E. Livingston
DEALER IN
COAL, WOOD, LIME
CEMENT, SAND, GRAVEL, HAIR, KAOLIN, PLASTER, BRICKS, FERTILIZERS
Straw, Hay, Grain, Flour, Etc.
No. 15 Thorndike Street.
Branch Office, 49 Merrimack Street, Calderwood's Cigar Store.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, S. S.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of John Quinn, late of Lowell in said county, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for probate, by Catherine Quinn and Michael Connolly, who pray that letters testamentary may be issued to them, executors therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the eleventh of February, A. D., 1896, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks in the LOWELL DAILY SUN, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-ninth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

NEW MUSIC HALL, W. H. BOODY, Manager.

One Week, COMMENCING MONDAY, Feb. 10th

Souvenir Wednesday, Matinee Regular Saturday.

The Winsome Actress,
ULLIE AKERSTROM, in her new Plays.
Monday—The Comedy Success, "THE SULTAN'S DAUGHTER."
Tuesday—The Comedy Drama, "MISS RORA."
Wednesday—Souvenir Matinee. A repetition of "THE SULTAN'S DAUGHTER." Each lady buying a reserved seat will receive a handsome souvenir
Wednesday Night—The Comedy Drama, "A LITTLE BUSYBODY."
Thursday—A Romantic Drama, "NAN, A RAGGED HEROINE."
Friday—A New Romantic Drama (first time here), "A BRAVE LITTLE WOMAN."
Saturday Matinee—A repetition of "A LITTLE BUSYBODY." All children admitted to best seats for 15c.
Saturday Night—New Melodrama (first time here), "THE STORY OF A CRIME."
Either the Dance La Chromot pe, or the New National Dance, at each performance.
Prices: 50c., 35c., 25c., 20c., 15c. and 10c. Reserved seats on sale at the box office.

OUR GOODS

Are marked at so low a figure that they sell themselves. The big run on stock depleted the assortment to some extent, but there's enough left to make a fine choice in almost any line of the goods you may desire.

We shall have an important announcement to make in the near future, but in the meantime, if any persons want bargains, they should attend to the matter at once.

FRENCH & PUFFER

CENTRAL STREET.

SCOTT & O'DAY,
Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers
Steam, Gas and Water Piping.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
54 APPLETON STREET.
Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

We have made arrangements to send twice a week,

DECORATED CHINA

To be fired. For prices apply to Artists' Department.

C. B. COBURN & CO.
61-67 Market Street.

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue
Telephone Number 474-4.

CO TO
CAVANAUGH & DISSAULT
FOR
Fine Custom Tailoring
42 CENTRAL STREET.

THE LATEST
NEW YORK SPRING STYLES
IN CENTS'
FURNISHING GOODS
Have commenced to arrive at
Cummiskey's Store,
60 MERRIMACK STREET.
Everything in this store is up to date and the Correct Style.
HARRY L. BAILEY. - - Clerk.

WM. B. SOLOMON, M. D.
(Eldest son of the late Dr. James M. Solomon, the Celebrated Specialist in Chronic Diseases) of Attleboro, Mass.,
Has Opened an Office in
Swan Building, Central, St., Lowell
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 & 7 to 9 p. m.

NEW LUMBER YARD
No. 255 HILDRETH STREET.
Best Quality. Lowest Prices. Cedar Posts a Specialty.
P. V. ALLEN & CO.
Telephone 568-3.

The Finest Family Wines and Liquors
To be Found in this city is at
E. FAULKNER'S,
Jefferson Street: Jones' Ale and all the Best Stock Ales, with the Choicest Brands of Liquors and Wines can be found there. He also makes a specialty of family trade. Call and try our LAGER and you will have no other, at No. 72 Jefferson Street.

The hum of the spindle gives life to Lowell as does the
SPINDLE CIGAR
give pleasure to the smoker. Ask for Spindle Cigar and take no other. HENRY FLOOD, Prop

JAMES A. CAWLEY, Moore Street.
Coal Dealer.
Telephone for Summer Prices. All orders promptly delivered. Late of firm of Cawley Bros.

EDWARD CAWLEY, Office: 131 Central Street
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Coal
of all kinds. Also dealer in Wood, Lime and Cement. Agent for the celebrated Portland drain and sewer pipe. Elevator. Rogers street bridge.

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL, No. 97 Central Street
Counsellor at Law and Notary Public

SUN WEATHER BULLETIN.

ALMANAC FOR MONDAY, FEB. 10.

SUN RISES	6 43	MOON RISES	5 10 AM
SUN SETS	5 10	FULL SEA	8 45 AM
LENGTH OF DAY	10 22		9 30 PM

Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Clearing; slightly colder; winds becoming northwesterly.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Generally fair; slightly colder; northwesterly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

When in doubt, smoke Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

The Lowell Wall Paper Co.; all styles; all prices, 18 Church street.

For Lacawana coal go to Rourke & Sullivan', 934 Gorham street.

None of the Lowell banks was awarded a portion of the national bond issue.

Sunday, Feb. 16, will be the anniversary of the death of Rev. Andre M. Garin, O. M. I.

Charles Killpatrick, the world's champion 440 yard runner, is spending a few days with friends in this city.

One of the happiest men in town is Conductor O'Brien of the Westford street line. A baby boy arrived at his home Saturday.

The friends of Mr. Thomas McKee assembled at his home on Billerica street, Friday night, and presented him an elegant easy chair.

Have you heard of I. W. Harper's fine whiskeys? Their goods stand at the top of the list. John Nolan is agent. Telephone, 535-5.

The democratic caucus in Dracut for the nomination of candidates for town officers will be held Feb. 18, and the republican caucus Feb. 20.

There was a slight blaze last evening in a barber shop on Market street. Some rubbish caught fire in a closet and was extinguished before any damage was done.

John Green, who has been connected with the Vox Populi office for nearly twenty years, resigned his position last week, and will now take his first vacation of any length.

One of the directors of the Lowell & Suburban company says that orders have been placed which will give Lowell residents 26 per cent. more cars than were run by electric power last year.

E. A. Salmon, J. F. Norton, John T. Lee, Nathaniel Bishop, Fred Osterbout and Charles W. Philbrick are members of the committee of the Veteran Firemen's association to arrange for the annual ball.

In relation to the dissatisfaction of Lowell master builders in connection with the bids for the new registry of deeds at East Cambridge, Messrs. Wait & Cutter, the architects, assert that Lowell contractors always have had, and always will have, fair treatment in their office.

More christian fellowship was noted yesterday when the Rev. C. E. Fisher called down Evangelist Needham in a sermon entitled "Universalism and Christian Bigots," the outcome of the evangelist's criticism of Rev. Mr. Fisher's remarks at the Y. M. C. A. recently.

The Central council of the Hibernians met yesterday and decided to engage Mr. W. J. Walsh of Boston to give his lecture and concert, "Robert Emmet and the men of '98," at Associate hall on the second Sunday in March. It was also decided to hold a smoke talk at Hibernian hall on Feb. 18.

The Highland Club Billiard Tournament.

The billiard tournament game at the Highland club Saturday evening was won by Team Two, by 13 points. The score:

Team Two—Read 135, Kittredge 60, Shaw 60, Davis 38; total 293.

Team Four—Chadeton 89, Wellman 71, Goddard 60, Pierce 60; total 280.

Complimentary Tea.

Miss Anna N. Shepard gave a charming tea at her home on High street, Saturday evening, in honor of her friend, Miss Sarah Hanley of Boston.

The D. L. Page company served a light lunch and afterwards whist was played, the prize winners being Paul Duckworth and Cora Buckland, while the boobies went to William Trull and Alice Woodies.

A Distinguished Lecturer.

The Channing Fraternity will bring Prof. Borchgrevink, the young Norwegian explorer of the Antarctic continent, here Wednesday evening. Great interest has been manifested at such appearances as he has thus far made during the week he has been on this side, not less, it is probable, by reason of what he is likely to do in the future than by what he has already accomplished.

LOWELL DIRECTORY

For 1896--See That You Are Properly Located In It.

The canvass for the above work is now completed and if any persons have changed their business or location since the canvasser called please send the same to local agents, J. Merrill & Son, 124 Central street, and the correction will be made, before printing secretaries of labor and other organization who have not already done so please send list of your principal officers with time and place of meeting and oblige.

REPORT OF DEATHS

For the Week Ending Feb. 8, 1896.

JANUARY.

23—William Parsons, 22, accidental drowning.
31—John S. Jaques, 83, debility.
Mary E. F. Tobin, 23, pneumonia.

FEBRUARY.

1—James Monahan, 28, peritonitis.
Abbie A. Smith, 76, la grippe.
Olive Farthernis, 33, placenta praevia.
Napoleon Fortin, 24, typhoid fever.
Arthur Dupras, 12, burns.
Helene Fregeau, 4, laryngitis.
Elizabeth L. Cluin, 3 mos., infantile.
Leo Dauphinais, 2 days, icterus.
2—Louis Regnier, 68, paralysis.
Mary J. Blake, 60, hepatitis.
John Lonsdale, 55, typhoid fever.
Antonio Fretus, 54, phthisis.
Robert A. Symonds, 2 days, prem. birth.
3—Rosanna Laribeault, 1, pneumonia.
4—Joseph Davy, 86, old age.
5—James J. Driscoll, 44, pneumonia.
Bernard J. Farrell, 27, pneumonia.
Edward Murphy, 23, pneumonia.
6—Mary A. Murray, 36, cancer.
Amanda Tellier, 44, consumption.
Marie A. Perron, 5 mos., enteritis.
Leonard Martel, 3 mos., debility.
7—Bridget Grant, 5 days, debility.

GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

Dress Suits

In the very best style made from latest material and up to date in every respect, by Louis Alexander, formerly of Fifth avenue, New York, importer and tailor, 65 Central street Lowell, Mass.

Coal Hods Given Away.

We have a big lot of coal hods, black and galvanized, all sizes, 15, 16 and 17 inch. We are giving them away with a pound of our Anchor Baking powder at 45c. Dickson Bros., 68 Merrimack street.

Bowling, Billiards, Pool.

Tournaments and prizes at Les Miserables, East Merrimack street.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

CHASING CLEWS

Detectives Find a Hat Belonging to Bryan.

AN INDIANAPOLIS GIRL'S SECRET WANTED

To Solve the Mystery in All Details.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 10.—Detectives from three cities have been busily hunting the missing links in the chain of circumstances by which the story of the murder of Pearl Bryan is to be shaped into perfect evidence.

All search for the head has been fruitless, though made by hundreds of volunteers, along with detectives. A very material addition to the dumb witnesses of the deed was discovered about 6:30 o'clock last night. Two detectives found the girl's hat. In it were a bloody handkerchief and a big stone to keep it from being blown away. It was found in an angle between the Fort Thomas electric railway and the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, near their intersections near Newport, Ky.

The mystery of the whereabouts of the girl on Thursday, Jan. 30, the night before the murder, remains unsolved. From her arrival here on Monday, Jan. 27, up to 11 o'clock Thursday forenoon, her movements have been traced. Then comes a hiatus until 7 o'clock Friday evening, when she was last seen alive. This was at Dave Wallingford's saloon, where she and Jackson were seen, and she drank a glass of mineral water. The rest of the story has been told, barring certain gaps in it which detectives are now trying to fill.

The finding of the hat last night weakens the theory that a cab was used to take the murderers and their victim to Fort Thomas. It looks very much as if they went by the electric railway to Fort Thomas, committed the deed, and then walked back to the city, and finding this hat too conspicuous to be hidden, left it where it would be most likely to be unobserved.

Both Walling and Jackson yesterday repeated their accusations of each other. Jackson was anxious to know the state of public sentiment in regard to them, but would say nothing more than he has already said. Meantime each day brings some new circumstantial revelation. Before another week the whole story will doubtless come out. There is scarcely a doubt that Kentucky will have jurisdiction of the case in the courts.

A Clew From Indianapolis.

A dispatch from Indianapolis says that the Fort Thomas murder mystery is now nearer a solution than it has been since the headless body of Pearl Bryan was found. Lulu May Hollingsworth, one of Pearl Bryan's girl friends, has been boarding at 1 Henry street, and knows a good deal about the tragedy.

Miss Hollingsworth's knowledge of the case was brought to light yesterday through a letter written by Marshal E. Starr of Greencastle. The man who wrote the letter is H. E. Ratcliff, a traveling salesman from Baltimore. He advised Marshal Starr to investigate the matter, and the marshal arrived at Indianapolis yesterday afternoon. Detective Wilson was detailed to assist the marshal. They called on Miss Hollingsworth. She was not inclined to be communicative at first. They then decided to take her to the police headquarters and have her questioned by Superintendent Colbert.

While her story is not complete in detail it shows that she knows a good deal about the death of Miss Bryan. Miss Hollingsworth says that on the afternoon of Jan. 28 she was at the Union station and met Miss Bryan. She had visited in Greencastle, and had become acquainted with Miss Bryan there. After the usual greetings were over, Miss Bryan told her that she was in deep trouble. She explained its nature, and said Jackson was responsible for her condition. She said it would never do for her people to hear of her disgrace, and she was going to Cincinnati to have an abortion performed. She asked Miss Hollingsworth the nature of drugs used in such cases, and Miss Hollingsworth told her what she had heard was good.

At this point in her story, Miss Hollingsworth wavered. She said that certain drugs had been purchased in Indianapolis, and that four drug stores were visited. She would not tell the names of the drugs, but said that whisky formed a large part of the mixture. She said the stuff purchased cost 45 cents. She admitted that the stuff was purchased by a woman. Miss Hollingsworth said she was acquainted with Jackson and Wood, but had never met Walling. The same evening Miss Bryan took a train for Cincinnati. She saw Wood after that. He visited Indianapolis the following Friday, and Miss Hollingsworth was at the depot. Both of them being acquainted with Miss Bryan, they talked about her trouble. Wood was on his way to South Bend, Ind., and left in a short time.

Didn't Tell All.

Miss Hollingsworth's manner of telling her story convinced the officers that she was holding something back. She was subjected to a most rigid examination, and on several occasions she lost her temper. She said she had not heard of the murder until two days ago. She had no idea that it would turn out so bad, and said: "I am positive that Pearl was not murdered."

"Well, how do you know?"

"I know," replied the girl, "but I do not propose to tell."

"Why not?"

"Simply because I do not intend to incriminate myself. There was an occurrence between Jackson, Pearl and myself that, were I to tell of it, would clear up the mystery surrounding her death."

"Why don't you tell it and set the minds of her folks at rest?"

"For this reason. It would incriminate me. However, I do not propose to see these boys hanged, and when the last hope is gone I will tell what I know in order to save their necks. They did not kill Pearl."

"How do you know they did not kill her?"

"Because she died by her own hand. I have a theory. Pearl took the medicine herself. She was in Jackson's room at the time. It had a different effect from what was expected, and she grew so bad that Jackson saw she was going to die. He knew that it would never do to have her die in the house, so he secured a hack, and, assisted by Walling, took her across the river. She may have died on the way, or may have been dead before they got her out of the room, and their object in taking her there was to hide the crime. When near Fort Thomas they cut off her head and disposed of it to avoid identification. See if it don't come out that way."

Later Miss Hollingsworth told the police that she bought for Pearl Bryan three kinds of drugs at Indianapolis, and was instructed to buy another drug after she reached Cincinnati, but to be careful of it, as it was deadly poison and would kill her if not used correctly. Miss Hollingsworth says that Pearl Bryan then said to her: "I will go to Cincinnati and take the stuff, and if it kills me I will be near Jackson, and he will have to swing for it."

Miss Hollingsworth further says that Pearl was very bitter toward Jackson, who, she claimed, was responsible for her condition.

Doctor Looked On.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 10.—The safe at the Georglaville postoffice was blown open early yesterday morning, and the contents consisting of about $100 in postage stamps and money, were taken. The burglars went to Georglaville in a buggy. The sound of the explosion awoke Dr. I. S Cooke, who lives opposite, and he could see the men at work in the office. He telephoned for aid, but before it arrived they had driven toward Woonsocket. The office is a total wreck.

A Religious Streak.

PERRY, O. T., Feb. 10.—At Tonkawa, a small town a few miles north of here, Free Methodists are holding a revival, and it seems the whole town will be turned over to religion. The meeting goes on every day and night. Men and women faint in their enthusiasm, and a man and woman have died while shouting.

Birdie's Suit Begun.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The suit of Birdie Sutherland, a popular ballet girl, against Dudley C. Majoribanks, a lieutenant in the fourth battalion of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, for £20,000 ($100,000) damages for breach of promise of marriage, begun today before Judge Russell and a special jury.

Brothers In Mortal Combat.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—Carl Dahlke and his brother Herman fought a duel to the death with knives last night in the rear of 208 Blackhawk street, the home of their sister, Mrs. Stuy. The affair occurred as the result of a family quarrel.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The State bank of Savannah, Mo., was robbed of $14,500.

The Chinese indemnity fund is to remain in London.

The Habana press is very bitter against the United States.

England appears anxious to arbitrate the Venezuelan dispute.

Judge Allison, for 45 years on the bench at Philadelphia, is dead.

Joseph Shovenor, 6 years old, was drowned at Cranston, R. I.

Edison bought the assets of the North American Phonograph company.

Charles C. Reed of Hyde Park, Mass., committed suicide in a Boston hotel.

A terrific southeasterly gale, accompanied by sleet, is raging at Halifax.

The reported ill-treatment of John Hays Hammond in Pretoria prison is denied.

The Kentucky house petitioned congress to permit a popular election of senator.

Work of the Pro-Armenian alliance is to be extended throughout this country.

Italy and Austria are endeavoring to restore amicable Anglo-German relations.

The Ohio Republican state central committee declared for McKinley for president.

The New York Republican state committee endorsed Governor Morton for the presidency.

Dr. F. B. S. Stephens of Lynn, Mass., aged 35, died of apoplexy. He had been city physician three years.

Fire destroyed the oil and glue works of George J. Tarr & Co. at Gloucester, Mass. The loss will reach $75,000.

Mme. Modjeska, who has been sick at Cincinnati for several weeks, has left to join her company in Chicago.

The packing house of the Tri-City Packing company at Davenport, Ia., was totally destroyed by fire. Loss, $110,000.

The manufactory of the Prescott Piano company at Concord, N. H., was destroyed by fire. The loss on the plant is $45,000.

The Lewiston (Me.) baseball club have received the contracts of Third Baseman Frank Shea and that of Pitcher John Stafford.

Cordelia E. Brown of Hartford committed suicide by shooting himself. Mental worry and ill-health were the cause of the suicide.

Walter Tarbell, aged 21, a brakeman on the Boston and Maine road, fell from the rear of a train at Medford, Mass., and was instantly killed.

The Lynn (Mass.) Boot and Shoe union voted to withdraw from the Knights of Labor and apply for admission to the International union.

William Duncan of Chelsea, Mass., 68 years old, employed caulking a schooner at Boston, fell into the hold of the vessel, and was instantly killed.

Thomas Chambers, county jailer, was found dead in one of the city docks at Halifax. It is supposed he committed suicide. He was about 65 years of age.

The Dominion government steamer Newfield has returned to Halifax from a trip to Sable island. The superintendent reports no wrecks this winter thus far.

The national board of directors of the Travelers' Protective Association of America has decided to hold the national convention at Terre Haute, Ind., June 2 next.

The exports of specie from the port of New York last week amounted to $827,912 in gold and $922,263 in silver. The imports were: Gold, $3,804,371; silver, $10,606.

Henry M. Clinton, who claims to live in New York, and who is under arrest at Hartford for alleged larceny of jewelry, is wanted by the Springfield (Mass.) police.

Albert H. Chadbourne, one of the most prominent hotel men in Connecticut, died at New Haven after a three days' sickness from pneumonia. He was 44 years old.

Brown university athletes have decided to join with those from the University of Pennsylvania to organize an annual mile relay race between teams from the leading American colleges.

Jeremiah Halsey, LL.D., an eminent member of the Connecticut bar, died at Washington. He was an ex-judge of the Norwich (Conn.) court and an ex-member of the legislature. He was 52 years old.

Nathaniel Randall was arrested at Haverhill, Mass., charged with breaking and entering. It is alleged that Randall bound and gagged his uncle and aunt in New Durham, N. H., and stole their pension money.

Appeal From Many Churches.

BUFFALO, Feb. 10.—Nearly all the Protestant churches of this city, with several of the Jewish congregations, united in 25 places of worship last night in simultaneous mass meetings to protest against the Armenian outrages. A uniform resolution was adopted at the several meetings calling on congress and the executive branch of the United States government to take such immediate action as will effectively restrain the Turkish government and subjects from further murder and outrages.

I LIKE MY WIFE TO Use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder because it improves her looks and is as fragrant as violets.

SEVEN DROWNED

The Men Went Down With Schooner.

OFF PLUM ISLAND AT SALISBURY BEACH.

The Alliance's Captain and Two Men Lost.

AMESBURY, Mass., Feb. 10.—Schooner Florida, coal laden, for an eastern port, is a wreck half a mile off Salisbury beach. The Plum Island lifesaving crew reached here last night and attempted to reach the vessel with a line for the breeches buoy. Seven men were seen in the rigging when she came ashore yesterday afternoon.

The Florida went to pieces at 10 o'clock last night, when the masts gave way, letting the seven occupants into the sea. Two of the bodies were washed ashore. The lifesaving crew could do nothing, as no boat could stand the sea. The vessel hailed from Belfast, Me. She struck the sandbed, near where the schooner Jennie M. Carter was wrecked a year ago, in a treacherous spot.

Big bonfires were built on the beach and attempts made by fishermen to reach the fated schooner. Bombs with lines attached, thrown by lifesaving crew, were not caught by the sailors on the Florida, who were in a benumbed condition. Five of them were on the mizzenmast, one on the mainmast and the other on the bowsprit. During the evening hatches and portions of the Florida's boats came ashore. A portion of the lifesaving crew will patrol the beach on watch for other bodies. Several hundred people saw the wreck go to pieces.

The lifesavers made a gallant effort at rescue. The hardy fellows pushed their lifeboat out into the towering breakers, and, manning the oars, pulled with zeal to make way, but their effort was futile. The boat was caught in the trough of the sea, was overturned, and their attempt to go to the schooner had to be abandoned.

In the meantime, during all that long wait, almost an eternity to the poor fellows in their perilous place in the rigging, with death awaiting them on all sides, they could be seen. What their feelings were as they saw darkness settling may readily be conjectured.

Lifted by the surging sea and moved by the gale, the vessel had been slowly forced farther toward the shore. Then the lifesavers made an effort to save the imprisoned and imperilled crew. They made her position as best their trained eyes and ears could place her, and fired the lifeline. Experience told them that they had reached her, but that was the only result attained.

Either the men had already succumbed to their fearful sufferings or had become so benumbed with cold that they could do nothing to make the lines fast, and the lifesavers were forced to abandon their efforts to save.

In the meanwhile the seething, foaming and battering sea had been at its work breaking and tearing at the vessel's side. At 10 o'clock she was rapidly becoming a mass of broken planks and splinters, and her masts had gone by the board. Another sea grave had received its victims.

Wreck of the Alliance.

The three masted schooner Alliance, which left New York last Sunday, went ashore on Plum island last night, and was stove to fragments, four of the crew being saved and three drowned. The survivors are foreigners, and particulars are not understood.

The schooner had 400 tons of coal for St. John, N. B., and was commanded by Captain Mellons. She sailed from New York, and reached Edgartown, where she rode out Friday's gale, and made Cape Cod yesterday afternoon. The captain kept off shore in the teeth of a streaky northeast gale, but he soon heard the whistling buoy and sighted Plum island light. Before they realized it the schooner struck, floated and was driven a mile up the beach through the breakers. She struck head on, the spars came out and she went to pieces.

The lost are: Captain Mellons of St. John, N. B., 30 years, unmarried; John Reed, Calais, Me., age 26; Andrew ——, cook, of Spring Hill, N. S., 40 years. The wreckage is being searched for bodies.

Went to the Bottom.

GREENPORT, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Schooner Scudder left New York for the east with a cargo of coal. All went well until the channel between Plum gut and Orient point was reached. The currents carried the vessel along, dragging her anchors, and she was brought up against the rocks of Orient point. Captain Raynor and his men had hardly gotten away from the schooner when the rocks had pounded a hole in her bottom, and she went down in 10 feet of water.

Crew Narrowly Escaped Death.

CEDAR KEYS, Fla., Feb. 10.—Schooner John W. Foster, with a cargo of lumber, was burned 100 miles west of here. The ship and cargo are a total loss. The captain and crew of seven men left the vessel in an open yawl and were afterward capsized. They managed to get on the bottom of the boat, where they remained for 58 hours before being picked up by the Bessie Wish and landed here.

Last of the Stella.

HAMPTON, N. H., Feb. 10.—The schooner Stella, coal laden, went ashore below Rye beach last night during the gale, and is a total loss. The crew of seven men were saved.

Will the Promise Be Kept?

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 10.—The porte has communicated to the embassies of the powers its reply to the proposals of the Zeitounlis of their conditions of surrender. It is stated that the porte promises a satisfactory settlement.

Spaniards Won, of Course.

MADRID, Feb. 10.—Colonel Segrua, according to advices received from Habana, routed 4000 insurgents in the province of Pinar del Rio, killing 80 of them. The Spanish loss was seven killed.

Harvard TONIC PILLS
A Positive Cure For All Nervous and Kidney Diseases

DIARIES FOR 1896.
All Sizes, all Prices. New Year's Gifts in endless variety.
Merrimack House Block CAMBRIDGE, City Hall Square

NEW BACKS, FOR OLD

No Fairy Tale About This—Only Solid Facts.

We're doing it every day in Lowell.

It's our business.

All new backs we furnish are satisfactory, too.

Marvellous, isn't it?

Not so much so when you know who we are.

We're Doan's Kidney Pills.

Don't surprise you so much now.

You know they always do their work.

And their work is making new backs out of old.

Old backs ache.

That is, they seem to ache.

It's the kidneys that ache.

And the back does the talking.

Back ache is not all there is of kidney disease.

It's only the starter, so to speak.

Urinary troubles follow thick and fast.

Excessive urine—very common complaint.

Sediment in urine—getting worse.

High color and pain in passing—worse still.

Diabetes—Bright's Disease—Death—that's the end.

Trade that old back for a new one now.

Don't wait for all coming horrors.

Doan's Kidney Pills make the old back new.

Ask any Lowell citizen—here are a few:

Mark Walsh, 128 Central street.
Mrs. Chas. Slowey, 641 Market street.
G. S. Emerson, 512 Westford street.
H. Doyle, 1415 Middlesex street.
Mrs. Mary Traynor, 28 Pearl Street.
Mrs. S. A. Lewis, 82 Grand street.
Martin Canning, 9 Whiting street.
Thos. Burke, 12 Garnet street.
H. E. Richardson, Dexter's grocery.
F. D. Sawyer, 118 Walker street.
Mrs. Knowles, 46 Cross street.
Mrs. F. Warburton, 70 Elm street.
J. W. Mevis, 448 Riverside street.
Mrs. Mary Gard, 4 Noble's court.
W. S. Richardson, 63 Royal street.
R. J. Gilmour, 54 Jenness street.
F. Zeseweitz, 150 Dummer street.
Clarence Wilman, Carpet Mills.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S.

A HAVERHILL MYSTERY

HOW THOMAS O'HEARN'S SKULL WAS BROKEN.

Foul Play is Suspected and the Assailant is Wanted.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Feb. 10.—Thomas A'Herne was found dead in the yard of Dr. Hugh Donahue yesterday noon, lying in a pool of blood with a fractured skull. A'Herne lived in the house of Mrs. Collins, on Locke street, and had entertained a man named O'Brien, Saturday night, in his room. They indulged in liquor, but yesterday morning A'Herne was seen about his room as usual by Mrs. Collins. Half an hour later she saw his body lying beside the fence in the adjoining yard. No disturbance was heard about the house, and there is no sign of any struggle in the hallway or in the snow where he was found. The body was found directly under the window of his room, but not in a position to which he could have jumped, and as his room is on the first floor, it is inconceivable how such a fall could have produced death.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Merrimacks number two defeated the Glenmores on Les Miserables' alleys Saturday evening by the following totals:

Merrimacks No. 2—F. Marren 463, Harrington 422, Healy 420, Carr 421, Midgley 444; total 2170.

Glenmores—W. Leith 400, Ashworth 346, Clark 377, Gregory 384, Willis 409; total 1916.

The Firemen Won.

On the firemen's alleys Saturday night Team One of the Central station defeated the Wholesale Grocers by 130 pins. Captain Merrill did not bowl. Dearth was high man with 534 and Shaw, Howes and McCormick were also above 500. The score:

Team 1, Central station—Brainard 486, Harris 464, Dearth 534, Halstead 455, McCormick 507; total 2443.

Wholesale Grocers—Howes 503, Pressey 412, F. M. Bill 449, Shaw 514, McCarty 435; total 2313.

THAT NEW THEATRE.

"The Savoy" to Be Opened a Week From Today.

One week from today the new Savoy theatre will be opened for the first time.

The proprietors have designed that it shall not enter the field now occupied but that it will fill a want with the Lowell public that its performances shall be of a different class.

The theatre will be much on the plan of Keith's in Boston. There will be an afternoon performance and the prices will be popular.

The scenery is being prepared in New York by special artists and will be the best of its kind. Three performances will be given daily; one in the afternoon and two in the evening.

BOARD OF TRADE MEETING

The Fight Over the Secretaryship May be Renewed.

The regular meeting of the board of trade is to be held tomorrow evening. A president will probably be elected, and Mr. Charles H. Coburn, who has before served the organization very efficiently in the position, is prominently mentioned.

The contest over the secretaryship of the board is likely to be renewed, and in connection with this matter, an interesting discussion is expected.

A Panther in Westford.

The people who live in Westford near the Acton line say that the cry of a panther has been heard in the woods of nights lately. Some think it may have been a nightmare.

Notice of Meeting.

LOWELL, Feb. 10th, 1896.

All members of the Bricklayer's union are requested to be present at a special meeting to be held at their hall, Middle street, tomorrow evening, (Tuesday, Feb. 11,) as business of importance is to come before the meeting. Per order,

CHAS. STANLEY, Cor. Sec.

MR. EDISON'S IDEA

He Discovers Light to Penetrate Steel.

A NEW APPLICATION OF CATHODE RAYS.

He Will be Able to Photograph the Brain.

ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 10.—Thomas A. Edison has made a discovery which he thinks is second in importance only to the discovery by Professor Roentgen himself. The wizard of Menlo park obtained with a Crookes tube of his own manufacture a "light" which penetrates steel. That, so far as is known here, has not been accomplished before. The steel penetrated was one-eighth of an inch thick, and the "light," which is what Mr. Edison describes as "a pure blue fluorescence," penetrated the steel to such an extent as to leave the negative upon which the photograph was made perfectly black. Just how this more perfect force works, Mr. Edison does not know yet. He encountered a series of phenomena in his experiments, and he and his men are busy running down the things which they discovered.

THOMAS A. EDISON.

It was while he was experimenting to get a light which would penetrate the skull and photograph the brain that he came across the other. He had his glassblower making Crookes tubes out of ordinary incandescent light bulbs. Vacuums of different degrees were created in the different tubes, which, by the way, were made complete in nine minutes, and at a total cost of about 50 cents each.

Edison, in relating it, said he did not know just what degree of vacuum it was which produced the blue fluorescence. He did not measure it. The fact of the matter was they were all so much in a hurry and so enthusiastic in the laboratory that they did not stop for the details, which could be ascertained easily enough after the first rush was over.

Waller's Release Probable.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Early last December congress called for the correspondence that the state department had had in reference to the Waller case, but so far no response has been made by the executive. It is believed that the delay has been caused by a desire of the state department to practically close up the incident before making it a subject of reply, and as it is now expected that the correspondence will be sent in very soon, it is consequently assumed that some satisfactory understanding has been reached with the French government by which the way has been opened for the release of the prisoner.

Will the Fights Come Off?

CHIHUAHUA, Mex., Feb. 10.—Governor Ahulaha of the state of Chihuahua has taken decisive steps toward preventing the proposed pugilistic carnival taking place within the confines of this state. He has issued orders for 1000 troops to proceed to the border and patrol the city of Juarez and adjacent territory during the days on which the fights are scheduled to occur. The governor has also addressed a letter to the principals and managers of the fights, informing them that they will positively not be allowed to trespass upon Mexican soil if any pugilistic encounters are contemplated.

For Monroe Principles.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—A national semi-military organization has been formed here by General M. A. Dillon, founder of the Union Veterans' union and the Medal of Honor Legion. The organization is called the Oriental Order of Zouaves, and its principal objects are to cultivate among citizens of all classes and ages a strong spirit of Americanism, with a special view to rigid enforcement of the Monroe doctrine.

Keeping Under Cover.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., Feb. 10.—Will Wood, a suspected accomplice in the Pearl Bryan murder and released on $5000 bail, reached here late Friday night and was kept in hiding. Excitement became so intense that friends of his father, presiding elder of the M. E. church of this district, warned him that his son was in danger of being lynched. He and the young man hurriedly left the city.

Printing Contracts Awarded.

The committee on printing Saturday awarded the contract for paper for the city documents to Jordan & Co., of Boston at 4 cents a pound. The former price was 4 1-2 cents.

John Barnes was given the contract for 400 red books. The News job print bid 78 cents a page for the auditor's report and received the contract.

Biliousness
Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache, insomina, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Hood's Pills

All Styles RUBBERS Best Quality
BYAM'S FAMILY SHOE STORE,
62 Central and 63 Prescott Streets. We need not mention prices, as ours are always the lowest.

G. C. TAYLOR & CO.
Successors to Cook, Taylor & Co.,
98 Merrimack Street.
CLOAKS, CAPES
And Separate Skirts
For MONDAY And TUESDAY,
At Bargain Prices

The Lowest Prices ever given by any house in New England. This is the last call on Winter Goods. Prices Slaughtered, goods ALMOST GIVEN AWAY.

25 Wool Seal Capes, Martin trimmed, extra quality, only $8.75 each, have been sold for $22.50.

50 Heavy Boucle Jackets, $6.75, down from $13.50.

25 Special Fine Boucle Persian Silk Lined, extra quality, $12.50, down from $22.50.

20 Fine Coney Capes, extra quality and length, $4.75, down from $11.

Special reductions on SEPARATE SKIRTS. 50 Heavy Corded Black Wool Skirts, our own make, $3.10, down from $5.

Our line of SEPARATE SKIRTS is ahead of anything ever shown in Lowell.

Call and See Them.

G. C. Taylor & Co.

O'Donnell & Gilbride

IT WILL PAY THRIFTY HOUSEKEEPERS TO ATTEND OUR
Special Sale OF KITCHEN FURNISHINGS
Which opens in our Basement this morning. When you see and handle the goods in question you will readily perceive them to be worth about double our selling price, and yet a trade caprice enables us to fix these low prices.

4c. Will Buy Decorated Pint Bowls and Japanese Bud Vases.
5c. Will Buy 7 Dozen Clothes Pins or Decorated 1 1-2 Pint Bowls.
6c. Will Buy 2 1-2 quart Handled Sauce Pans, or one lot of Collanders, sold to date 10c.
7c. Will Buy Decorated Quart Bowls, or a Nice Brush Broom, sold to date, 15c.
8c. Will Buy French Porcelain Oyster Bowls, footed and Blue Gold Striped, or 4 Quart Handled Sauce Pans, or 7 inch White Opal Lamp Shades.
9c. Will Buy 1-2 Gallon Oil Cans, sold to date 15c.
10c. Will Buy Glass Nappies, worth 25 to 35c each. Tin Tea Pots, sold to date for 25c., one lot of Clothes Lines, sold to date at 18c each.
11c. Will Buy 5 qt. Handled Sauce Pans, or 1 Gallon Oil Cans.
13c. Will Buy White Opal Gas Globes, or 6 qt. Handled Sauce Pans.
14c. Will Buy Dinner Pails sold to date at 25c.
15c. Will Buy Rockingham Fire-Proof Stewing Kettles, 2 qt. size.
17c. Will Buy China Moustache Cups and Saucers, or Japanned Coal Hods, sold regularly at 29c.
21c. Will Buy 17 qt. Dish Pans, made of heavy tin.
23c. Will Buy Galvanized Oil Cans.
25c. Will Buy Chamber Pails, or Glass Oil Cans.
29c. Will Buy your choice of a lot of Covered Roasting Pans.
39c. Will Buy Fancy Colored Glass Globes, sold regularly at 45 to 98c.
79c. Will Buy your choice of a lot of Sewing Tables, regular price $1.25.
$1.69 Will Buy Edward Miller Table Lamps (nickel) complete with 10 inch shade.
$1.98 Will Buy Maddocks & Sons' Semi-porcelain Toilet Sets, regular price $3.